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# Subtracting NNLO singularities With a fully general analytic algorithm In massless QCD

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C. Signorile-Signorile, P. Torrielli, S. Uccirati

[arXiv:2212.11190]

# Motivation

- ▶ Vast increase in collider data accuracy as well as in the complexity of observables being probed, as the LHC moves into the high-luminosity phase
- ▶ Accurate theoretical predictions of scattering events require handling of **IR singularities beyond NLO**, which proves to be a highly non-trivial challenge
- ▶ Several established approaches, from both slicing and subtraction side, are rapidly setting **NNLO in the strong coupling** as the **standard**; in particular, state-of-the-art predictions for  $2 \rightarrow 3$  collider processes (with at least 2 QCD final-state particles at the Born level)

$pp \rightarrow jjj$       *[M. Czakon, A. Mitov, R. Poncelet 2021]*      *Talk by R. Poncelet*

$pp \rightarrow Wb\bar{b}$  (massless)      *[H. B. Hartanto, R. Poncelet, A. Popescu, S. Zoia 2022]*

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H$       *[S. Catani, S. Devoto, M. Grazzini, S. Kallweit, J. Mazzitelli, C. Savoini 2022]*      *Talk by C. Savoini*

$pp \rightarrow Wb\bar{b}$  (massive)      *[L. Buonocore, S. Devoto, S. Kallweit, J. Mazzitelli, L. Rottoli, C. Savoini 2022]*      *Talk by L. Buonocore*

$pp \rightarrow \gamma jj$       *[S. Badger, M. Czakon, H. B. Hartanto, R. Moodie, T. Peraro, R. Poncelet, S. Zoia 2023]*      *Talks by M. Czakon and S. Zoia*

- ▶ On-going effort to generalise / improve schemes, while looking at the extension to higher orders

*Talks by M. Marcoli, C. Signorile-Signorile, O. Braun-White*

- ▶ Room for improvement in universality and efficiency, to overcome high computational complexity

**Ambitious goal:**  
automation of NNLO QCD predictions

# Exploring the framework...

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## Local Analytic Sector Subtraction

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dX} = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{LO}}}{dX} + \frac{d\sigma_{\text{NLO}}}{dX} + \frac{d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}}{dX} + \dots$$

$\sigma$  = partonic cross section  
 $X$  = generic IRC-safe observable

Introduction to subtraction strategy at NLO

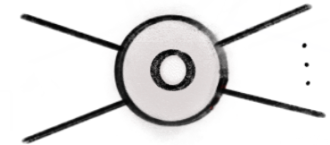
*Massless QCD*  
*final-state radiation*

# Generalities at NLO

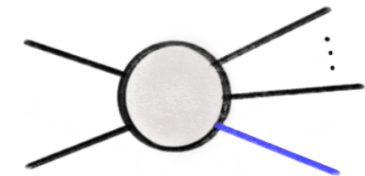
►  $X_i = \text{IRC-safe}$  observable computed with i-body kinematics,  $\delta_{X_i} \equiv \delta(X - X_i)$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{NLO}}{dX} = \int d\Phi_n \, \textcolor{blue}{V} \delta_{X_n} \\ + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \, \textcolor{blue}{R} \delta_{X_{n+1}}$$

Explicit  $\epsilon$  poles



Singular in PS

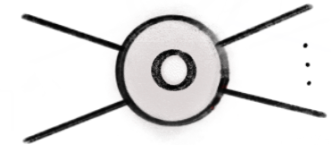


# Generalities at NLO

►  $X_i = \text{IRC-safe}$  observable computed with i-body kinematics,  $\delta_{X_i} \equiv \delta(X - X_i)$

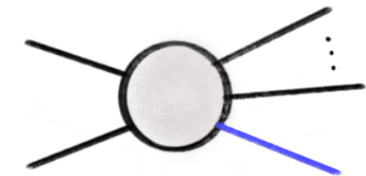
$$\frac{d\sigma_{NLO}}{dX} = \int d\Phi_n \left( V + I \right) \delta_{X_n}$$

*Finite in  $\epsilon$*



$$+ \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left( R \delta_{X_{n+1}} - K \delta_{X_n} \right)$$

*Integrable in PS*



► **Subtraction algorithm:** introduce **local counterterm**  $K$  and **phase-space factorisation**

$$\int d\Phi_{n+1} K \delta_{X_n} = \int d\Phi_n I \delta_{X_n}$$

$$d\Phi_{n+1} = d\Phi_n d\Phi_{\text{rad}}$$

► **Result:** subtracted NLO cross section **numerically integrable** in  $d = 4$  dimensions

# Strategy of the algorithm

► *Unitary partition* of radiative phase-space with **sector functions**  $\mathcal{W}_{ij}$  [Frixione, Kunszt, Signer 95/2328]

$$R = \sum_{i,j \neq i} R \mathcal{W}_{ij} \quad \text{with} \quad \sum_{i,j \neq i} \mathcal{W}_{ij} = 1 \quad \text{Minimal approach to disentangle overlapping singularities}$$

\* Single-unresolved configurations

\* **Sum rules:** limits of sector functions still form a unitary partition

$$\mathbf{S}_i \quad \text{soft parton } i \quad \mathcal{E}_i = \frac{s_{qi}}{s} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\mathbf{S}_i \sum_{l \neq i} \mathcal{W}_{il} = 1$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{ij} \quad \text{collinear pair } ij \quad \omega_{ij} = \frac{s s_{ij}}{s_{qi} s_{qj}} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{ij} (\mathcal{W}_{ij} + \mathcal{W}_{ji}) = 1$$

Key for  
integration

\* Example of NLO *sector functions* ( $s_{qi} = 2 q_{\text{cm}} \cdot k_i$ ,  $s_{ij} = 2 k_i \cdot k_j$ ,  $s = q_{\text{cm}}^2$ )

$$\mathcal{W}_{ij} = \frac{\sigma_{ij}}{\sum_{a,b \neq a} \sigma_{ab}} \quad \sigma_{ij} = \frac{1}{\mathcal{E}_i \omega_{ij}}$$

# Strategy of the algorithm

---

- *Unitary partition* of radiative phase-space with **sector functions**  $\mathcal{W}_{ij}$  [Frixione, Kunszt, Signer 95/2328]
- Collect the relevant **IRC limits** for a given sector

$$R\mathcal{W}_{ij} - \left[ \mathbf{S}_i + \mathbf{C}_{ij} - \mathbf{S}_i \mathbf{C}_{ij} \right] R\mathcal{W}_{ij} \rightarrow \text{integrable}$$

Soft + Collinear - Overlap

Notation

$$\mathbf{L} R\mathcal{W}_{ij} = (\mathbf{L} R) (\mathbf{L} \mathcal{W}_{ij})$$

for  $\mathbf{L} = \mathbf{S}_i, \mathbf{C}_{ij}, \dots$

# Strategy of the algorithm

- *Unitary partition* of radiative phase-space with **sector functions**  $\mathcal{W}_{ij}$  [Frixione, Kunszt, Signer 95/2328]
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$$\mathbf{L} R \mathcal{W}_{ij} = (\mathbf{L} R) (\mathbf{L} \mathcal{W}_{ij})$$

for  $\mathbf{L} = \mathbf{S}_i, \mathbf{C}_{ij}, \dots$

\* Products of known **splitting kernels** x **Born-level MEs**

Not yet parametrised

$$\mathbf{S}_i R = \mathcal{N}_1 \delta_{f_i g} \sum_{k,l} \frac{s_{kl}}{s_{ik} s_{il}} B_{kl}(\{k\}_{\not{l}})$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{ij} R = \mathcal{N}_1 \frac{P_{ij}^{\mu\nu}}{s_{ij}} B_{\mu\nu}(\{k\}_{\not{ij}}, k_i + k_j)$$

missing proper  
 $n$ -body on-shell kinematics!

# Strategy of the algorithm

► *Unitary partition* of radiative phase-space with **sector functions**  $\mathcal{W}_{ij}$  [Frixione, Kunszt, Signer 9512328]

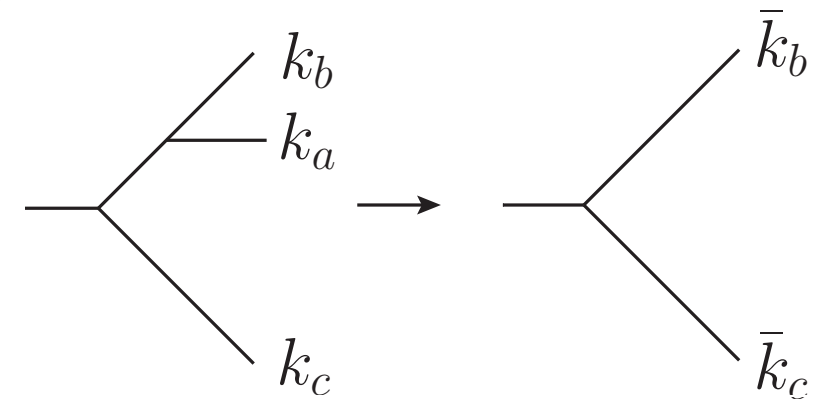
► Collect the relevant **IRC limits** for a given sector

► *Catani-Seymour* final-state **dipole mapping** [Catani, Seymour 9605323]

$$\{k_1, \dots, k_{n+1}\} \rightarrow \{\bar{k}_1, \dots, \bar{k}_n\}^{(abc)}$$

$$\bar{k}_b^{(abc)} = k_a + k_b - \frac{y}{1-y} k_c$$

$$\bar{k}_c^{(abc)} = \frac{1}{1-y} k_c$$



$$y = \frac{s_{ab}}{s_{ab} + s_{ac} + s_{bc}}, \quad z = \frac{s_{ac}}{s_{ab} + s_{bc}}$$

\* Phase-space factorisation and parametrisation

$$d\Phi_{n+1} = d\Phi_n^{(abc)} d\Phi_{\text{rad}}^{(abc)} = d\Phi_n(\{\bar{k}\}^{(abc)}) d\Phi_{\text{rad}}(\bar{s}_{bc}^{(abc)}; y, z, \phi)$$

$$\int d\Phi_{\text{rad}}^{(abc)} \propto (\bar{s}_{bc}^{(abc)})^{1-\epsilon} \int_0^\pi d\phi \sin^{-2\epsilon} \phi \int_0^1 dy \int_0^1 dz \left[ y(1-y^2)z(1-z) \right]^{-\epsilon} (1-y)$$

# Strategy of the algorithm

► *Unitary partition* of radiative phase-space with **sector functions**  $\mathcal{W}_{ij}$  [Frixione, Kunszt, Signer 9512328]

► Collect the relevant **IRC limits** for a given sector

► *Catani-Seymour* final-state **dipole mapping** [Catani, Seymour 9605323]

► Promotion to **counterterms**: *Improved limits*

Adapt momenta mapping to each kernel,  
while tuning action on sector functions when necessary

$$K = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \left[ \bar{\mathbf{S}}_i + \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_i \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij} \right] R \mathcal{W}_{ij}$$

Notation

$$\bar{\mathbf{L}} R \mathcal{W}_{ij} = (\bar{\mathbf{L}} R) (\bar{\mathbf{L}} \mathcal{W}_{ij})$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}}_i R = \mathcal{N}_1 \delta_{fig} \sum_{k,l} \frac{s_{kl}}{s_{ik} s_{il}} \bar{B}_{kl}^{(ikl)}$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij} R = \mathcal{N}_1 \frac{P_{ij}^{\mu\nu}}{s_{ij}} \bar{B}_{\mu\nu}^{(ijr)}$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}}_i \mathcal{W}_{ij} \equiv \mathbf{S}_i \mathcal{W}_{ij} = \frac{\frac{1}{w_{ij}}}{\sum_{l \neq i} \frac{1}{w_{il}}}$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij} \mathcal{W}_{ij} \equiv \frac{e_j w_{ir}}{e_i w_{ir} + e_j w_{jr}}$$

# Strategy of the algorithm

- *Unitary partition* of radiative phase-space with **sector functions**  $\mathcal{W}_{ij}$  [Frixione, Kunszt, Signer 9512328]
- Collect the relevant **IRC limits** for a given sector
- *Catani-Seymour* final-state **dipole mapping** [Catani, Seymour 9605323]
- Promotion to **counterterms**: *Improved limits*
- **Locality** of the cancellation ensured by *consistency relations*

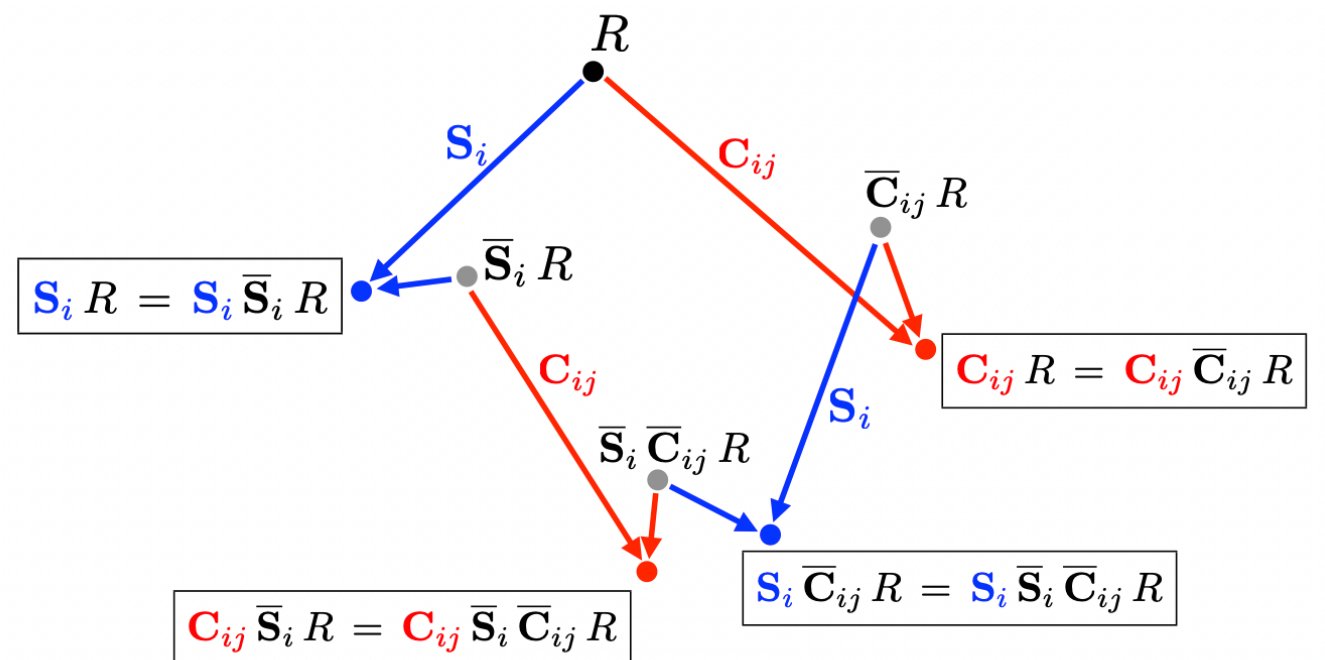
$$\mathbf{S}_i R = \mathbf{S}_i (\bar{\mathbf{S}}_i + \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_i \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij}) R$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{ij} R = \mathbf{C}_{ij} (\bar{\mathbf{S}}_i + \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_i \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij}) R$$

as well as

$$\mathbf{S}_i \mathcal{W}_{ij} = \mathbf{S}_i \bar{\mathbf{S}}_i \mathcal{W}_{ij}$$

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# Strategy of the algorithm

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$$\frac{d\sigma_{NLO}}{dX} = \int d\Phi_n \left( V + I \right) \delta_{X_n} + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left( R \delta_{X_{n+1}} - K \delta_{X_n} \right)$$

☑ **Finite** in phase space  
(integrable in  $d = 4$ )

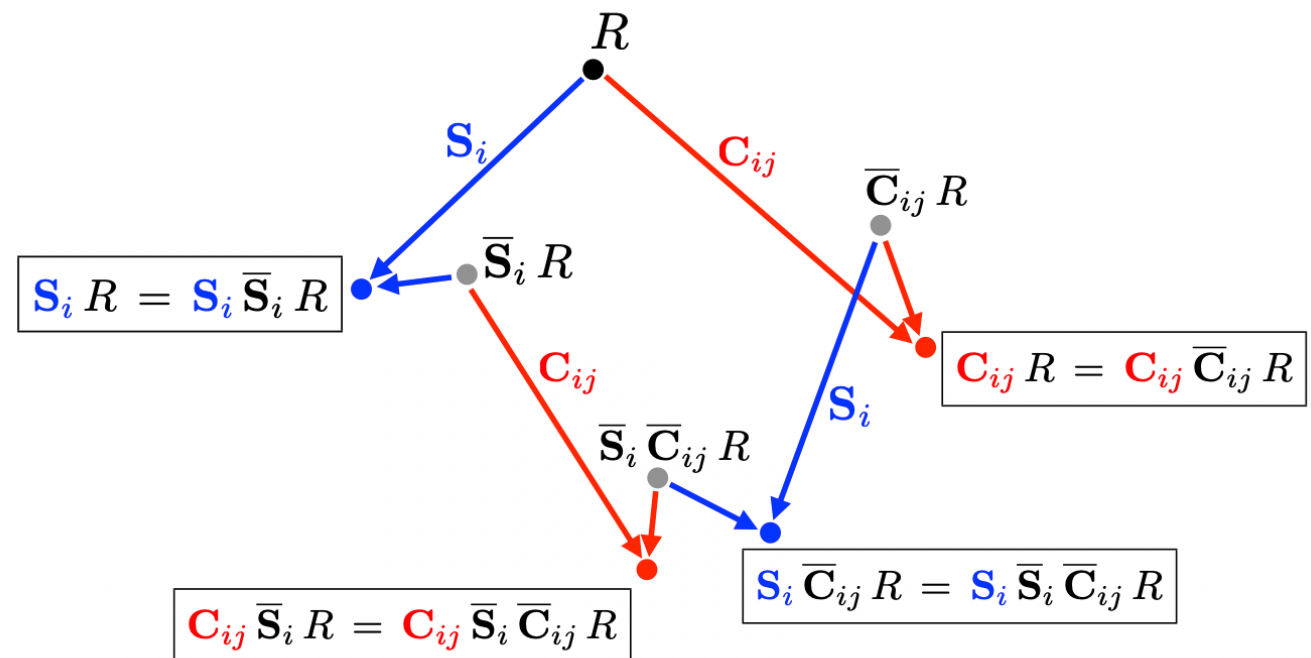
$$\mathbf{S}_i R = \mathbf{S}_i \left( \bar{\mathbf{S}}_i + \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_i \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ij} \right) R$$

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►  $\mathcal{W}_{ij}$  sum rules + mapping adaptation = **simple analytic** counterterm integration

$$\frac{d\sigma_{NLO}}{dX} = \int d\Phi_n \left( V + I \right) \delta_{X_n} + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left( R \delta_{X_{n+1}} - K \delta_{X_n} \right)$$

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# Strategy of the algorithm

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☑ **Free** from  $\epsilon$  poles

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$$\begin{aligned} I^S &\propto \sum_{k,l} \bar{B}_{kl}^{(ikl)} \frac{1}{\bar{s}_{kl}^{(ikl)}} \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}}(\bar{s}_{kl}^{(ikl)}; y, z, \phi) \frac{1-z}{yz} \\ &= \sum_{k,l} \bar{B}_{kl}^{(ikl)} \frac{(4\pi)^{\epsilon-2}}{(\bar{s}_{kl}^{(ikl)})^\epsilon} \frac{\Gamma(1-\epsilon)\Gamma(2-\epsilon)}{\epsilon^2 \Gamma(2-3\epsilon)} \end{aligned}$$

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✓ **Free** from  $\epsilon$  poles

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# Exploring the framework...

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## Local Analytic Sector Subtraction

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dX} = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{LO}}}{dX} + \frac{d\sigma_{\text{NLO}}}{dX} + \boxed{\frac{d\sigma_{\text{NNLO}}}{dX}} + \dots$$

$\sigma$  = partonic cross section  
 $X$  = generic IRC-safe observable

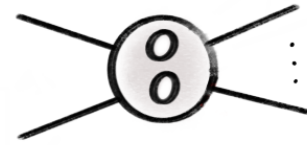
Subtraction formula at NNLO

*Massless QCD*  
*final-state radiation*

# Generalities at NNLO

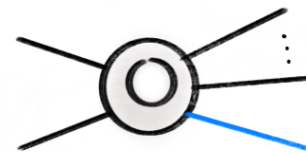
►  $X_i = \text{IRC-safe}$  observable computed with i-body kinematics,  $\delta_{X_i} \equiv \delta(X - X_i)$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = \int d\Phi_n \textcolor{blue}{VV} \delta_{X_n}$$



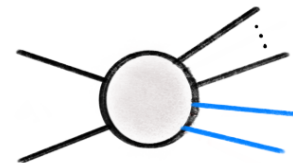
Up to  $1/\epsilon^4$  poles

$$+ \int d\Phi_{n+1} \textcolor{blue}{RV} \delta_{X_{n+1}}$$



Up to  $1/\epsilon^2$  poles  
Singular in PS

$$+ \int d\Phi_{n+2} \textcolor{blue}{RR} \delta_{X_{n+2}}$$



Singular in PS

# Generalities at NNLO

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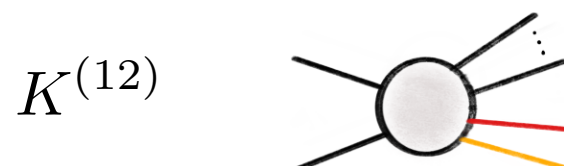
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left( \text{VV} \right) \delta_{X_n} \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( \text{RV} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(\text{RV})} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ \text{RR} \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \end{aligned}$$

► Introduce **local counterterms** and proper **phase-space factorisations**

 *single-unresolved*



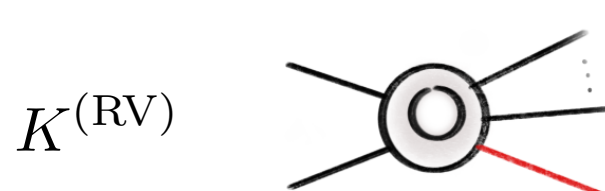
 *strongly-ordered double-unresolved*



 *double-unresolved*



 *single-unresolved*



# Generalities at NNLO

►  $X_i = \text{IRC-safe}$  observable computed with i-body kinematics,  $\delta_{X_i} \equiv \delta(X - X_i)$

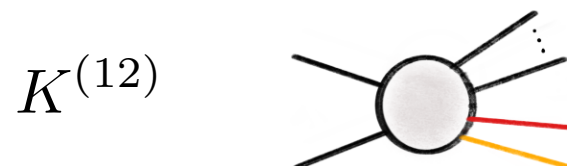
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left( VV + I^{(2)} + I^{(RV)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( RV + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(RV)} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ RR \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \end{aligned}$$

► Introduce **local counterterms** and proper **phase-space factorisations**

 *single-unresolved*



 *strongly-ordered double-unresolved*

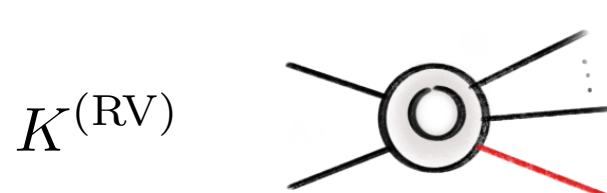


$$d\Phi_{n+2} = d\Phi_{n+1} d\Phi_{\text{rad},1}$$

 *double-unresolved*



 *single-unresolved*



$$d\Phi_{n+2} = d\Phi_n d\Phi_{\text{rad},2}$$

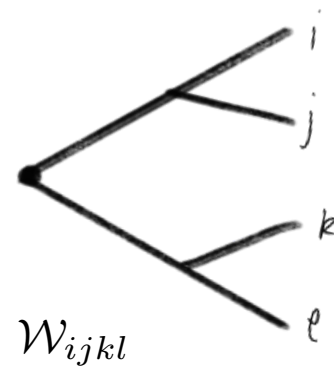
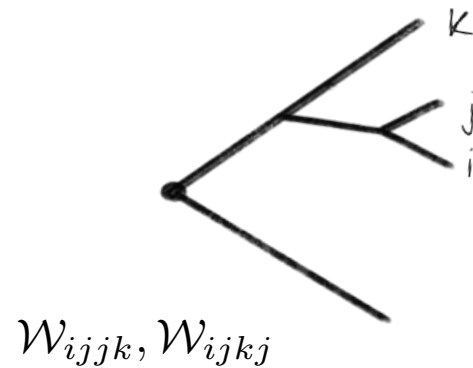
$$d\Phi_{n+1} = d\Phi_n d\Phi_{\text{rad},1}$$

# Subtracting RR singularities

► Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$

$$RR = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} \quad \text{with} \quad \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} = 1$$

\* 3 *topologies* collecting all types of singularities



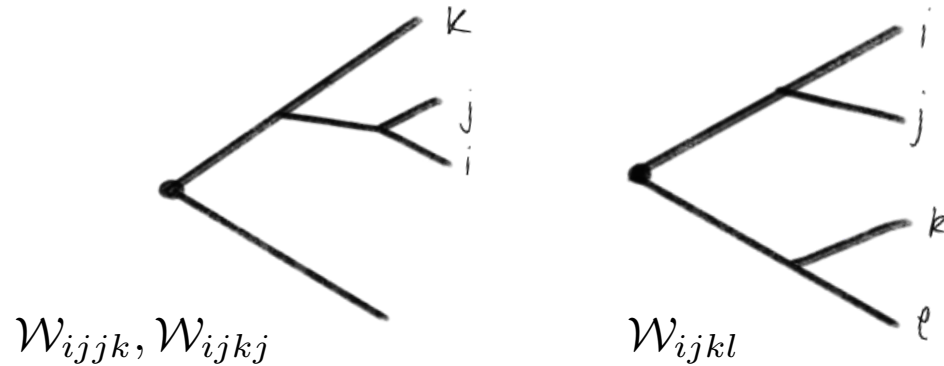
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{W}_{ijjk} &: \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} & \mathbf{S}_{ij} & \mathbf{C}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{ijk} \\ \mathcal{W}_{ijkj} &: \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} & \mathbf{S}_{ik} & \mathbf{C}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{kij} \\ \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} &: \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} & \mathbf{S}_{ik} & \mathbf{C}_{ijkl} & \mathbf{SC}_{ikl} & \mathbf{SC}_{kij} \end{aligned}$$

# Subtracting RR singularities

► Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$

$$RR = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} \quad \text{with} \quad \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} = 1$$

\* 3 *topologies* collecting all types of singularities



$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{W}_{ijjk} &: \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_{ij} & \mathbf{C}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{ijk} \end{matrix} \\ \mathcal{W}_{ijkj} &: \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_{ik} & \mathbf{C}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{kij} \end{matrix} \\ \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} &: \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_{ik} & \mathbf{C}_{ijkl} & \mathbf{SC}_{ikl} & \mathbf{SC}_{kij} \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$

single-unresolved limits

double-unresolved limits

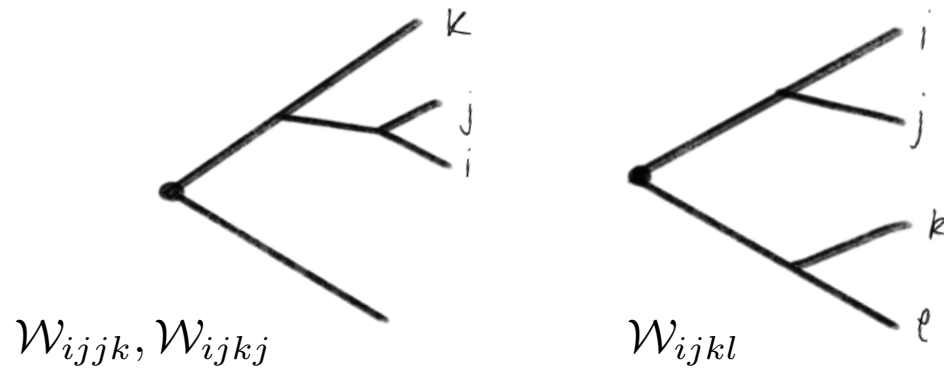
$\mathbf{S}_{ij}$  **double-soft** partons  $i$  and  $j$   
 $\mathbf{C}_{ijk}$  **triple-collinear** partons  $(i,j,k)$   
 $\mathbf{C}_{ijkl}$  **double-collinear** partons  $(i,j)$  and  $(k,l)$   
 $\mathbf{SC}_{ijk}$  **soft** parton  $i$  and **collinear** partons  $(j,k)$

# Subtracting RR singularities

► Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$

$$RR = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} \quad \text{with} \quad \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} = 1$$

\* 3 *topologies* collecting all types of singularities



$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{W}_{ijjk} &: \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_{ij} & \mathbf{C}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{ijk} \end{matrix} \\ \mathcal{W}_{ijkj} &: \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_{ik} & \mathbf{C}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{ijk} & \mathbf{SC}_{kij} \end{matrix} \\ \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} &: \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_i & \mathbf{C}_{ij} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \mathbf{S}_{ik} & \mathbf{C}_{ijkl} & \mathbf{SC}_{ikl} & \mathbf{SC}_{kij} \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$

single-unresolved limits

double-unresolved limits

\* **Sum rules:** limits of sector functions still form a unitary partition

Key for  
integration

$$\mathbf{S}_{ik} \left( \sum_{b \neq i} \sum_{d \neq i,k} \mathcal{W}_{ibkd} + \sum_{b \neq k} \sum_{d \neq k,i} \mathcal{W}_{kbid} \right) = 1$$

$$\mathbf{C}_{ijk} \sum_{abc \in \pi(ijk)} \left( \mathcal{W}_{abbc} + \mathcal{W}_{abcb} \right) = 1$$

...

$\mathbf{S}_{ij}$  **double-soft** partons  $i$  and  $j$   
 $\mathbf{C}_{ijk}$  **triple-collinear** partons  $(i,j,k)$   
 $\mathbf{C}_{ijkl}$  **double-collinear** partons  $(i,j)$  and  $(k,l)$   
 $\mathbf{SC}_{ijk}$  **soft** parton  $i$  and **collinear** partons  $(j,k)$

# Subtracting RR singularities

- Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$
- Collect the limited *relevant* **IRC limits** reproducing all singularities

$$RR \mathcal{W}_\tau - \left[ \mathbf{L}_{ij}^{(1)} + \mathbf{L}_\tau^{(2)} - \mathbf{L}_{ij}^{(1)} \mathbf{L}_\tau^{(2)} \right] RR \mathcal{W}_\tau \rightarrow \text{integrable}$$

*single-unresolved*

$$\mathbf{L}_{ij}^{(1)} = \mathbf{S}_i + \mathbf{C}_{ij}(1 - \mathbf{S}_i)$$

*double-unresolved* ( $\tau = ijjk, ijkj, ijkl$ )

$$\mathbf{L}_{ijjk}^{(2)} = \mathbf{S}_{ij} + \mathbf{C}_{ijk}(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ij}) + \mathbf{S}\mathbf{C}_{ijk}(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ij})(1 - \mathbf{C}_{ijk})$$

$$\mathbf{L}_{ijkj}^{(2)} = \mathbf{S}_{ik} + \mathbf{C}_{ijk}(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ik}) + (\mathbf{S}\mathbf{C}_{ijk} + \mathbf{S}\mathbf{C}_{kij})(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ik})(1 - \mathbf{C}_{ijk})$$

$$\mathbf{L}_{ijkl}^{(2)} = \mathbf{S}_{ik} + \mathbf{C}_{ijkl}(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ik}) + (\mathbf{S}\mathbf{C}_{ikl} + \mathbf{S}\mathbf{C}_{kij})(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ik})(1 - \mathbf{C}_{ijkl})$$

Notation

$$\mathbf{L} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} = (\mathbf{L} RR) (\mathbf{L} \mathcal{W}_{ijkl})$$

# Subtracting RR singularities

- Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$
- Collect the limited *relevant* **IRC limits** reproducing all singularities

$$RR \mathcal{W}_\tau - \left[ \mathbf{L}_{ij}^{(1)} + \mathbf{L}_\tau^{(2)} - \mathbf{L}_{ij}^{(1)} \mathbf{L}_\tau^{(2)} \right] RR \mathcal{W}_\tau \rightarrow \text{integrable}$$

single-unresolved

$$\mathbf{L}_{ij}^{(1)} = \mathbf{S}_i + \mathbf{C}_{ij}(1 - \mathbf{S}_i)$$

double-unresolved  $(\tau = ijjk, ijkj, ijkl)$

$$\mathbf{L}_{ijjk}^{(2)} = \mathbf{S}_{ij} + \mathbf{C}_{ijk}(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ij}) + \mathbf{S} \mathbf{C}_{ijk}(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ij})(1 - \mathbf{C}_{ijk})$$

$$\mathbf{L}_{ijkj}^{(2)} = \mathbf{S}_{ik} + \mathbf{C}_{ijk}(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ik}) + (\mathbf{S} \mathbf{C}_{ijk} + \mathbf{S} \mathbf{C}_{kij})(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ik})(1 - \mathbf{C}_{ijk})$$

$$\mathbf{L}_{ijkl}^{(2)} = \mathbf{S}_{ik} + \mathbf{C}_{ijkl}(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ik}) + (\mathbf{S} \mathbf{C}_{ikl} + \mathbf{S} \mathbf{C}_{kij})(1 - \mathbf{S}_{ik})(1 - \mathbf{C}_{ijkl})$$

Notation

$$\mathbf{L} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl} = (\mathbf{L} RR) (\mathbf{L} \mathcal{W}_{ijkl})$$

\* Products of known **splitting kernels** x **lower-multiplicities MEs**

[Catani, Grazzini 9810389, 9908523]

$$\mathbf{S}_{ik} RR \supset \frac{\mathcal{N}_1^2}{2} \sum_{\substack{c \neq i, k \\ d \neq i, k, c}} \left\{ \frac{s_{cd}}{s_{ic} s_{id}} \left[ \sum_{\substack{e \neq i, k, c, d \\ f \neq i, k, c, d, e}} \frac{s_{ef}}{s_{ke} s_{kf}} B_{cdef}(\{k\}_{\not{k}}) + 2 \frac{s_{cd}}{s_{kc} s_{kd}} B_{cdcd}(\{k\}_{\not{k}}) \right] \right\}$$

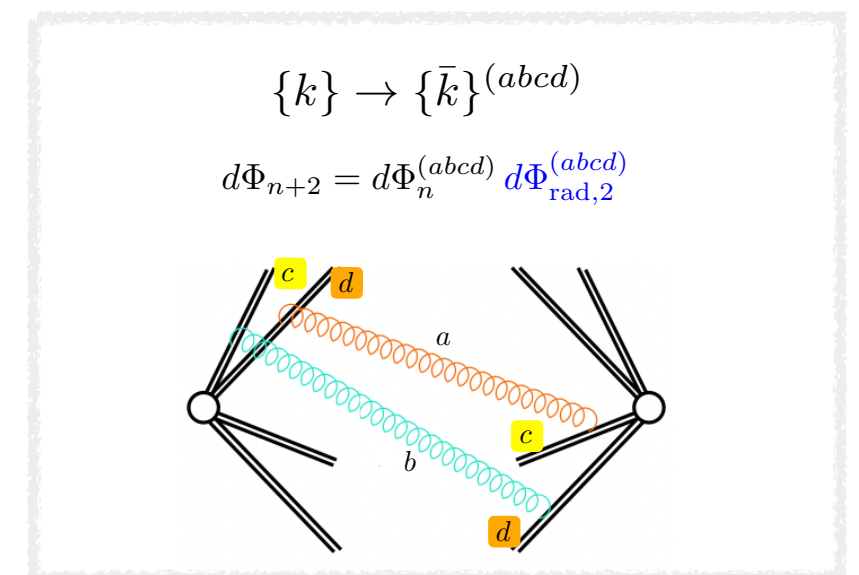
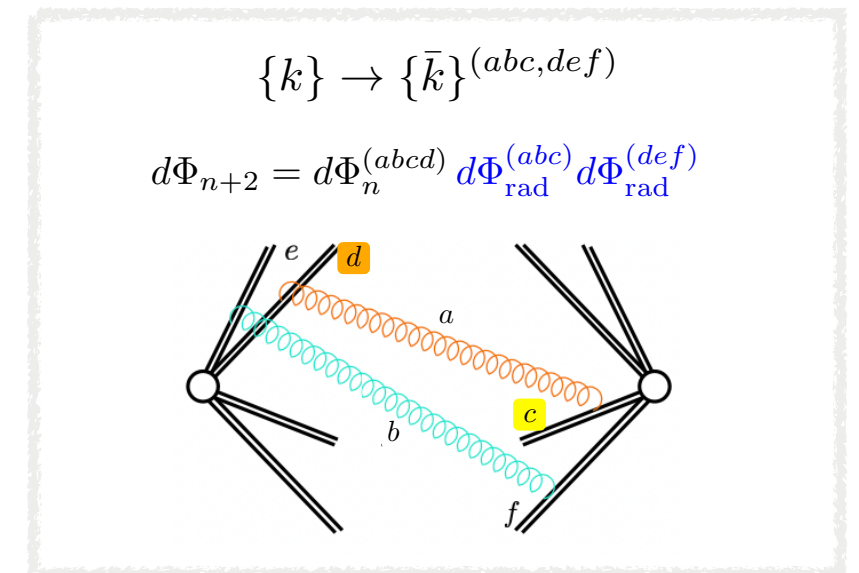
Missing momentum conservation  
out of the double singular region!

# Subtracting RR singularities

- Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$
- Collect the limited *relevant IRC limits* reproducing all singularities
- **Nested Catani-Seymour mappings** from  $(n+2) \rightarrow n$  kinematics [\[Catani, Seymour 9605323\]](#)

- \* Minimal set of involved momenta
- \* Still clear factorisation of radiative d.o.f.
- \* Smart and adaptive parametrisation simplifies kernel expressions

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ik} RR \supset \frac{\mathcal{N}_1^2}{2} \sum_{\substack{c \neq i,k \\ d \neq i,k,c}} \left\{ \frac{s_{cd}}{s_{ic}s_{id}} \left[ \sum_{\substack{e \neq i,k,c,d \\ f \neq i,k,c,d,e}} \frac{s_{ef}}{s_{ke}s_{kf}} \bar{B}_{cdef}^{(icd,k ef)} + 2 \frac{s_{cd}}{s_{kc}s_{kd}} \bar{B}_{cdcd}^{(icd,k cd)} \right] \right\}$$



# Subtracting RR singularities

- Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$
- Collect the limited *relevant* **IRC limits** reproducing all singularities
- **Nested Catani-Seymour mappings** from  $(n+2) \rightarrow n$  kinematics [\[Catani, Seymour 9605323\]](#)
- Promotion to **counterterms**: *Improved limits* adapting momenta mapping to each kernel, while tuning action on sector functions when necessary

$$\boxed{\text{yellow}} \quad K^{(1)} = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} \bar{\mathbf{L}}_{ij}^{(1)} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$$

*single-unresolved limits*

$$\boxed{\text{orange}} \quad K^{(2)} = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} \bar{\mathbf{L}}_{ijkl}^{(2)} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$$

*uniform  
double-unresolved limits*

$$\boxed{\text{green}} \quad K^{(12)} = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} \bar{\mathbf{L}}_{ij}^{(1)} \bar{\mathbf{L}}_{ijkl}^{(2)} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$$

*strongly-ordered  
double-unresolved limits*

# Subtracting RR singularities

- Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$
- Collect the limited *relevant* **IRC limits** reproducing all singularities
- **Nested Catani-Seymour mappings** from  $(n+2) \rightarrow n$  kinematics [\[Catani, Seymour 9605323\]](#)
- Promotion to **counterterms**: *Improved limits* adapting momenta mapping to each kernel, while tuning action on sector functions when necessary

$$\text{■} \quad K^{(1)} = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} \bar{\mathbf{L}}_{ij}^{(1)} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$$

single-unresolved limits

$$\text{■} \quad K^{(2)} = \sum_{i,j \neq i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ l \neq i,k}} \bar{\mathbf{L}}_{ijkl}^{(2)} RR \mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$$

uniform  
double-unresolved limits

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left\{ \sum_{i,k > i} \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ik} + \sum_{i,j > i} \sum_{k > j} \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ijk} (1 - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ij} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ik} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{jk}) \right. \\
 &\quad + \sum_{i,j > i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq j \\ k > i}} \sum_{\substack{l \neq j \\ l > k}} \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ijkl} \left[ 1 - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ik} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{il} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{jk} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{jl} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \bar{\mathbf{S}}\bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ikl} (1 - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ik} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{il}) - \bar{\mathbf{S}}\bar{\mathbf{C}}_{jkl} (1 - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{jk} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{jl}) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \bar{\mathbf{S}}\bar{\mathbf{C}}_{kij} (1 - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ik} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{jk}) - \bar{\mathbf{S}}\bar{\mathbf{C}}_{lij} (1 - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{il} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{jl}) \right] \\
 &\quad \left. + \sum_{i,j > i} \sum_{\substack{k \neq i \\ k > j}} \bar{\mathbf{S}}\bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ijk} (1 - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ij} - \bar{\mathbf{S}}_{ik}) (1 - \bar{\mathbf{C}}_{ijk}) \right\} RR
 \end{aligned}$$

Collection of  
universal kernels!

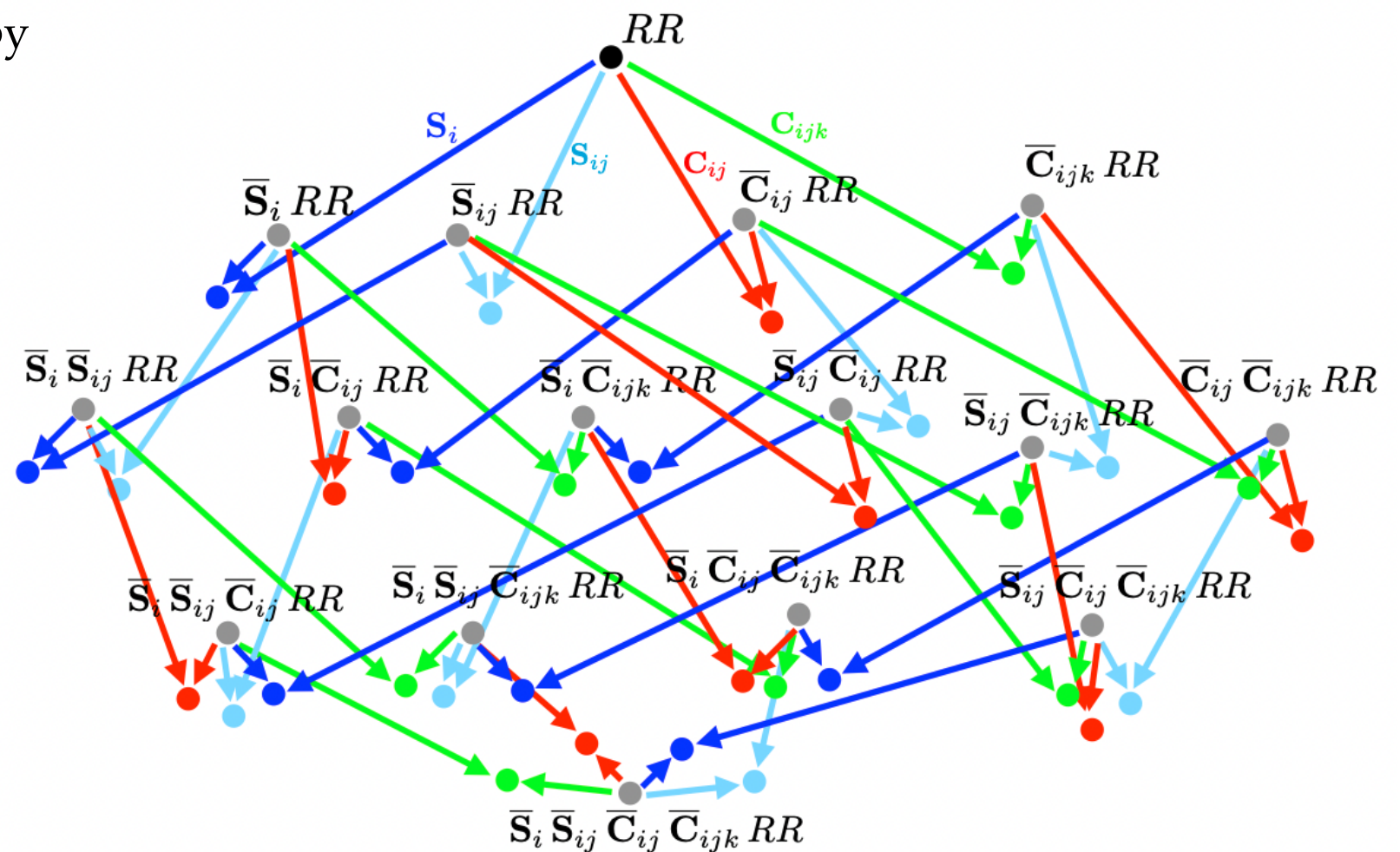
# Subtracting RR singularities

- Smooth **unitary partition** of double-unresolved phase space  $\Phi_{n+2}$  into *sectors*  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$
- Collect the limited *relevant* **IRC limits** reproducing all singularities
- **Nested Catani-Seymour mappings** from  $(n + 2) \rightarrow n$  kinematics [\[Catani, Seymour 9605323\]](#)
- Promotion to **counterterms**: *Improved limits* adapting momenta mapping to each kernel, while tuning action on sector functions when necessary
- **Locality** of the cancellation ensured by *consistency relations*

verified  
sector by sector

Selection of displayed limits

$S_i$ ,  $C_{ij}$ ,  $S_{ij}$ ,  $C_{ijk}$



# Subtracting RR singularities

---

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} &= \int d\Phi_n \textcolor{blue}{VV} \delta_{X_n} \\ &+ \int d\Phi_{n+1} \textcolor{blue}{RV} \delta_{X_{n+1}} \\ &+ \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ \textcolor{blue}{RR} \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark\end{aligned}$$

 **Finiteness** of double-real correction (integrable in  $d = 4$ )

# Subtracting RR singularities

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left( VV + I^{(2)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( RV + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(1)} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ RR \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \end{aligned}$$

☑ **Finiteness** of double-real correction (integrable in  $d = 4$ )

►  $\mathcal{W}_{ijkl}$  sum rules + mapping adaptation → **analytic integrations** by means of *standard techniques*

[Magnea, et al 2010.14493]

$$\blacksquare I^{(1)} = \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}} K^{(1)} \quad \blacksquare I^{(12)} = \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}} K^{(12)} \quad \blacksquare I^{(2)} = \int d\Phi_{\text{rad},2} K^{(2)}$$

NNLO  
complexity

\* Logarithmic (trivial) dependence on Mandelstam invariants

\* **Note:** no approximations in local terms!

# Subtracting RV singularities

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left( \textcolor{blue}{VV} + I^{(2)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( \textcolor{blue}{RV} + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( \textcolor{brown}{K}^{(1)} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ \textcolor{blue}{RR} \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

► More intricate cancellation pattern involving both *poles* and *phase-space singularities*

$$\begin{aligned} RV + I^{(1)} &\rightarrow \text{finite in } \epsilon \\ I^{(1)} - I^{(12)} &\rightarrow \text{integrable} \end{aligned}$$

Still singular in PS 

Contains poles in  $\epsilon$  

# Subtracting RV singularities

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left( \textcolor{blue}{VV} + I^{(2)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( \textcolor{blue}{RV} + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(\text{RV})} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ \textcolor{blue}{RR} \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

► More intricate cancellation pattern involving both *poles* and *phase-space singularities*

$$\begin{aligned} RV + I^{(1)} &\rightarrow \text{finite in } \epsilon \\ I^{(1)} - I^{(12)} &\rightarrow \text{integrable} \end{aligned}$$

 **Analytically** checked  
finiteness  
of RV contribution!

$$\begin{aligned} RV - K^{(\text{RV})} &\rightarrow \text{integrable} \\ K^{(\text{RV})} + I^{(12)} &\rightarrow \text{finite in } \epsilon \end{aligned}$$

► Apply NLO strategy to define the **real-virtual local term** [\[Bern, et al 9903516\]](#)

$$\blacksquare \quad K^{(\text{RV})} \supset \sum_{i,j \neq i} \left[ \overline{\mathbf{S}}_i + \overline{\mathbf{C}}_{ij}(1 - \overline{\mathbf{S}}_i) \right] RV \mathcal{W}_{ij}$$

# Subtracting RV singularities

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left( \textcolor{blue}{VV} + I^{(2)} + \textcolor{yellow}{I^{(RV)}} \right) \delta_{X_n} \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( \textcolor{blue}{RV} + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(RV)} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ \textcolor{blue}{RR} \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

► More intricate cancellation pattern involving both *poles* and *phase-space singularities*

$$\begin{aligned} RV + I^{(1)} &\rightarrow \text{finite in } \epsilon \\ I^{(1)} - I^{(12)} &\rightarrow \text{integrable} \end{aligned}$$

 **Analytically** checked  
finiteness  
of RV contribution!

$$\begin{aligned} RV - K^{(RV)} &\rightarrow \text{integrable} \\ K^{(RV)} + I^{(12)} &\rightarrow \text{finite in } \epsilon \end{aligned}$$

► Apply NLO strategy to define the **real-virtual local term** [\[Bern, et al 9903516\]](#)

$$\blacksquare \quad K^{(RV)} \supset \sum_{i,j \neq i} \left[ \overline{\mathbf{S}}_i + \overline{\mathbf{C}}_{ij}(1 - \overline{\mathbf{S}}_i) \right] RV \mathcal{W}_{ij}$$

$$\blacksquare \quad I^{(RV)} = \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}} K^{(RV)}$$

# Subtracting RV singularities

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left( \textcolor{blue}{VV} + I^{(2)} + I^{(\text{RV})} \right) \delta_{X_n} \checkmark \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( \textcolor{blue}{RV} + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(\text{RV})} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ \textcolor{blue}{RR} \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark\end{aligned}$$

## Removing VV poles

► Extract the  $\epsilon$  poles of the *double-virtual* correction and sum counterterm integrations

☒ **Analytically** verified for an **arbitrary** number of final-state partons

$$VV + I^{(2)} + I^{(\text{RV})} \rightarrow \text{free from } \epsilon \text{ poles}$$

# NNLO subtraction formula

## Massless QCD final-state radiation

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left( \textcolor{blue}{VV} + I^{(2)} + I^{(RV)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \checkmark \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( \textcolor{blue}{RV} + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(RV)} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark \\ & + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left[ \textcolor{blue}{RR} \delta_{X_{n+2}} - K^{(1)} \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(2)} - K^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark\end{aligned}$$

- ▶ Verified for an **arbitrary number** of final-state coloured particles (as well as of arbitrary massive/massless colourless ones)
- ▶ **No approximations** introduced in local and integrated terms
- ▶ **Analytic finite remainder** retaining mostly *simple logarithmic dependence* on kinematic invariants
- ▶ Ready to be implemented in a numerical framework equipped with the relevant matrix elements

# NNLO subtraction formula

## Massless QCD final-state radiation

$$L_{ab} = \log \frac{s_{ab}}{\mu^2}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = \int d\Phi_n \left( VV + I^{(2)} + I^{(RV)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \checkmark$$

$$+ \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( RV + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(RV)} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right] \checkmark$$

Analytic  
and compact!

$$VV + I^{(2)} + I^{(RV)} = \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \right)^2 \left\{ \left[ I^{(0)} + \sum_j I_j^{(1)} \mathbf{L}_{jr} + \sum_j I_j^{(2)} \mathbf{L}_{jr}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j,l \neq j} \gamma_j^{\text{hc}} \gamma_l^{\text{hc}} \mathbf{L}_{jr'} \mathbf{L}_{lr'} \right] \mathbf{B} \right.$$

$$+ \sum_j \left[ I_{jr}^{(0)} + I_{jr}^{(1)} \mathbf{L}_{jr} \right] \mathbf{B}_{jr} - 2(1-\zeta_2) \sum_{j,c \neq j,r} \gamma_j^{\text{hc}} (2 - \mathbf{L}_{cr}) \mathbf{B}_{cr}$$

$$+ \sum_{c,d \neq c} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \left[ I_{cd}^{(0)} + I_{cd}^{(1)} \mathbf{L}_{cd} + \frac{\beta_0}{12} \mathbf{L}_{cd}^2 + (4 - \mathbf{L}_{cd}) \sum_j \gamma_j^{\text{hc}} \mathbf{L}_{jr} \right] \mathbf{B}_{cd}$$

$$+ \sum_{c,d \neq c} \left[ -2 + \zeta_2 + 2\zeta_3 - \frac{5}{4} \zeta_4 + 2(1-\zeta_3) \mathbf{L}_{cd} \right] \mathbf{B}_{cdcd}$$

$$+ (1-\zeta_2) \sum_{\substack{c,d \neq c \\ e \neq d}} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \mathbf{L}_{ed} \mathbf{B}_{cded} + \sum_{\substack{c,d \neq c \\ e,f \neq e}} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \mathbf{L}_{ef} \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{8} \mathbf{L}_{ef} \right) \right] \mathbf{B}_{cdef}$$

$$+ \pi \sum_{\substack{c,d \neq c \\ e \neq c,d}} \left[ \ln \frac{s_{ce}}{s_{de}} \mathbf{L}_{cd}^2 + \frac{1}{3} \ln^3 \frac{s_{ce}}{s_{de}} + 2 \text{Li}_3 \left( -\frac{s_{ce}}{s_{de}} \right) \right] \mathbf{B}_{cde} \left. \right\}$$

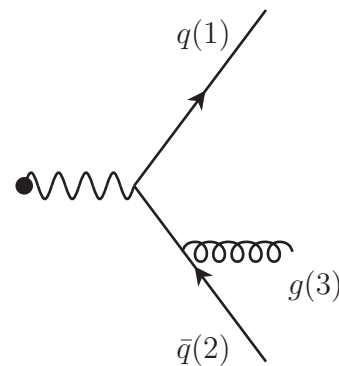
$$+ \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \right) \left\{ \left[ \Sigma_\phi - \sum_j \gamma_j^{\text{hc}} \mathbf{L}_{jr} \right] \mathbf{V}^{\text{fin}} + \sum_{c,d \neq c} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \left( 2 - \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \right) \mathbf{V}_{cd}^{\text{fin}} \right\} + \mathbf{V} \mathbf{V}^{\text{fin}}$$

# Symmetrised sector functions

$$\mathcal{Z}_{ij} \equiv \mathcal{W}_{ij} + \mathcal{W}_{ji}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow jj \text{ at NLO}$$

Real configuration



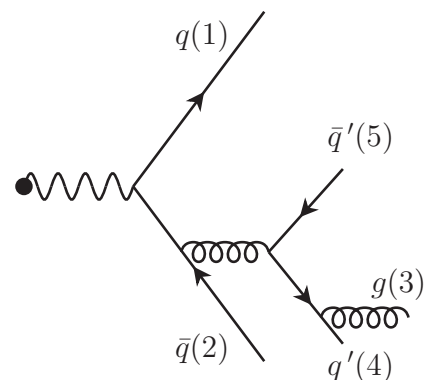
# limits per sector | # sectors | # limits

|                                      |   |   |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| $\mathcal{W}_{13}, \mathcal{W}_{23}$ | 3 | 4 | 8 |
| $\mathcal{W}_{31}, \mathcal{W}_{32}$ | 1 |   |   |
| $\mathcal{Z}_{13}, \mathcal{Z}_{23}$ | 2 | 2 | 4 |

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow jjj \text{ at NNLO}$$

Double-real configuration  
for selected channel

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}q'q'g$$



# limits per sector | # sectors | # limits

|                                                                                                                          |    |    |    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|----|
| $\mathcal{W}_{3445}, \mathcal{W}_{3554}, \mathcal{W}_{3454}, \mathcal{W}_{3545}, \mathcal{W}_{4535}, \mathcal{W}_{5434}$ | 11 | 12 | 88 |
| $\mathcal{W}_{4335}, \mathcal{W}_{4553}, \mathcal{W}_{5334}, \mathcal{W}_{5443}$                                         | 3  |    |    |
| $\mathcal{W}_{4353}, \mathcal{W}_{5343}$                                                                                 | 5  |    |    |
| $\mathcal{Z}_{345}$                                                                                                      | 15 | 1  | 15 |

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{Z}_{ijk} = & \mathcal{W}_{ijjk} + \mathcal{W}_{ikkj} + \mathcal{W}_{jiik} + \mathcal{W}_{jkki} + \mathcal{W}_{kijj} + \mathcal{W}_{kjjj} \\ & + \mathcal{W}_{ijkj} + \mathcal{W}_{ikjk} + \mathcal{W}_{jiki} + \mathcal{W}_{jkik} + \mathcal{W}_{kiji} + \mathcal{W}_{kjjj} \end{aligned}$$

# Status & Outlook

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☑ General analytic subtraction formula for **massless FSR and ISR at NLO**  
*[GB, Torrielli, Uccirati, Zaro 2209.09123]*

☑ General analytic **subtraction formula** for **massless FSR at NNLO**

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- ▶ Implementation and test of the NNLO formula in a numerical framework
- ▶ Extension to initial-state coloured particles for LHC applications  
(expected integrals of complexity similar to massless FSR) *On-going work*
- ▶ Treatment of the massive case: less singular limits, but more involved integrals

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*Thanks for your attention!*

Backup slides

# NNLO subtraction formula

## Massless QCD final-state radiation

$$L_{ab} = \log \frac{s_{ab}}{\mu^2}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{NNLO}}{dX} = \int d\Phi_n \left( VV + I^{(2)} + I^{(RV)} \right) \delta_{X_n} + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( RV + I^{(1)} \right) \delta_{X_{n+1}} - \left( K^{(RV)} + I^{(12)} \right) \delta_{X_n} \right]$$

Analytic and compact!

$$VV + I^{(2)} + I^{(RV)} = \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \right)^2 \left\{ \left[ I^{(0)} \right] + \sum_j \left[ I_j^{(1)} \right] \mathbf{L}_{jr} + \sum_j \left[ I_j^{(2)} \right] \mathbf{L}_{jr}^2 + \sum_j \left[ I_{jr}^{(0)} + I_{jr}^{(1)} \right] \mathbf{L}_{jr} \mathbf{B}_{jr} - 2(1 - \zeta_2) + \sum_{c,d \neq c} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \left[ I_{cd}^{(0)} + I_{cd}^{(1)} \right] \mathbf{L}_{cd} + \frac{\beta_0}{12} \mathbf{L}_{cd}^2 + \sum_{c,d \neq c} \left[ -2 + \zeta_2 + 2\zeta_3 - \frac{5}{4}\zeta_4 + 2(1 - \zeta_2) \sum_{\substack{c,d \neq c \\ e \neq d}} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \mathbf{L}_{ed} \mathbf{B}_{cded} + \sum_{\substack{c,d \neq c \\ e,f \neq e}} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \right] + \pi \sum_{\substack{c,d \neq c \\ e \neq c,d}} \left[ \ln \frac{s_{ce}}{s_{de}} \mathbf{L}_{cd}^2 + \frac{1}{3} \ln^3 \frac{s_{ce}}{s_{de}} + 2 \mathbf{L}_{cd} \right] + \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \right) \left\{ \left[ \Sigma_\phi - \sum_j \gamma_j^{\text{hc}} \mathbf{L}_{jr} \right] \mathbf{V}^{\text{fin}} + \sum_{c,d \neq c} \mathbf{L}_{cd} \right\}$$

$$I^{(0)} = N_q^2 C_F^2 \left[ \frac{101}{8} - \frac{141}{8} \zeta_2 + \frac{245}{16} \zeta_4 \right] + N_g N_q C_F \left[ C_A \left( \frac{13}{3} - \frac{125}{6} \zeta_2 + \frac{245}{8} \zeta_4 \right) + \beta_0 \left( \frac{77}{12} - \frac{53}{12} \zeta_2 \right) \right] + N_g^2 \left[ C_A^2 \left( \frac{20}{9} - \frac{13}{3} \zeta_2 + \frac{245}{16} \zeta_4 \right) + \beta_0^2 \left( \frac{73}{72} - \frac{1}{8} \zeta_2 \right) + C_A \beta_0 \left( -\frac{1}{9} - \frac{11}{3} \zeta_2 \right) \right] + N_q C_F \left[ C_F \left( \frac{53}{32} - \frac{57}{8} \zeta_2 + \frac{1}{2} \zeta_3 + \frac{21}{4} \zeta_4 \right) + C_A \left( \frac{677}{432} + \frac{5}{3} \zeta_2 - \frac{25}{2} \zeta_3 + \frac{47}{8} \zeta_4 \right) + \beta_0 \left( \frac{5669}{864} - \frac{85}{24} \zeta_2 - \frac{11}{12} \zeta_3 \right) \right] + N_g \left[ C_F C_A \left( -\frac{737}{48} + 11 \zeta_3 \right) + C_F \beta_0 \left( \frac{67}{16} - 3 \zeta_3 \right) + \beta_0^2 \left( \frac{73}{72} - \frac{3}{8} \zeta_2 \right) + C_A^2 \left( -\frac{4289}{216} + \frac{15}{2} \zeta_2 - 14 \zeta_3 + \frac{89}{8} \zeta_4 \right) + C_A \beta_0 \left( \frac{647}{54} - \frac{53}{8} \zeta_2 - \frac{11}{12} \zeta_3 \right) \right]$$

$$I_j^{(1)} = \delta_{f_a \{q, \bar{q}\}} C_F \left[ N_q C_F \left( \frac{5}{2} - \frac{7}{4} \zeta_2 \right) + N_g C_A \left( \frac{1}{3} - \frac{7}{4} \zeta_2 \right) + \frac{2}{3} N_g \beta_0 + C_F \left( -\frac{3}{8} - 4 \zeta_2 + 2 \zeta_3 \right) + C_A \left( \frac{25}{12} - 3 \zeta_2 + 3 \zeta_3 \right) + \beta_0 \left( \frac{1}{24} + \zeta_2 \right) \right] + \delta_{f_a g} \left[ N_q C_F C_A (10 - 7 \zeta_2) - N_q C_F \beta_0 \left( \frac{5}{2} - \frac{7}{4} \zeta_2 \right) + N_g C_A^2 \left( \frac{4}{3} - 7 \zeta_2 \right) + N_g C_A \beta_0 \left( \frac{7}{3} + \frac{7}{4} \zeta_2 \right) - \frac{2}{3} (N_g + 1) \beta_0^2 + \frac{11}{4} C_F C_A - \frac{3}{4} C_F \beta_0 + C_A^2 \left( \frac{28}{3} - \frac{23}{2} \zeta_2 + 5 \zeta_3 \right) - C_A \beta_0 \left( \frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{2} \zeta_2 \right) \right]$$

$$I_j^{(2)} = \frac{1}{8} (15 C_A - 7 \beta_0 - 15) C_{f_j} - \frac{1}{4} (5 C_A - 2 \beta_0) \gamma_j + 2 \zeta_2 C_{f_j}^2$$

$$I_{jr}^{(0)} = (-1 + 3 \zeta_2 - 2 \zeta_3) C_A - \frac{1}{2} (13 + 10 \zeta_2 + 2 \zeta_3) C_{f_j} + (5 + 2 \zeta_3) \gamma_j$$

$$I_{jr}^{(1)} = (1 - \zeta_2) C_A + \frac{1}{2} (4 + 7 \zeta_2) C_{f_j} - (2 + \zeta_2) \gamma_j$$

$$I_{cd}^{(0)} = \left( \frac{20}{9} - 2 \zeta_2 - \frac{7}{2} \zeta_3 \right) C_A + \frac{31}{9} \beta_0 + 2 \Sigma_\phi + 8 (1 - \zeta_2) C_{f_d}$$

$$I_{cd}^{(1)} = -\left( \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \zeta_2 \right) C_A - \frac{11}{12} \beta_0 - \frac{1}{2} \Sigma_\phi$$

# N<sup>3</sup>LO Subtraction

A **systematic** generalisation to **higher orders** is possible. At **three loops** one finds

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{d\sigma_{\text{N}^3\text{LO}}}{dX} = & \int d\Phi_n \left[ VV V_n + I_n^{(\mathbf{3})} + I_n^{(\mathbf{RVV})} + I_n^{(\mathbf{RRV}, \mathbf{2})} \right] \delta_n(X) \\
& + \int d\Phi_{n+1} \left[ \left( RV V_{n+1} + I_{n+1}^{(\mathbf{2})} + I_{n+1}^{(\mathbf{RRV}, \mathbf{1})} \right) \delta_{n+1}(X) \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \left( K_{n+1}^{(\mathbf{RVV})} + I_{n+1}^{(\mathbf{23})} + I_{n+1}^{(\mathbf{RRV}, \mathbf{12})} \right) \delta_n(X) \right] \\
& + \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left\{ \left( RRV_{n+2} + I_{n+2}^{(\mathbf{1})} \right) \delta_{n+2}(X) - \left( K_{n+2}^{(\mathbf{RRV}, \mathbf{1})} + I_{n+2}^{(\mathbf{12})} \right) \delta_{n+1}(X) \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \left[ \left( K_{n+2}^{(\mathbf{RRV}, \mathbf{2})} + I_{n+2}^{(\mathbf{13})} \right) - \left( K_{n+2}^{(\mathbf{RRV}, \mathbf{12})} + I_{n+2}^{(\mathbf{123})} \right) \right] \delta_n(X) \right\} \\
& + \int d\Phi_{n+3} \left[ RRR_{n+3} \delta_{n+3}(X) - K_{n+3}^{(\mathbf{1})} \delta_{n+2}(X) - \left( K_{n+3}^{(\mathbf{2})} - K_{n+3}^{(\mathbf{12})} \right) \delta_{n+1}(X) \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \left( K_{n+3}^{(\mathbf{3})} - K_{n+3}^{(\mathbf{13})} - K_{n+3}^{(\mathbf{23})} + K_{n+3}^{(\mathbf{123})} \right) \delta_n(X) \right],
\end{aligned}$$

A **general formula** for **N<sup>k</sup>LO** subtraction is **available**, involving  $p = 2^{(k+1)} - 2 - k$  **counterterms**.

## Double-unresolved phase space

- Catani-Seymour variables  $y, z, y', z', x' \in [0, 1]$  for mapping  $\{k\} \rightarrow \{\bar{k}\}^{(abcd)}$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 s_{ab} &= y' y s_{abcd}, & s_{cd} &= (1 - y') (1 - y) (1 - z) s_{abcd}, \\
 s_{ac} &= z' (1 - y') y s_{abcd}, & s_{bc} &= (1 - y') (1 - z') y s_{abcd}, \\
 s_{ad} &= (1 - y) \left[ y' (1 - z') (1 - z) + z' z - 2 (1 - 2x') \sqrt{y' z' (1 - z') z (1 - z)} \right] s_{abcd}, \\
 s_{bd} &= (1 - y) \left[ y' z' (1 - z) + (1 - z') z + 2 (1 - 2x') \sqrt{y' z' (1 - z') z (1 - z)} \right] s_{abcd},
 \end{aligned}$$

- Phase-space factorisation:

$$d\Phi_{n+2} = d\Phi_n^{(abcd)} d\Phi_{\text{rad},2}^{(abcd)},$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int d\Phi_{\text{rad},2}^{(abcd)} &= \int d\Phi_{\text{rad},2} (s_{abcd}; y, z, \phi, y', z', x') \\
 &= N^2(\epsilon) (s_{abcd})^{2-2\epsilon} \int_0^1 dx' \int_0^1 dy' \int_0^1 dz' \int_0^\pi d\phi (\sin \phi)^{-2\epsilon} \int_0^1 dy \int_0^1 dz \\
 &\quad \times \left[ 4 x' (1 - x') y' (1 - y')^2 z' (1 - z') y^2 (1 - y)^2 z (1 - z) \right]^{-\epsilon} \\
 &\quad \times [x' (1 - x')]^{-1/2} (1 - y') y (1 - y).
 \end{aligned}$$

# Analytic integration of double-unresolved counterterms

- Exploit as much as possible **symmetries of  $d\Phi_{\text{rad},2}^{(abcd)}$** :

$$\text{perm}(k_a, k_b, k_c, k_d), \quad s_{ab} \leftrightarrow s_{cd}, \quad s_{ac} \leftrightarrow s_{bd}, \quad s_{ad} \leftrightarrow s_{bc}.$$

- Possible denominator structures reduce to

$$s_{ab} = y' y s_{abcd},$$

$$s_{ac} = z' (1 - y') y s_{abcd},$$

$$s_{bc} = (1 - y') (1 - z') y s_{abcd},$$

$$s_{cd} = (1 - y') (1 - y) (1 - z) s_{abcd},$$

$$s_{bd} = (1 - y) \left[ y' z' (1 - z) + (1 - z') z + 2 (1 - 2w') \sqrt{y' z' (1 - z') z (1 - z)} \right] s_{abcd},$$

$$s_{ac} + s_{bc} = (1 - y') y s_{abcd},$$

$$s_{ad} + s_{bd} = (y' + z - y' z) (1 - y) s_{abcd},$$

$$s_{ab} + s_{bc} = (1 - z' + z' y') y s_{abcd}.$$

- Integration measure

$$\begin{aligned} \int d\Phi_{\text{rad},2}^{(abcd)} &= N(\epsilon) (s_{abcd})^{2-2\epsilon} \int_0^1 dw' \int_0^1 dy' \int_0^1 dz' \int_0^1 dy \int_0^1 dz [w' (1 - w')]^{-1/2-\epsilon} \\ &\quad \times \left[ y' (1 - y')^2 z' (1 - z') y^2 (1 - y)^2 z (1 - z) \right]^{-\epsilon} (1 - y') y (1 - y). \end{aligned}$$

# Analytic integration of double-unresolved counterterms

## ► Integration measure

$$\int d\Phi_{\text{rad},2}^{(abcd)} = N(\epsilon) (s_{abcd})^{2-2\epsilon} \int_0^1 dy \int_0^1 dw' \int_0^1 dz \int_0^1 dy' \int_0^1 dz' [w' (1-w')]^{-1/2-\epsilon} \\ \times [y' (1-y')^2 z' (1-z') y^2 (1-y)^2 z (1-z)]^{-\epsilon} (1-y') y (1-y) .$$

## ► Integrate $y$ : fully factorised dependence $\rightarrow$ Beta functions.

## ► Integrate $w'$ (azimuth): at worst one gets rational $\times {}_2F_1 \left[ 1, 1+\epsilon, 1-\epsilon, \frac{y' z' (1-z)}{z(1-z')} \right]$ .

## ► Integrate $z$ : at worst one gets rational $\times {}_2F_1 \left[ 1, n+1-\epsilon, 1-\epsilon, -\frac{y' z'}{1-z'} \right]$ .

## ► ${}_2F_1 \rightarrow$ integral representation in $t$ ; integrate in $z'$ and get at worst

$$\int_0^1 dy' dt t^a (1-t)^b y'^c (1-y')^d {}_2F_1 [n, m-\epsilon, p-2\epsilon, 1-ty'] , \quad n, m, p \in \mathbb{N}$$

## ► Expand in $\epsilon$ and integrate in $dt dy'$ .

## ► Checked against numerical integration (with no symmetries or relabellings encoded).