



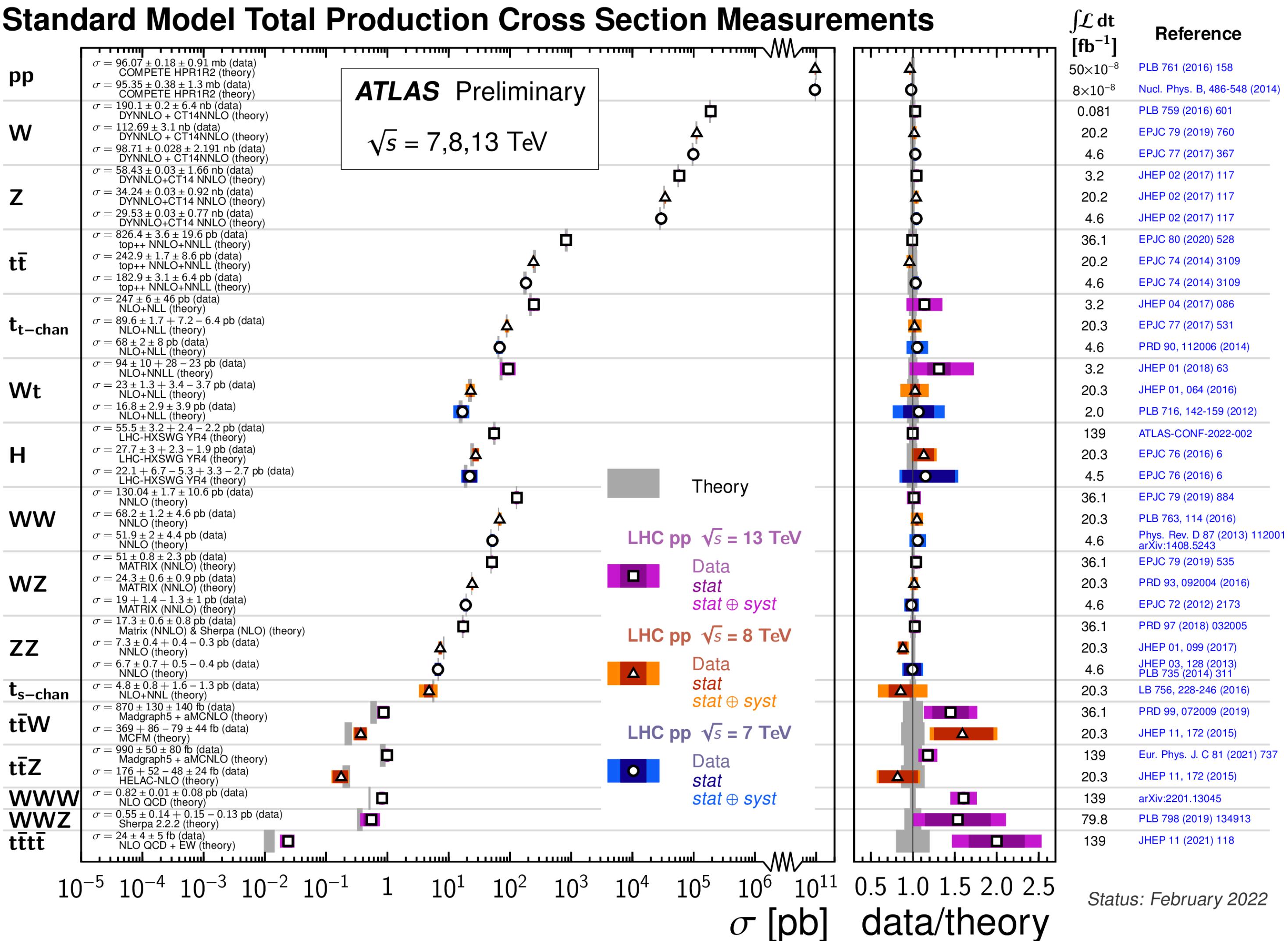
# Combining NNLO QCD and NLO EW corrections matched to parton showers for WZ production using MiNNLOps

Based on [2208.12660] J. Lindert, D. Lombardi, M. Wiesemann, G. Zanderighi, S.Z.

# Multiboson production



- Fundamental for testing the **gauge structure** of the EW sector and its interplay with the scalar sector.
- **Access to triple/quartic gauge couplings**, which may be modified by new-physics effects.

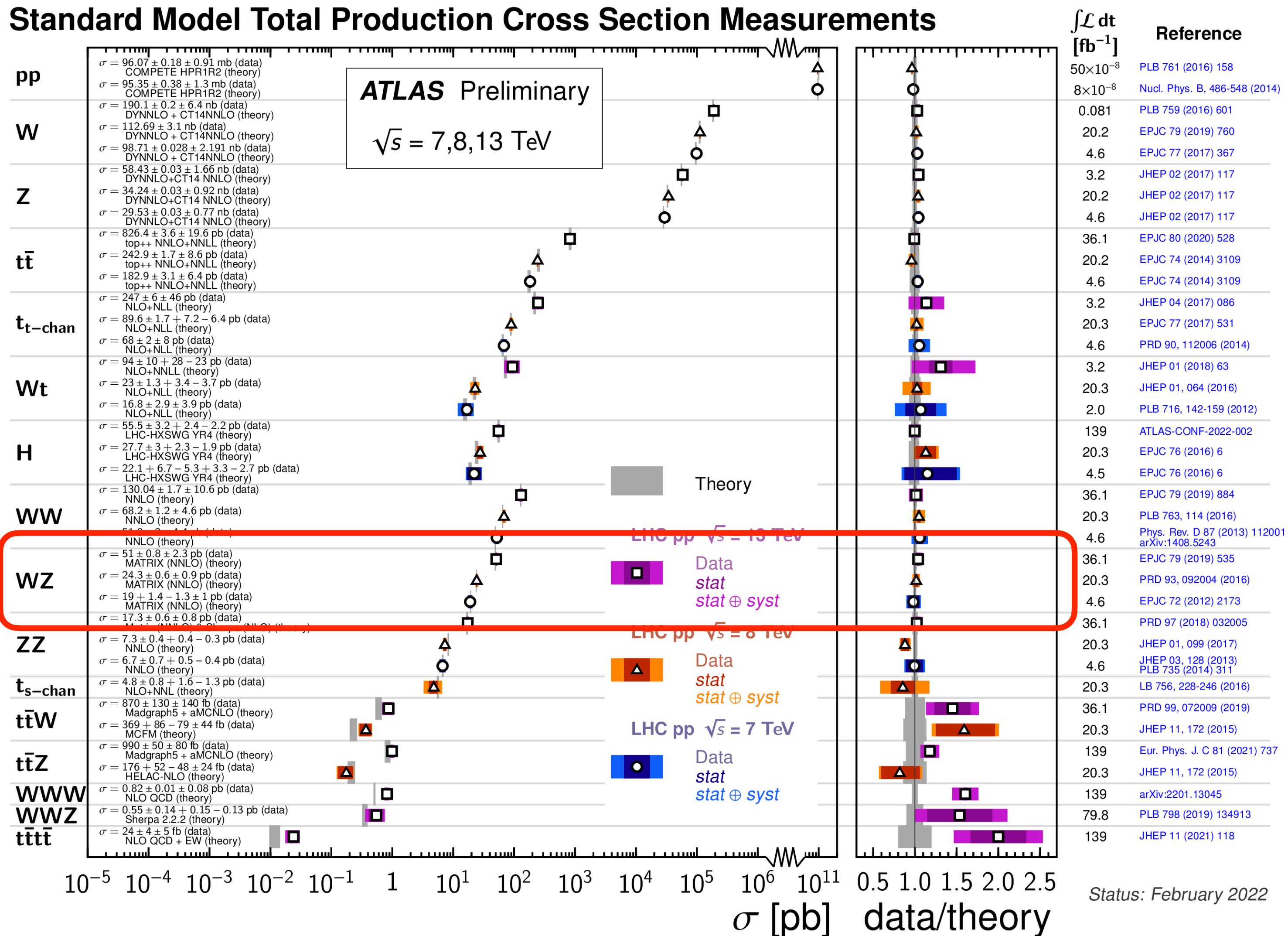


# WZ production

**WZ production is particularly interesting** both for the large cross section and the clean experimental signature (we consider the fully leptonic decay channel).

$$pp \rightarrow l'^{\pm} \nu_l l^+ l^- + X$$

NNLO(QCD)+PS and NLO(EW)+PS



## CURRENT STATE OF THE ART:

NLO EW calculation

[Bierweiler, Kasprzik, Kühn (2013), Baglio, Ninh, Weber (2013)]  
[Biedermann, Denner, Hofer (2017)]

NNLO QCD calculation

[Grazzini, Kallweit, Rathlev, Wiesemann (2016), (2017)]

NLO QCD + NLO EW matched to Parton Showers

[Chiesa, Oleari, Re (2020)]

NNLO QCD + NLO EW combination

[Grazzini, Kallweit, Lindert, Pozzorini, Wiesemann (2020)]

## THIS TALK:

- NNLO+PS (QCD) calculation using MiNNLO<sub>PS</sub>
- Combination of NNLO+PS (QCD) with NLO+PS (EW) computations

# NNLO+PS accuracy



- MiNLO' + reweighting [Hamilton, Nason, Zanderighi '12]
- Geneva [Alioli, Bauer, Berggren, Tackmann, Walsh, Zuberi '13, + subsequent papers]
- UNNLOPS [Höche, Prestel '14]



- No computationally intense reweighting
- No unphysical merging scale
- LL accuracy of the shower preserved
- Numerically efficient

[Monni, Nason, Re, Wisemann, Zanderighi '19]



$$d\sigma^{POW} = \bar{B}(\Phi_n) d\Phi_n \left\{ \Delta(\Phi_n, \Lambda) + \Delta(\Phi_n, p_T) \frac{R(\Phi_n, \Phi_r)}{B(\Phi_n)} d\Phi_r \right\}$$

**FO calculation at NLO**

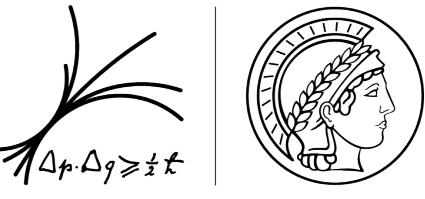
$\bar{B}(\Phi_n) = B(\Phi_n) + V(\Phi_n) + \int d\Phi_r [R(\Phi_{n+1}) - C(\Phi_{n+1})]$

**POWHEG Sudakov for the emission of the first (hardest) radiation**

$\Delta(\Phi_n, p_T) = \exp \left\{ - \int d\Phi'_r \frac{R(\Phi_n, \Phi'_r)}{B(\Phi_n)} \Theta(p'_T - p_T) \right\}$

	F	F+J	F+JJ
<b>F@POWHEG</b>	NLO	LO	LL

**pt-veto** on subsequent emissions generated by the shower

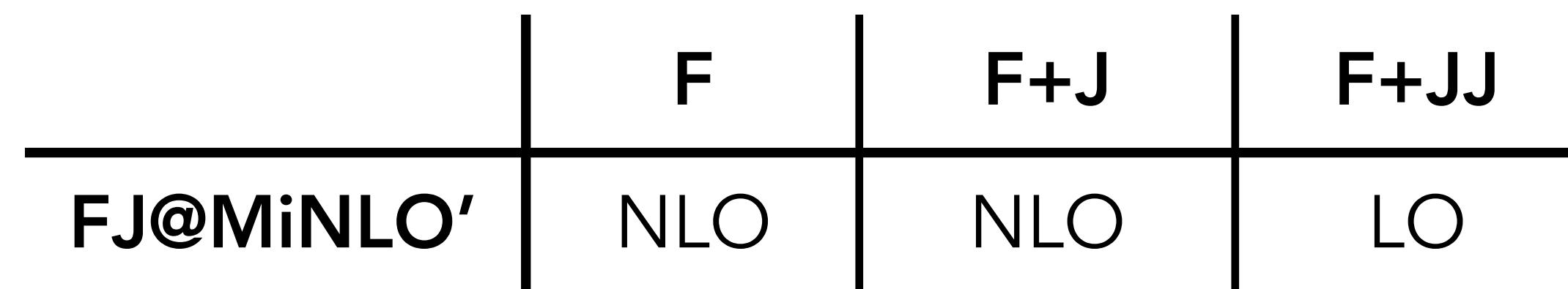


$$\bar{B}(\Phi_n) = e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \left( B(\Phi_n)(1 + \alpha_s(p_T)[\tilde{S}]^{(1)}) + V(\Phi_n) + \int d\Phi_r [R(\Phi_{n+1}) - C(\Phi_{n+1})] \right)$$

$$\tilde{S}(p_T) = \int_{p_t^2}^{Q^2} \frac{dq^2}{q^2} \left[ A(\alpha_s(q^2)) \log \frac{Q^2}{q^2} + B(\alpha_s(q^2)) \right]$$

$$A = \sum_{k=1}^2 \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \right)^k A^{(k)}, \quad B = \sum_{k=1}^2 \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \right)^k B^{(k)}$$

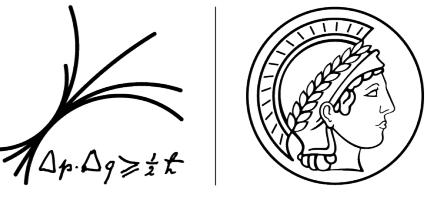
- **Finite result** for F+J production when the **jet is unresolved**
- Prescription in the **choice of the scales**  $\mu_R$  and  $\mu_F$  ( $\mu_R = \mu_F \sim p_T$ )
- **NLO** accuracy for observables inclusive in F and F+J





$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Phi_F dp_T} = \frac{d}{dp_T} \left\{ e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \mathcal{L}(p_T) \right\} + R_f(p_T) = e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \left[ D(p_T) + \frac{R_f(p_T)}{e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)}} \right] = \dots =$$

$D(p_T) \equiv -\frac{d\tilde{S}(p_T)}{dp_T} \mathcal{L}(p_T) + \frac{d\mathcal{L}(p_T)}{dp_T}$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & D(p_T) \equiv -\frac{d\tilde{S}(p_T)}{dp_T} \mathcal{L}(p_T) + \frac{d\mathcal{L}(p_T)}{dp_T} \\
 & \frac{d\sigma}{d\Phi_F dp_T} = \frac{d}{dp_T} \left\{ e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \mathcal{L}(p_T) \right\} + R_f(p_T) = e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \left[ D(p_T) + \frac{R_f(p_T)}{e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)}} \right] = \dots = \\
 & = e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_s(p_T)}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{d\sigma_{FJ}}{d\Phi_{FJ} dp_T} \right]^{(1)} \left( 1 + \frac{\alpha_s(p_T)}{2\pi} [\tilde{S}]^{(1)} \right) + \left( \frac{\alpha_s(p_T)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \left[ \frac{d\sigma_{FJ}}{d\Phi_{FJ} dp_T} \right]^{(2)} + \left( D(p_T) - D^{(1)}(p_T) - D^{(2)}(p_T) \right) + reg \right\} \\
 & \int \frac{dp_T}{p_T} \alpha_s^m(p_T) \ln^n \frac{p_T}{Q} e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \approx \mathcal{O}\left(\alpha_s^{m-\frac{n+1}{2}}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{d\sigma}{d\Phi_F dp_T} &= \frac{d}{dp_T} \left\{ e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \mathcal{L}(p_T) \right\} + R_f(p_T) = e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \left[ D(p_T) + \frac{R_f(p_T)}{e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)}} \right] = \dots = \\
 &= e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_s(p_T)}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{d\sigma_{FJ}}{d\Phi_{FJ} dp_T} \right]^{(1)} \left( 1 + \frac{\alpha_s(p_T)}{2\pi} [\tilde{S}]^{(1)} \right) + \left( \frac{\alpha_s(p_T)}{2\pi} \right)^2 \left[ \frac{d\sigma_{FJ}}{d\Phi_{FJ} dp_T} \right]^{(2)} + \left( D(p_T) - D^{(1)}(p_T) - D^{(2)}(p_T) \right) + \text{reg} \right\} \\
 &\quad \xrightarrow{\text{D}(p_T) \equiv -\frac{d\tilde{S}(p_T)}{dp_T} \mathcal{L}(p_T) + \frac{d\mathcal{L}(p_T)}{dp_T}}
 \end{aligned}$$

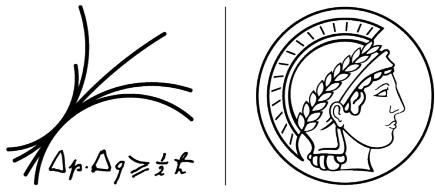
$$\int \frac{dp_T}{p_T} \alpha_s^m(p_T) \ln^n \frac{p_T}{Q} e^{-\tilde{S}(p_T)} \approx \mathcal{O}\left(\alpha_s^{m-\frac{n+1}{2}}\right)$$

Calculation embedded  
in POWHEG

$$d\sigma_F^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} = d\Phi_{\text{FJ}} \bar{B}^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} \times \left\{ \Delta_{\text{pwg}}(\Lambda_{\text{pwg}}) + \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}} \Delta_{\text{pwg}}(p_{T,\text{rad}}) \frac{R_{\text{FJ}}}{B_{\text{FJ}}} \right\}$$

$$\bar{B}^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} \sim e^{-S} \left\{ d\sigma_{\text{FJ}}^{(1)} (1 + S^{(1)}) + d\sigma_{\text{FJ}}^{(2)} + (D - D^{(1)} - D^{(2)}) \right\}$$

Simplified notation!



## 1. EVENT GENERATION:

1. generation of NNLO<sub>QCD</sub>+PS results using MiNNLO<sub>PS</sub>
2. generation of NLO<sub>EW</sub>+PS results using POWHEG

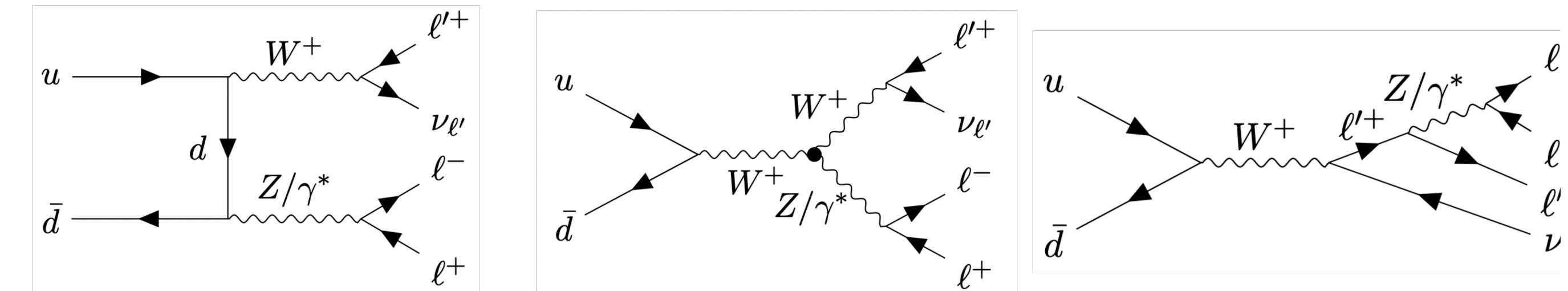
## 2. APPLICATION OF THE SHOWER:

non trivial treatment, dedicated veto procedure is needed

## 3. A-POSTERIORI RECOMBINATION:

different possible matching schemes for QCD and EW corrections

$$pp \rightarrow l'^{\pm} \nu_{l'} l^+ l^- + X$$



## 1) Generation of NNLO<sub>QCD</sub>+PS results using MiNNLO<sub>PS</sub>

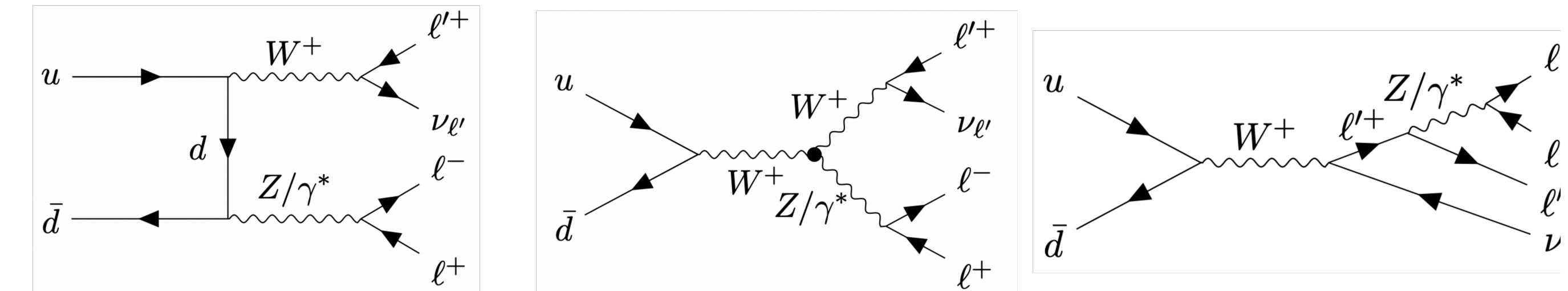
$$d\sigma_F^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} = d\Phi_{\text{FJ}} \bar{B}^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} \times \left\{ \Delta_{\text{pwg}}(\Lambda_{\text{pwg}}) + \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}} \Delta_{\text{pwg}}(p_{\text{T,rad}}) \frac{R_{\text{FJ}}}{B_{\text{FJ}}} \right\}$$

$$\bar{B}^{\text{MiNNLO}_{\text{PS}}} \sim e^{-S} \left\{ d\sigma_{\text{FJ}}^{(1)} (1 + S^{(1)}) + d\sigma_{\text{FJ}}^{(2)} + (D - D^{(1)} - D^{(2)}) \right\}$$

- Up to order  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^4 \alpha_s^2)$ .
- No loop-induced gluon-fusion contributions.
- Important NNLO corrections (10-15%), due to radiation zero effect at LO (= vanishing of the leading helicity amplitudes in some kinematic regions).



$$pp \rightarrow l'^{\pm} \nu_{l'} l^+ l^- + X$$



## 2) Generation of NLO<sub>EW</sub>+PS results using POWHEG

$$d\sigma_F^{pwg} = d\Phi_F \bar{B}^{pwg} \times \left\{ \Delta_{pwg}(\Lambda_{pwg}) + \int d\Phi_{rad} \Delta_{pwg}(p_{T,rad}) \frac{R_F}{B_F} \right\}$$

$$\bar{B}^{pwg} = d\sigma_F^{(1)} + d\sigma_F^{(2)}$$

- Up to order  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^5)$ .
- Real radiation corresponds to photon radiation.
- No photon-photon contribution at this order.
- Photon-quark contributions are not considered (formally, they are  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6 L)$ ).



We let the QCD and/or QED showers radiate in whole the phase space and then we apply the following **veto procedure**:

## NNLO<sub>QCD+PS</sub> :

- **QCD** shower is **restricted** by the transverse momentum of the hardest QCD emission generated at Les Houches level (as commonly done in POWHEG).
- **QED** shower is **unconstrained**.

## NLO<sub>EW+PS</sub> :

- **QCD** shower is **unconstrained**.
- **QED** shower is **restricted** by the transverse momentum of the hardest QED emission generated at Les Houches level (POWHEG multiple-radiation scheme → **three different starting scales** for ISR, FSR from W decay, FSR from Z decay).

## ADDITIVE SCHEME

$$\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}} - \text{LO}$$

$$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^4), \mathcal{O}(\alpha^4\alpha_s), \mathcal{O}(\alpha^4\alpha_s^2), \mathcal{O}(\alpha^5)$$

## MULTIPLICATIVE SCHEME

$$\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}/\text{LO}$$

$$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^4), \mathcal{O}(\alpha^4\alpha_s), \mathcal{O}(\alpha^4\alpha_s^2), \mathcal{O}(\alpha^5), \mathcal{O}(\alpha^5\alpha_s), \mathcal{O}(\alpha^5\alpha_s^2)$$

- The **multiplicative scheme is preferable** in the high energy limit, where EW Sudakov-logs are dominant and dominant QCD effects arise at scales below the hard scale. → **QCD factorizes**.
- This assumption is **violated when giant K-factors are present** (= hard vector-boson+jet topologies, with a soft second vector boson).
- The **average** of the two schemes can give a **pragmatic estimate** in these regions.

# NNLO<sub>QCD</sub>+PS and NLO<sub>EW</sub>+PS combinations

MAX PLANCK INSTITUTE  
FOR PHYSICS



- ADDITIVE:**
1.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} = \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD+EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  2.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  3.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$

- MULTIPLICATIVE:**
4.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} = \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}\times\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  5.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  6.  $\text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$
  7.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{\text{f.o.}} / \text{LO}^{\text{f.o.}}$

## NOTATION:

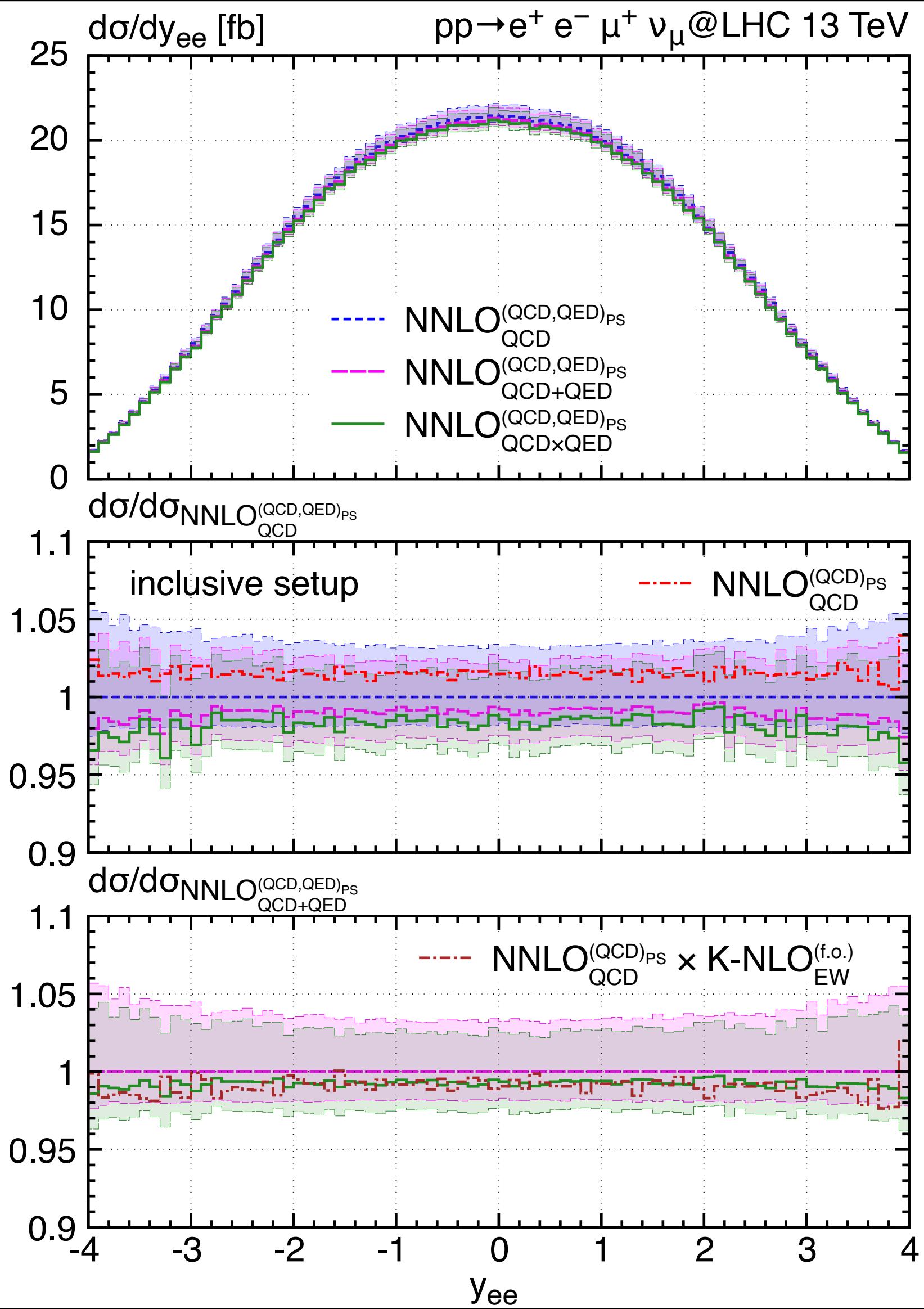
$$(\text{N})\text{NLO}_X^{(Y)_{\text{PS}}}$$

X = QCD, EW calculation

Y = QCD, QED showers (PY8)

# Phenomenological results (1)

Rapidity of  
the Z boson  
- inclusive setup

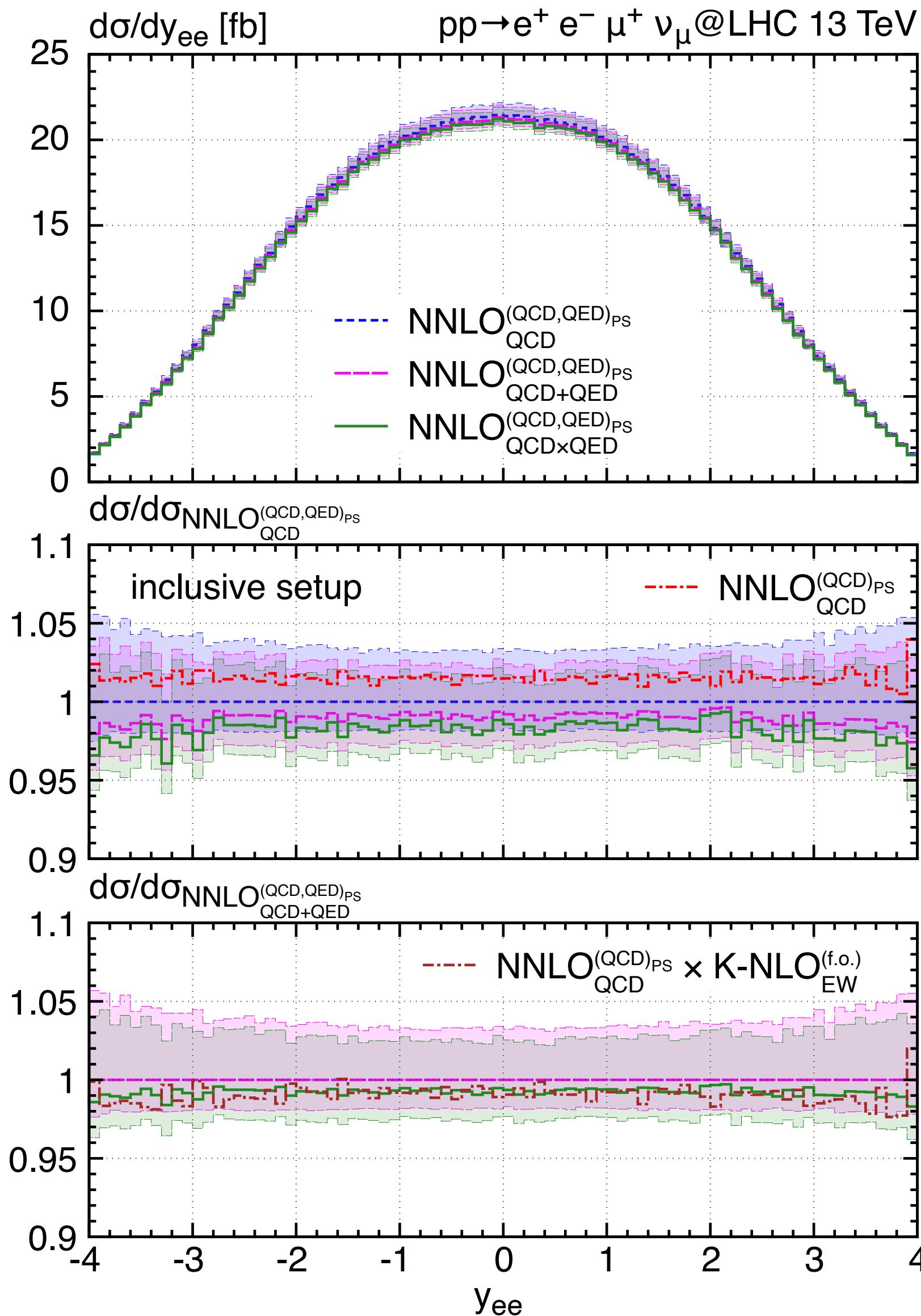


- $NNLO^{(QCD,QED)}_{QCD} PS$
- $NNLO^{(QCD,QED)}_{QCD+EW} PS$
- $NNLO^{(QCD,QED)}_{QCD\times EW} PS$
- $NNLO^{(QCD)}_{QCD} PS$
- $NNLO^{(QCD)}_{QCD} PS \times K^{f.o.}_{EW}$

# Phenomenological results (1)

## Rapidity of the Z boson - inclusive setup

- Almost no shape effect
- EW corrections are -3%
- Additive ● and multiplicative ● schemes are almost identical
- Fixed-order K-factor ● is in excellent agreement → effects of secondary photon emissions are negligible for this observable



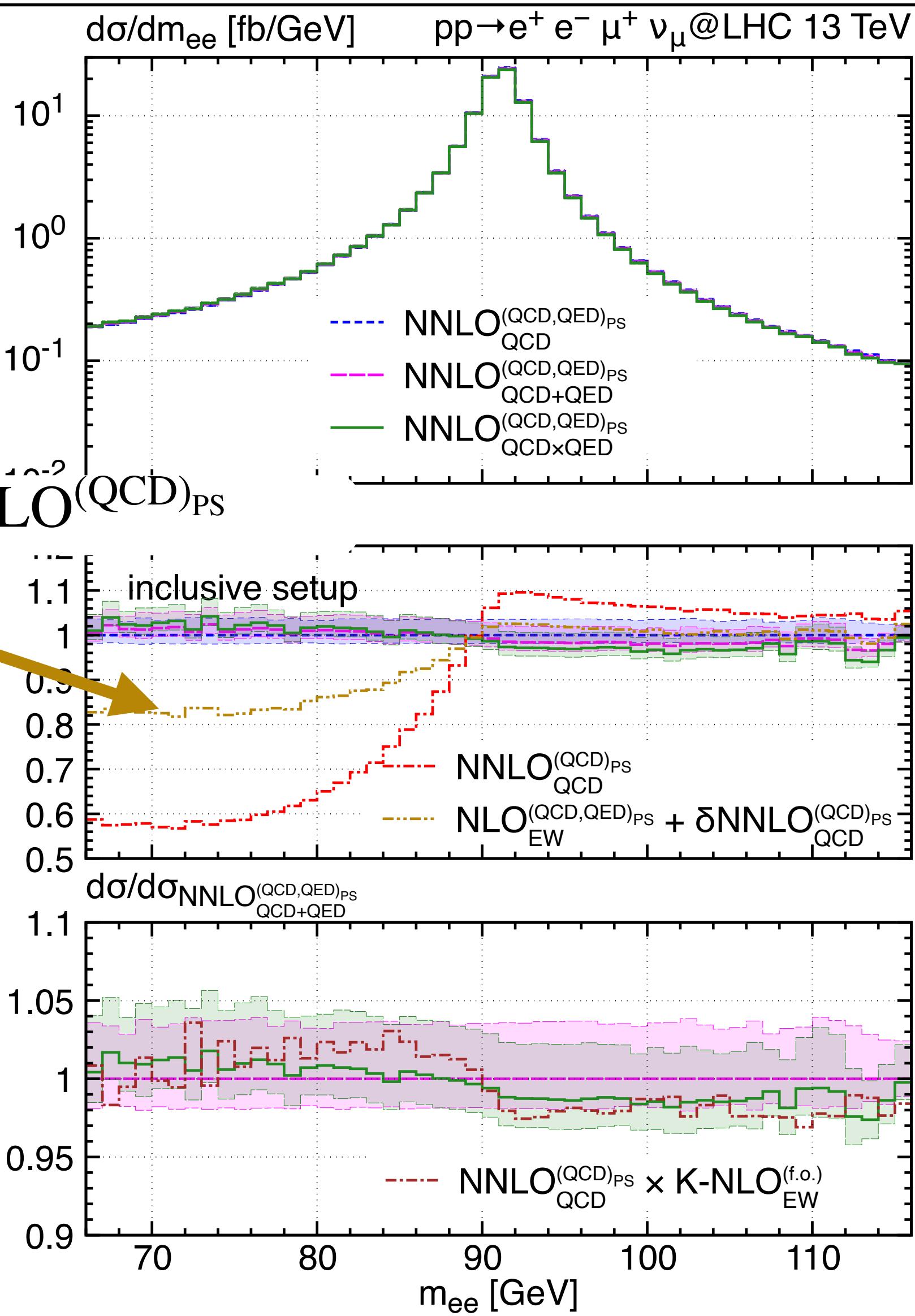
## LEGEND:

- $NNLO^{(QCD,QED)_{PS}}_{QCD}$
- $NNLO^{(QCD,QED)_{PS}}_{QCD+EW}$
- $NNLO^{(QCD,QED)_{PS}}_{QCD\times EW}$
- $NNLO^{(QCD)_{PS}}_{QCD}$
- $NNLO^{(QCD)_{PS}}_{QCD} \times K^{f.o.}_{EW}$

# Phenomenological results (2)

Invariant mass of  
the Z boson  
- inclusive setup

●  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$

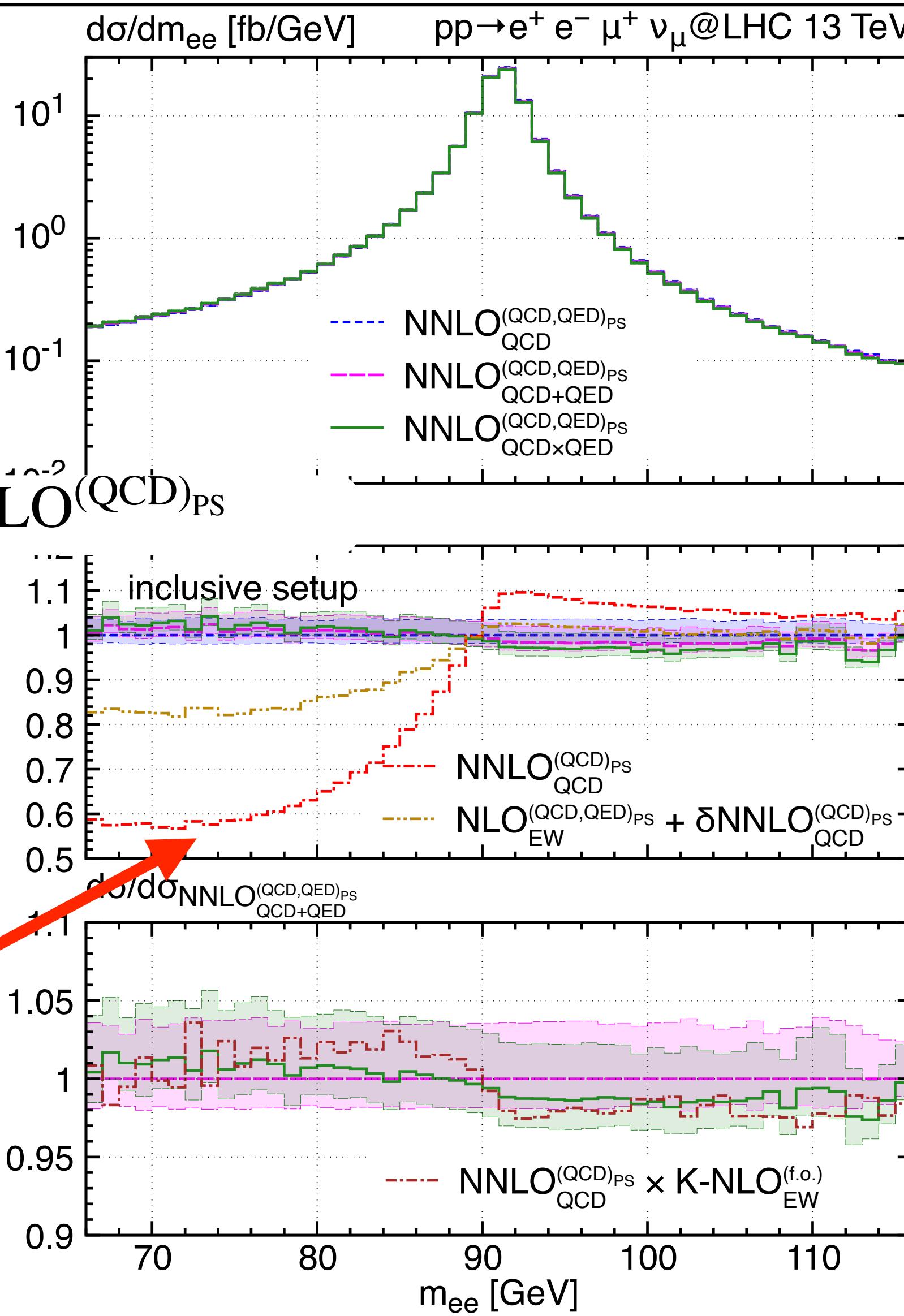


# Phenomenological results (2)



## Invariant mass of the Z boson - inclusive setup

●  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$



Large effects from collinear  
QED radiations (~40%), which  
are absent in ●

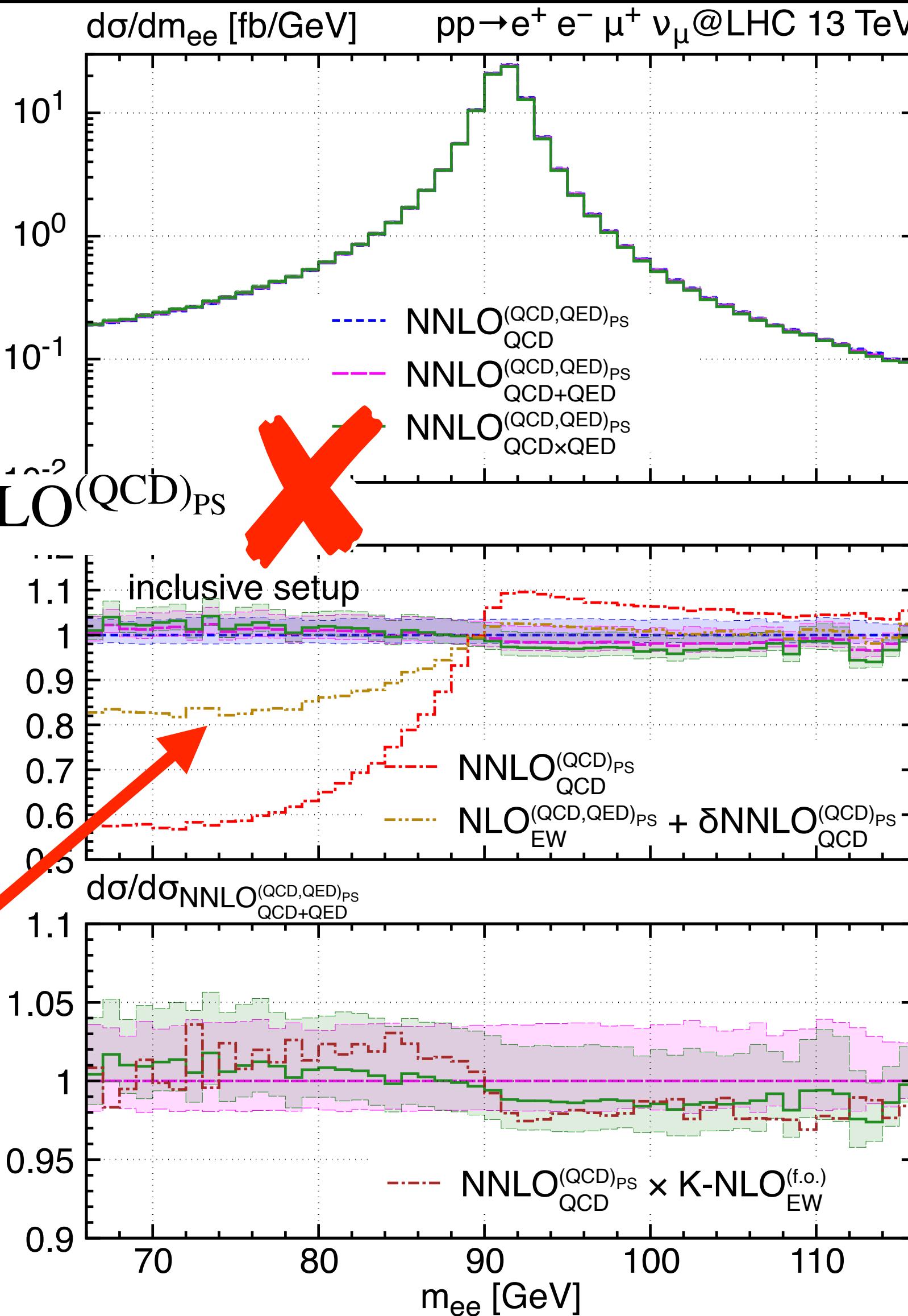
- LEGEND:**
- $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  - $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}+\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  - $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD} \times \text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  - $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$
  - $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} \times K_{\text{EW}}^{\text{f.o.}}$

# Phenomenological results (2)

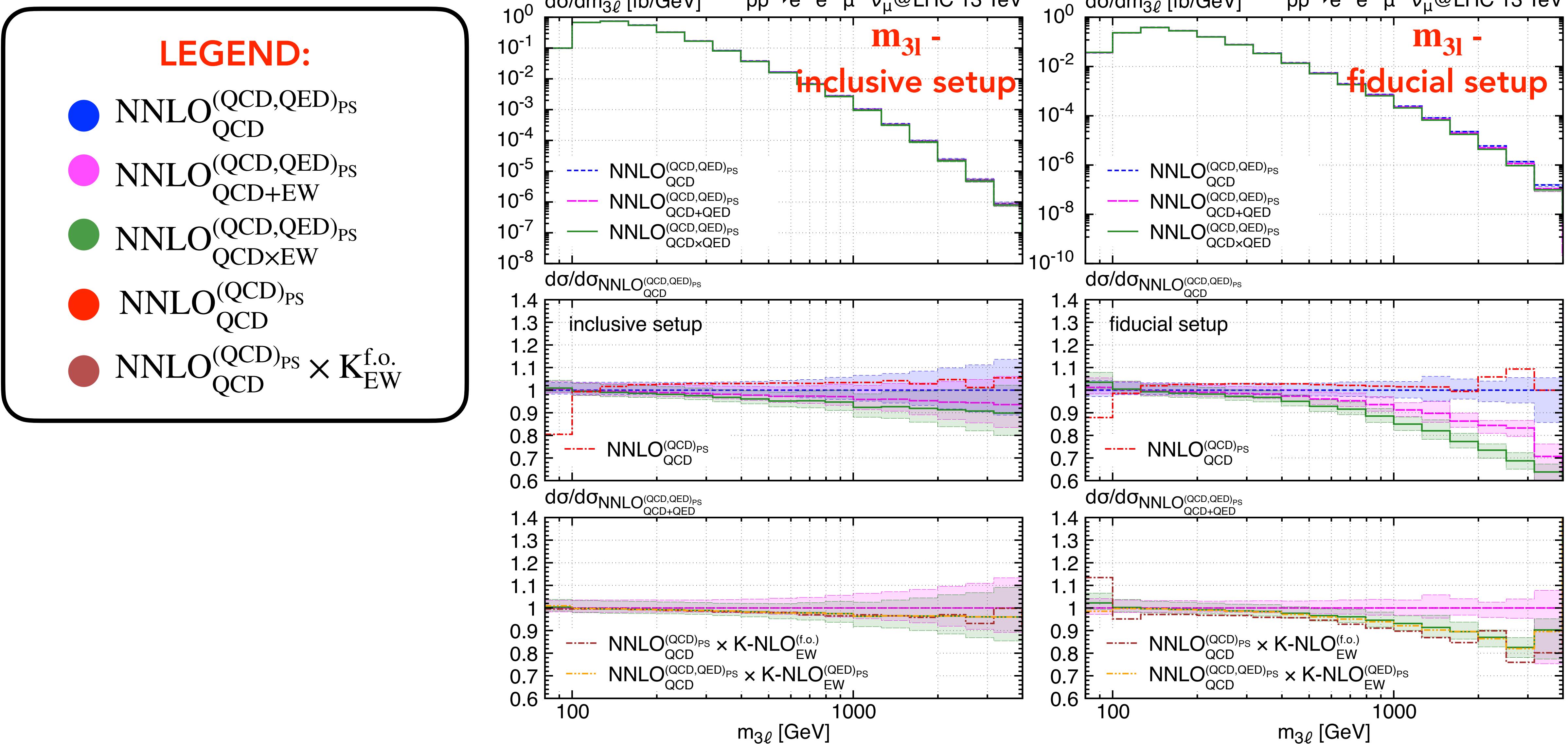
## Invariant mass of the Z boson - inclusive setup

- $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$

misses important QED-QCD effects originating from QED emissions on top of the NNLO calculation → **DISCARDED**



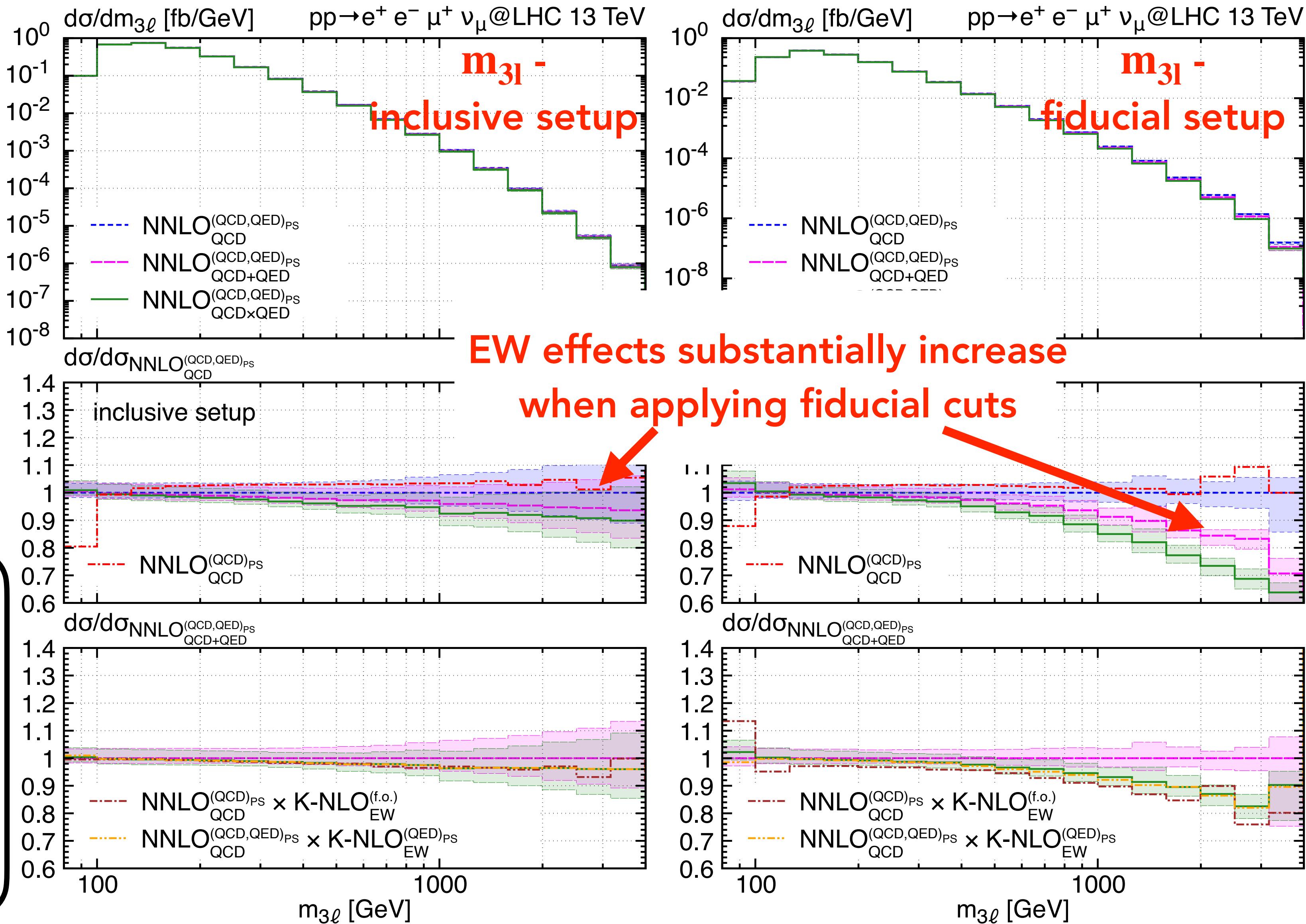
# Phenomenological results (3)



# Phenomenological results (3)

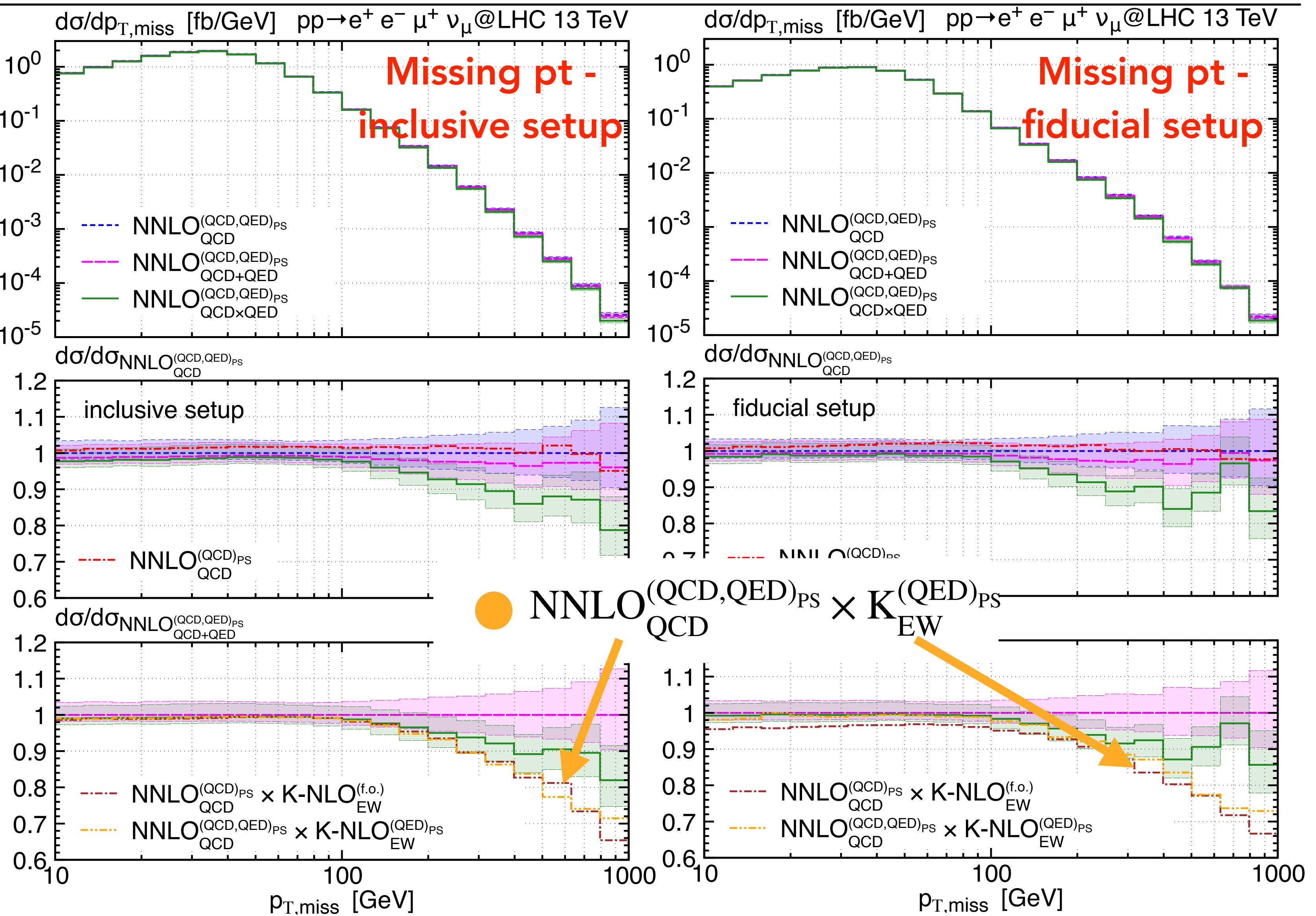
- LEGEND:**
- NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD+EW</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD×EW</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD)<sub>PS</sub></sup> × K<sub>EW</sub><sup>f.o.</sup>

In the inclusive case, Sudakov-logs are suppressed because not all the Mandelstam invariants are large in the very forward regime. These regions are removed when applying fiducial cuts.



# Phenomenological results (4)

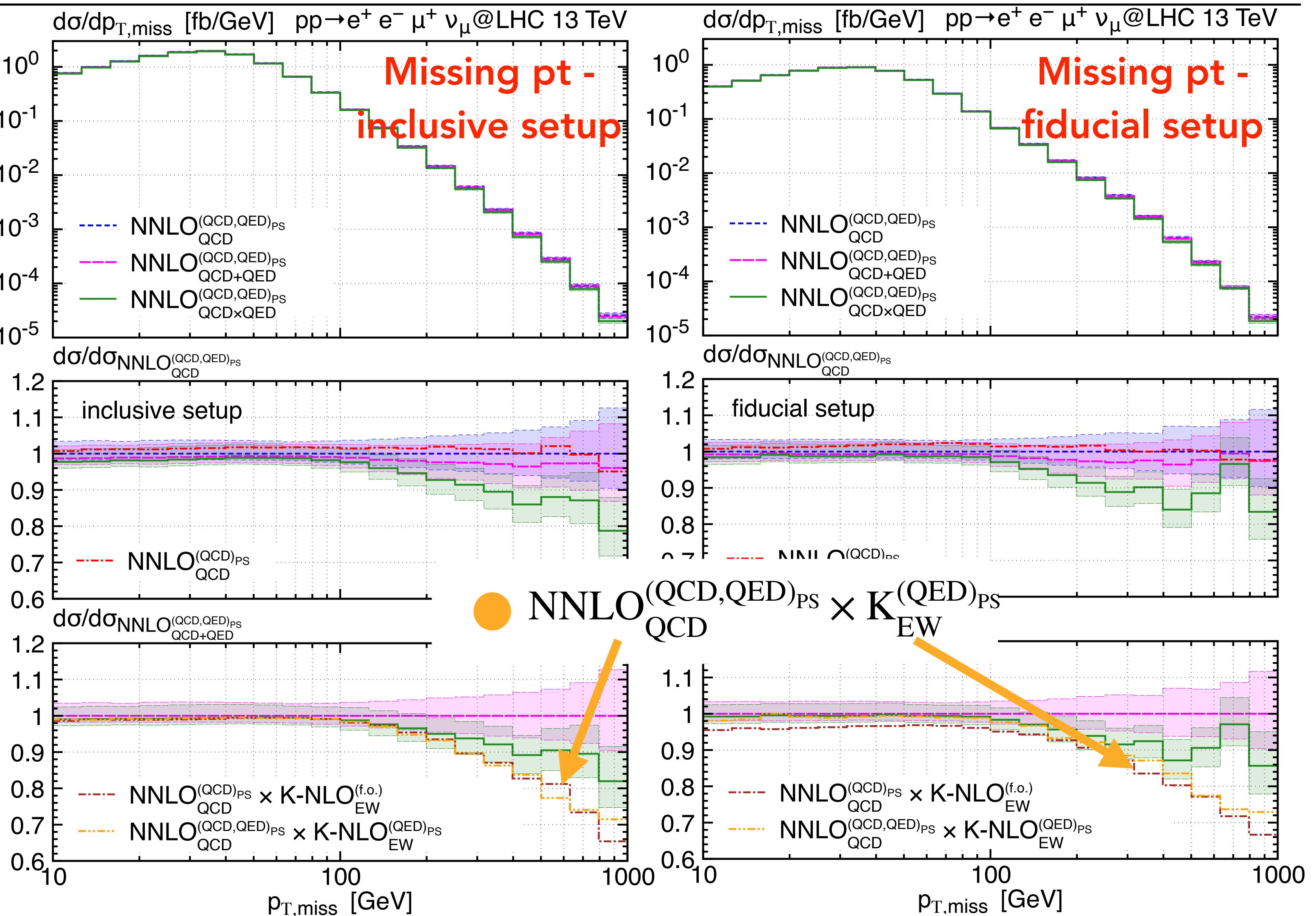
- LEGEND:**
- NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD+EW</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD×EW</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD)<sub>PS</sub></sup> × K<sub>EW</sub><sup>f.o.</sup>



# Phenomenological results (4)

- LEGEND:**
- NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD+EW</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD×EW</sub><sup>(QCD,QED)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD)<sub>PS</sub></sup>
  - NNLO<sub>QCD</sub><sup>(QCD)<sub>PS</sub></sup> × K<sub>EW</sub><sup>f.o.</sup>

● is affected by giant K-factors



# NNLO<sub>QCD</sub>+PS and NLO<sub>EW</sub>+PS combinations

MAX PLANCK INSTITUTE  
FOR PHYSICS



- ADDITIVE:**
1.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} = \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD+EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  2.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  3.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$

- MULTIPLICATIVE:**
4.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} = \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}\times\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  5.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  6.  $\text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$
  7.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{\text{f.o.}} / \text{LO}^{\text{f.o.}}$

## NOTATION:

$$(\text{N})\text{NLO}_X^{(Y)_{\text{PS}}}$$

X = QCD, EW calculation

Y = QCD, QED showers (PY8)

# NNLO<sub>QCD</sub>+PS and NLO<sub>EW</sub>+PS combinations

MAX PLANCK INSTITUTE  
FOR PHYSICS



- ADDITIVE:**
1.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} = \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD+EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  2.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  3.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} - \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$
- OUR DEFAULT PREDICTION:**

- MULTIPLICATIVE:**
4.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} = \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}\times\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  5.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QED})_{\text{PS}}}$
  6.  $\text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{(\text{QCD}, \text{QED})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} / \text{LO}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}}$
  7.  $\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}^{(\text{QCD})_{\text{PS}}} \times \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}^{\text{f.o.}} / \text{LO}^{\text{f.o.}}$

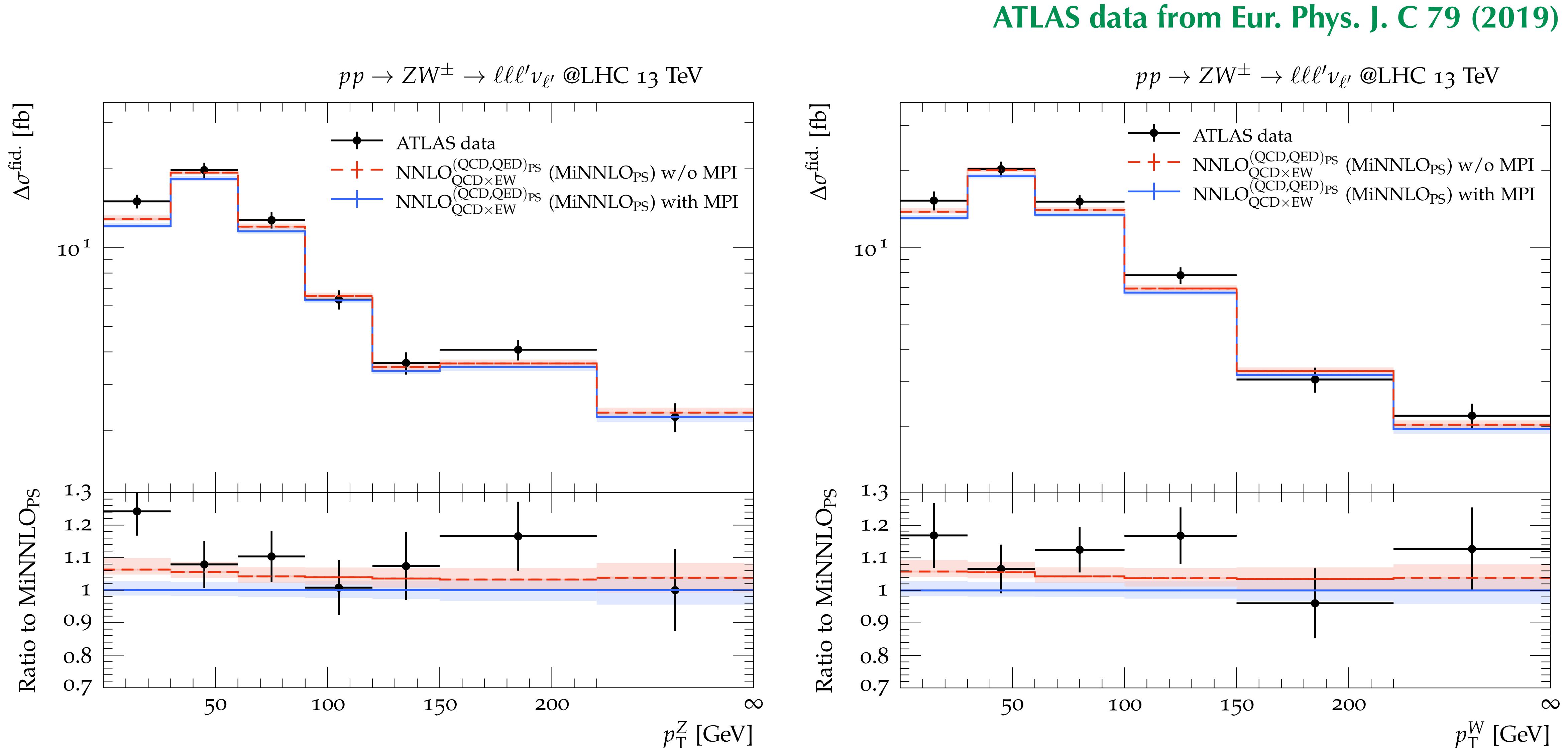
**NOTATION:**

$(\text{N})\text{NLO}_X^{(Y)}_{\text{PS}}$

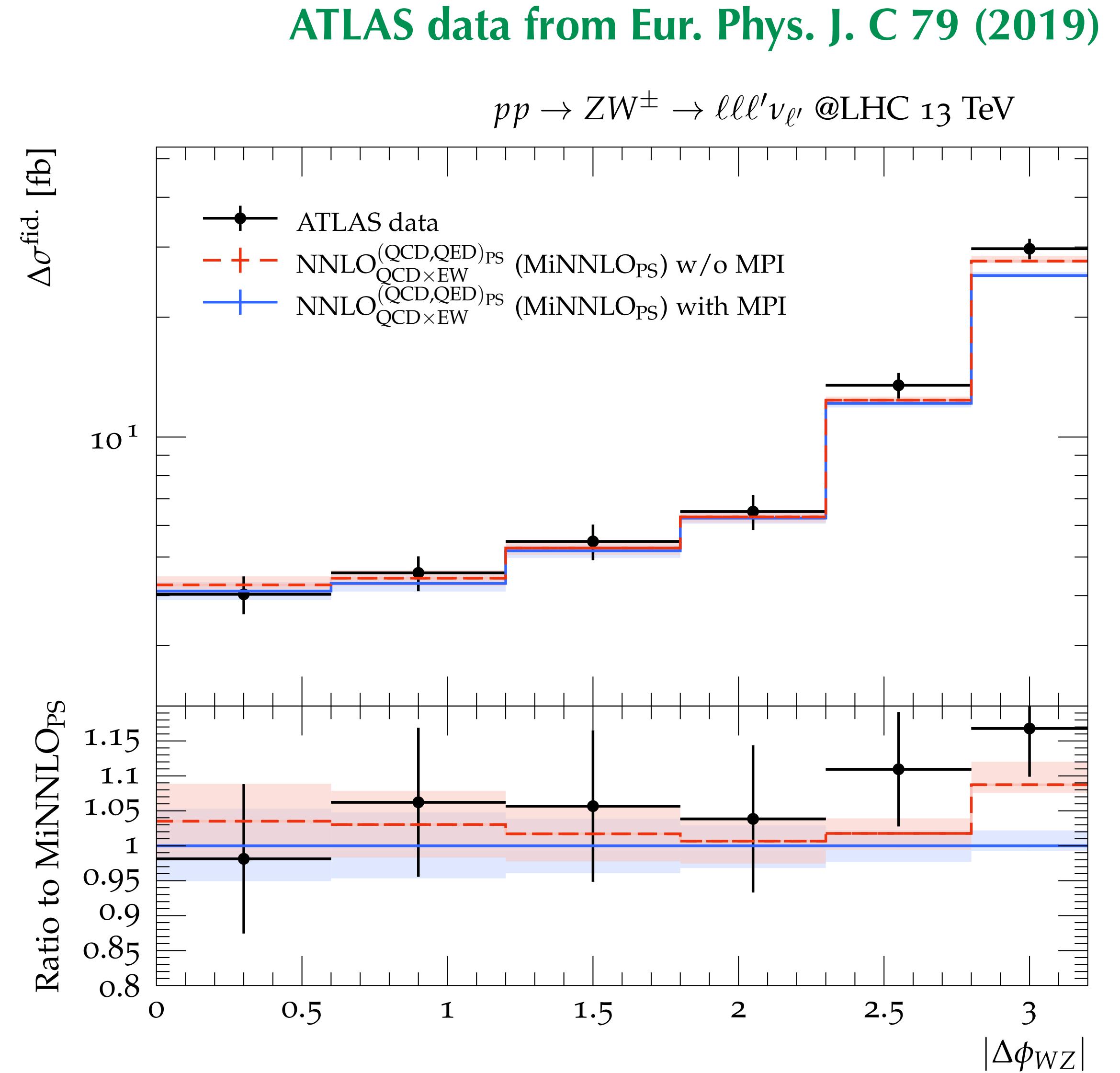
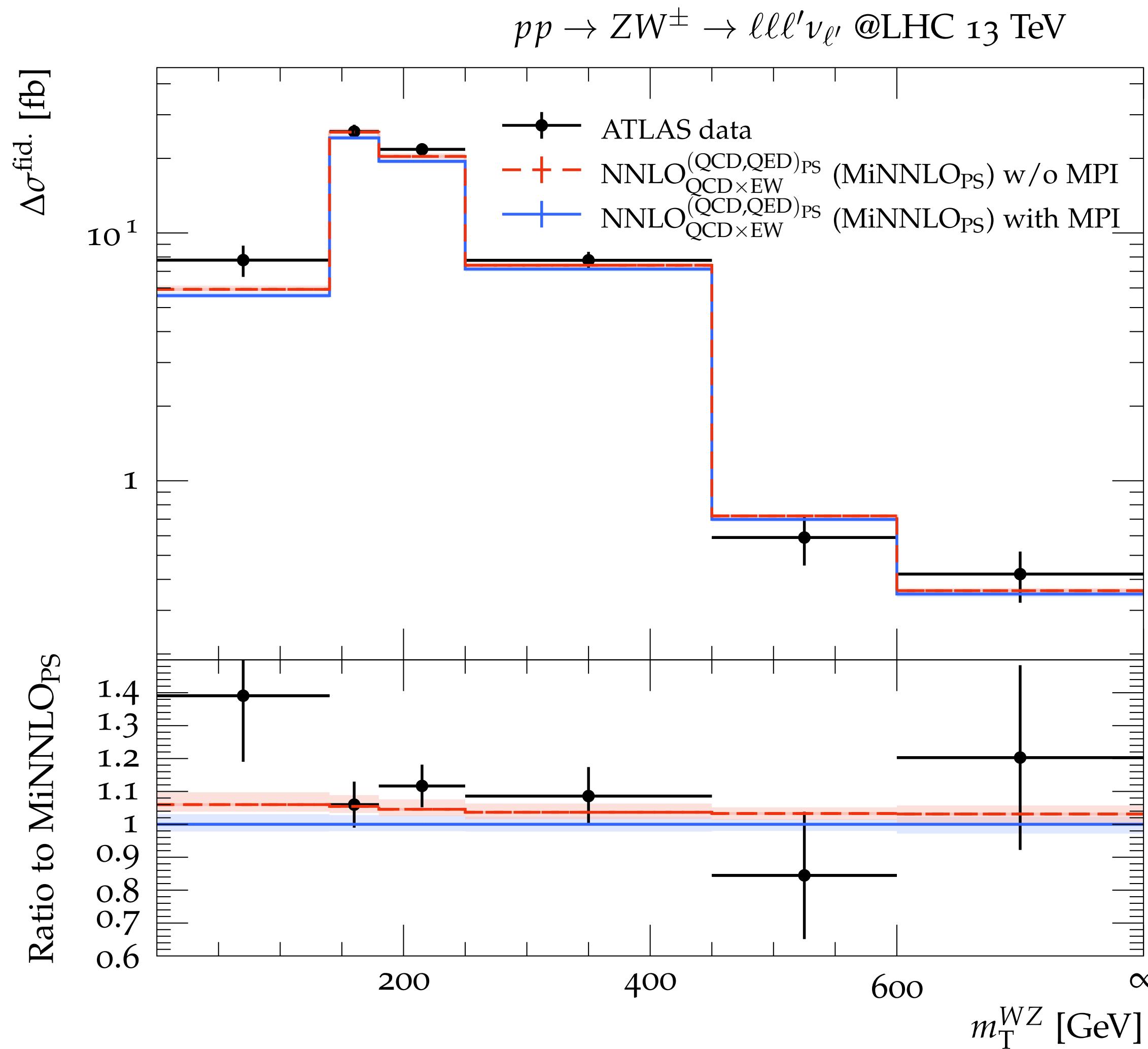
$X = \text{QCD, EW calculation}$

$Y = \text{QCD, QED showers (PY8)}$

# Comparison against data



# Comparison against data



# Conclusions and Outlooks

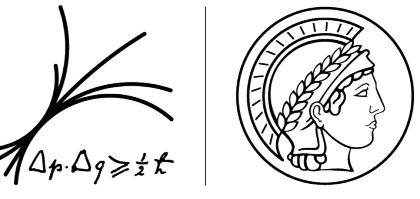
---



- NNLO+PS (QCD) predictions are **strongly needed** for a realistic description of LHC events.
- MiNNLO<sub>PS</sub> is a **powerful tool** for reaching this accuracy.
- The inclusion of **NLO EW corrections** on top of the NNLO calculations is crucial.
- I showed and discuss results for **WZ production** at NNLO (QCD) and NLO (EW) accuracy matched to parton showers for 13 TeV LHC collisions.
- The natural next step is the implementation of the combined generation of NNLO QCD and NLO EW accurate events, rather than an a posteriori recombination.

# Conclusions and Outlooks

---



- NNLO+PS (QCD) predictions are **strongly needed** for a realistic description of LHC events.
- MiNNLO<sub>PS</sub> is a **powerful tool** for reaching this accuracy.
- The inclusion of **NLO EW corrections** on top of the NNLO calculations is crucial.
- I showed and discuss results for **WZ production** at NNLO (QCD) and NLO (EW) accuracy matched to parton showers for 13 TeV LHC collisions.
- The natural next step is the implementation of the combined generation of NNLO QCD and NLO EW accurate events, rather than an a posteriori recombination.

Thank you!

---

# BACKUP



	inclusive setup	fiducial setup
Z-mass window	$66 \text{ GeV} < m_{e^+ e^-} < 116 \text{ GeV}$	$ m_{e^+ e^-} - m_Z  < 10 \text{ GeV}$
lepton cuts		$p_{T,e^\pm} > 15 \text{ GeV}, \quad p_{T,\mu} > 20 \text{ GeV},$ $ \eta_\ell  < 2.5, \quad m_{\text{T},W} > 30 \text{ GeV},$ $\Delta R_{e^+ e^-} > 0.2, \quad \Delta R_{e^\pm \mu} > 0.3$