High-energy resummation in Higgs production at next-to-leading order

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in collaboration with

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based on

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BFKL approach

Reggeization BFKL in the LLA BFKL in the NLLA

Higgs impact factor at NLO

Real corrections Virtual corrections Cancellation of divergences

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Real corrections Virtual corrections Cancellation of divergences

- Record energies in the center-of-mass reachable by modern and future colliders allow us to study Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD) in its least well understood "final frontier"
- Semi-hard collision process \rightarrow stringent scale hierarchy

 $s \gg Q^2 \gg \Lambda_{\rm QCD}^2$, Q^2 a hard scale,

 ${\bf Regge}$ kinematic region

 $\alpha_s(Q^2) \ln\left(\frac{s}{Q^2}\right) \sim 1 \implies$ all-order **resummation** needed

- The **BFKL** (Balitsky, Fadin, Kuraev, Lipatov) approach
 - *i.* Leading-Logarithmic-Approximation (**LLA**): $(\alpha_s \ln s)^n$
 - *ii.* Next-to-Leading-Logarithmic-Approximation (NLLA): $\alpha_s(\alpha_s \ln s)^n$
 - iii. Progress on next-to-NLLA

[C. Milloy's talk]

[G. Falcioni, E. Gardi, N. Maher, C. Milloy, L. Vernazza (2022)]
[F. Caola, A. Chakraborty, G. Gambuti, A. von Manteuffel, L. Tancredi (2022)]
[E. P. Byrne, V. Del Duca, L. J. Dixon, E. Gardi, J. M. Smillie (2022)]
[V. S. Fadin, M. F., A. Papa (2023)]

Higgs plus jet production

- Inclusive Higgs plus jet production in proton-proton collision
 - *i*. Full NLL Green function + Partial NLO impact factors (full m_t -dep.)

[F. G. Celiberto, D. Yu. Ivanov, M. M. A. Mohammed, A. Papa (2021)]

ii. Same process in HEJ framework (full m_t, m_b -dep.)

[J. R. Andersen, H. Hassan, A. Maier, J. Paltrinieri, A. Papaefstathiou, J. M. Smillie (2022)]



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The Reggeized gluon in pQCD

- Elastic scattering process $A + B \longrightarrow A' + B'$
 - *i.* Gluon quantum numbers in the t-channel
 - *ii.* **Regge limit** $\longrightarrow s \simeq -u \rightarrow \infty$, $t = q^2$ fixed (i.e not growing with s)
 - *iii* Valid in LLA ($\alpha_s^n \ln^n s$ resummed) and NLLA ($\alpha_s^{n+1} \ln^n s$ resummed)



• LLA [L. N. Lipatov (1976)] $\Gamma_{A'A}^{(0)} = \delta_{\lambda_{A'}\lambda_{A}}, \quad \omega^{(1)}(t) = \frac{g^{2}t}{(2\pi)^{(D-1)}} \frac{N}{2} \int \frac{d^{D-2}k_{\perp}}{k_{\perp}^{2}(q-k)_{\perp}^{2}} = -g^{2} \frac{N\Gamma(1-\epsilon)}{(4\pi)^{2+\epsilon}} \frac{\Gamma^{2}(\epsilon)}{\Gamma(2\epsilon)} (\vec{q}^{\ 2})^{\epsilon}$

• Inelastic scattering process $A + B \longrightarrow \tilde{A} + \tilde{B} + n$ in the LLA



- i. Leading-logarithm resummation ↓ Multi-Regge kinematics (MRK)
- ii. Exchange of fermions suppressed in LLA
- *iii.* Vertical gluons become Reggeized due to loop radiative corrections

iv.
$$\gamma_{c_i c_{i+1}}^{P_i}(q_i, q_{i+1}) \rightarrow Lipatov \ vertex$$

• Multi-Regge form of inelastic amplitudes

$$\Re \mathcal{A}_{AB}^{\tilde{A}\tilde{B}+n} = 2s\Gamma_{\tilde{A}A}^{c_1} \left(\prod_{i=1}^n \gamma_{c_i c_{i+1}}^{P_i}(q_i, q_{i+1}) \left(\frac{s_i}{s_0}\right)^{\omega(t_i)} \frac{1}{t_i}\right) \frac{1}{t_{n+1}} \left(\frac{s_{n+1}}{s_0}\right)^{\omega(t_{n+1})} \Gamma_{\tilde{B}B}^{c_{n+1}}$$

Multi-Regge kinematics

• Sudakov decomposition

$$k_i = z_i p_A + \lambda_i p_B + k_{i\perp} \qquad p_A^2 = p_B^2 = 0$$

• Multi-Regge kinematics (MRK)

$$z_0 \gg z_1 \gg \dots \gg z_n \gg z_{n+1}$$
$$\lambda_{n+1} \gg \lambda_n \gg \dots \gg \lambda_1 \gg \lambda_0$$
$$k_{0\perp} \sim k_{1\perp} \sim \dots \sim k_{n\perp} \sim k_{n+1\perp}$$

Cutkosky rules

$$\Im \mathcal{A}_{AB}^{A'B'} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n} d\Phi_{\tilde{A}\tilde{B}+n} \mathcal{A}_{AB}^{\tilde{A}\tilde{B}+n} \left(\mathcal{A}_{A'B'}^{\tilde{A}\tilde{B}+n} \right)^*$$

• Integration over phase space

Each integration over s_i (or z_i) \downarrow One energy logarithm



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BFKL resummation

- Diffusion $A + B \longrightarrow A' + B'$ in the **Regge kinematical region**
- BFKL factorization for $\Im \mathcal{A}_{AB}^{A'B'} \rightarrow \text{convolution of a Green function}$ (process independent) with the *Impact factors* of the colliding particles (process dependent)



$$\Im \mathcal{A}_{AB}^{A'B'(\mathcal{R})} = \frac{s}{(2\pi)^{D-2}} \int \frac{d^{D-2}q_1}{\vec{q}_1^2(\vec{q}_1 - \vec{q}\,)^2} \frac{d^{D-2}q_2}{\vec{q}_2^2(\vec{q}_2 - \vec{q}\,)^2} \\ \times \sum_{\nu} \Phi_{A'A}^{(\mathcal{R},\nu)}(\vec{q}_1, \vec{q}, s_0) \int \frac{d\omega}{2\pi i} \left[\left(\frac{s}{s_0} \right)^{\omega} G_{\omega}^{(\mathcal{R})}(\vec{q}_1, \vec{q}_2; \vec{q}\,) \right] \Phi_{B'B}^{(\mathcal{R},\nu)}(-\vec{q}_2, \vec{q}, s_0)$$

•
$$\mathcal{R} = 1^+$$
(singlet), 8^- (octect), ...

BFKL resummation

• $G^{(R)}_{\omega}(\vec{q}_1, \vec{q}_2; \vec{q})$ -Mellin transform of the Green function for the Reggeon-Reggeon scattering

• **BFKL** equation $(\vec{q}^2 = 0 \text{ and singlet color state representation})$ [I. Balitsky, V. S. Fadin, E. A. Kuraev, L. N. Lipatov (1975-1978)]

• $\Phi_{P'P}^{(R,\nu)}$ - LO impact factor in the *t*-channel color state (R,ν)

$$\Phi_{PP'}^{(R,\nu)} = \langle cc' | \hat{\mathcal{P}} | \nu \rangle \sum_{\{f\}} \int \frac{ds_{PR}}{2\pi} d\rho_f \Gamma_{\{f\}P}^c (\Gamma_{\{f\}P'}^{c'})^*$$

BFKL at NLLA in a nutshell

• Simple factorized form of inelastic amplitudes

[V. S. Fadin, L. N. Lipatov (1989)] Straightforward program of computations

- Resummation of subleading logarithms means a *new kinematics*
 - i. Multi-Regge kinematics (MRK)
 - ii. Quasi multi-Regge kinematics (QMRK)
- Multi-Regge kinematics

Previous quantity must be calculated at higher loops (one α_s more)



BFKL at NLLA in a nutshell

• Quasi Multi-Regge kinematics

A pair of particles (but only one!) may have longitudinal Sudakov variables of the same order (one logarithm less)



• 3 new contributions to the real kernel

 $\mathcal{K}_{r}\left(\vec{q}_{1},\vec{q}_{2}\right) = \mathcal{K}_{RRG}^{(1)}\left(\vec{q}_{1},\vec{q}_{2}\right) + \mathcal{K}_{RRGG}^{(0)}\left(\vec{q}_{1},\vec{q}_{2}\right) + \mathcal{K}_{RRQ\bar{Q}}^{(0)}\left(\vec{q}_{1},\vec{q}_{2}\right).$



BFKL at NLLA in a nutshell

- Separating MRK and QMRK \rightarrow Introduction of s_Λ parameter
- QMRK $(s_{ij} < s_{\Lambda})$

In the $two-gluon\ contribution\ to\ the\ kernel$ the invariant mass should be constrained

$$\mathcal{K}_{r}(\vec{q}_{1},\vec{q}_{2}) = \frac{\langle c_{1}c_{1}'|\hat{\mathcal{P}}_{0}|c_{2}c_{2}'\rangle}{2} \sum_{\{f\}} \int \frac{ds_{RR}}{(2\pi)^{D}} d\rho_{f} \ \gamma_{c_{1}c_{2}}^{\{f\}}(q_{1},q_{2}) \left(\gamma_{c_{1}'c_{2}'}^{\{f\}}(q_{1},q_{2})\right)^{*} \theta(s_{\Lambda}-s_{RR})$$

MRK (s_{ij} > s_Λ)

The lower bound of integration over invariant masses is s_{Λ}

$$-\frac{1}{2}\int d^{D-2}q' \ \vec{q}_1^2 \vec{q}_2^2 \mathcal{K}_r^{(0)}(\vec{q}_1, \vec{q}\,') \mathcal{K}_r^{(0)}(\vec{q}\,', \vec{q}_2) \ln\left(\frac{s_\Lambda^2}{(\vec{q}\,' - \vec{q}_1)^2 (\vec{q}\,' - \vec{q}_2)^2}\right)$$

• Similarly, for the *impact factors*

$$\begin{split} \Phi_{AA}(\vec{q}_1;s_0) &= \left(\frac{s_0}{\vec{q}_1^{\,2}}\right)^{\omega(-\vec{q}_1^{\,2})} \sum_{\{f\}} \int \theta(s_\Lambda - s_{AR}) \frac{ds_{AR}}{2\pi} \ d\rho_f \ \Gamma^c_{\{f\}A} \left(\Gamma^{c'}_{\{f\}A}\right)^* \langle cc' | \hat{\mathcal{P}}_0 | 0 \rangle \\ &- \frac{1}{2} \int d^{D-2} q_2 \ \frac{\vec{q}_1^{\,2}}{\vec{q}_2^{\,2}} \ \Phi^{(0)}_{AA}(\vec{q}_2) \ \mathcal{K}^{(0)}_r(\vec{q}_2, \vec{q}_1) \ \ln\left(\frac{s_\Lambda^2}{s_0(\vec{q}_2 - \vec{q}_1)^2}\right) \end{split}$$

• Dependence on s_{Λ} disappears in the combination

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Factorization scheme for hadronic impact factors

• Infrared safety of impact factor for colorless particle

[V. S. Fadin, A. D. Martin (1999)]

• Impact factors of colored particles afflicted by *infrared singularities*



LO Higgs impact factor

- Gluon-Reggeon → Higgs (through the top quark loop)
- Off-shell t-channel gluon with effective p_2^{ν}/s polarization



• LO impact factor

• The study can be upgraded to Next-to-Leading Order (NLO), in the limit $m_t \to \infty$, by using the effective lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{ggH}} = -\frac{1}{4} \mathbf{g}_{\mathbf{H}} \mathbf{F}^{\mathbf{a}}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{F}^{\mu\nu,\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{H} \qquad \qquad g_{H} = \frac{\alpha_{s}}{3\pi v} \left(1 + \frac{11}{4} \frac{\alpha_{s}}{\pi} \right) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{s}^{3})$$

• Gluon initiated contribution



$$d\Phi_{gg}^{\{Hg\}} \sim \left\{ \frac{\vec{q}^{\,2} z_H}{(1-z_H)\vec{r}^{\,2}} + \frac{\vec{q}^{\,2}}{\vec{r}^{\,2}} \left[z_H(1-z_H) + 2(1-\epsilon) \frac{1-z_H}{z_H} \frac{(\vec{q}\cdot\vec{r})^2}{\vec{q}^{\,2}\vec{r}^{\,2}} \right] \right\} \\ \times \theta \left(s_\Lambda - \frac{(1-z_H)m_H^2 + \vec{\Delta}^2}{z_H(1-z_H)} \right) + \text{finite}$$

Divergences

Rapidity divergence $\Rightarrow s_{\Lambda}$ still present $\vec{\Delta} = \vec{p}_H - z_H \vec{q}$ Soft divergence: $z_H \rightarrow 1$, $\vec{r} \rightarrow \vec{0}$ Collinear divergence:

• Quark initiated contribution



$$d\Phi_{qq}^{\{Hq\}} \sim \left[\frac{4(1-z_H)\left(\vec{r}\cdot\vec{q}\,\right)^2 + z_H^2\vec{q}\,^2\vec{r}\,^2}{z_H(\vec{r}\,^2)^2}\right]$$

Divergences

Rapidity divergence absent $\implies s_{\Lambda} \rightarrow \infty$ Collinear divergence: $\vec{r} \equiv (\vec{q} - \vec{p}_H) \rightarrow \vec{0}$

• Agreement with calculation within Lipatov effective action framework [M. Hentschinski, K. Kutak, A. van Hameren (2021)]

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 Comparison of a test amplitude (in the high-energy approximation) with the $Regge\ form$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}_{gq \to Hq}^{(8,-)} &= \Gamma_{\{H\}g}^{ac} \frac{s}{t} \left[\left(\frac{s}{-t} \right)^{\omega(t)} + \left(\frac{-s}{-t} \right)^{\omega(t)} \right] \Gamma_{qq}^{c} \approx \Gamma_{\{H\}g}^{ac(0)} \frac{2s}{t} \Gamma_{qq}^{c(0)} \\ &+ \Gamma_{\{H\}g}^{ac(0)} \frac{s}{t} \omega^{(1)}(t) \left[\ln \left(\frac{s}{-t} \right) + \ln \left(\frac{-s}{-t} \right) \right] \Gamma_{qq}^{c(0)} + \Gamma_{\{H\}g}^{ac(0)} \frac{2s}{t} \Gamma_{qq}^{c(1)} + \Gamma_{\{H\}g}^{ac(1)} \frac{2s}{t} \Gamma_{qq}^{c(0)} \end{aligned}$$

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• Virtual corrections to the impact factor

$$\frac{d\Phi_{gg}^{\{H\}(1)}}{dz_H d^2 \vec{p}_H} = \frac{d\Phi_{gg}^{\{H\}(0)}}{dz_H d^2 \vec{p}_H} \frac{\bar{\alpha}_s}{2\pi} \left(\frac{\vec{q}}{\mu^2}\right)^{-\epsilon} \left[-\frac{C_A}{\epsilon^2} + \frac{11C_A - 2n_f}{6\epsilon} - \frac{C_A}{\epsilon} \ln\left(\frac{\vec{q}}{s_0}\right) - \frac{5n_f}{9} + C_A \left(2 \Re\left(\text{Li}_2\left(1 + \frac{m_H^2}{\vec{q}}\right)\right) + \frac{\pi^2}{3} + \frac{67}{18}\right) + 11\right]$$

• Checks \rightarrow [C. R. Schmidt (1997)] [M. Nefedov (2019)]

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• Single gluon in the *t*-channel diagrams



Gribov's prescription:
$$g^{\rho\nu} = g^{\rho\nu}_{\perp\perp} + 2 \frac{p_1^{\rho} p_2^{\nu} + p_1^{\nu} p_2^{\rho}}{s} \rightarrow 2s \frac{p_1^{\nu}}{s} \frac{p_2^{\rho}}{s}$$

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• Two gluons in the *t*-channel diagrams



Dimension-5 operator in $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{QCD} + \mathcal{L}_{ggH}$

$$g^{\rho\nu} = g^{\rho\nu}_{\perp\perp} + 2 \frac{p_1^{\rho} p_2^{\nu} + p_1^{\nu} p_2^{\rho}}{s} \rightarrow 2s \frac{p_1^{\nu}}{s} \frac{p_2^{\rho}}{s} + g^{\rho\nu}_{\perp\perp}$$

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• Perturbative expansion of the Kernel: $\hat{K} = \bar{\alpha}_s \hat{K}^0 + \bar{\alpha}_s^2 \hat{K}^1$

$$\hat{1} = \left(\omega - \hat{K}\right) \hat{G}_{\omega} \implies \hat{G}_{\omega} = \left(\omega - \hat{K}\right)^{-1}$$
$$\hat{G}_{\omega} \simeq \left(\omega - \bar{\alpha}_s \hat{K}^0\right)^{-1} + \left(\omega - \bar{\alpha}_s \hat{K}^0\right)^{-1} \left(\bar{\alpha}_s^2 \hat{K}^1\right) \left(\omega - \bar{\alpha}_s \hat{K}^0\right)^{-1}$$

• Eigenfunctions of the LO kernel

$$\hat{K}^{0} \left| n, \nu \right\rangle = \chi(n, \nu) \left| n, \nu \right\rangle \qquad \langle \vec{q} \left| n, \nu \right\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi \sqrt{2}} (\vec{q}^{\ 2})^{i\nu - \frac{1}{2}} e^{in\phi}$$

 $\chi(n,\nu) \rightarrow Lipatov\ characteristic\ function$

• BFKL cross-section

$$d\sigma_{AB} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{D-2}} \sum_{n,n'} \int d\nu \int d\nu' \int_{\delta - i\infty}^{\delta + i\infty} \frac{d\omega}{2\pi i} \left(\frac{s}{s_0}\right)^{\omega} \\ \times \langle \frac{d\Phi_{AA}}{\vec{q}_1^2} | n, \nu \rangle \langle n, \nu | \hat{G}_{\omega} | n', \nu' \rangle \langle n'\nu' | \frac{d\Phi_{BB}}{\vec{q}_2^2} \rangle$$

• Projection onto the eigenfunction of the BFKL kernel

$$\left\langle \frac{d\Phi_{AA}}{\vec{q}\,^2} | n, \nu \right\rangle = \int \frac{d^{2-2\epsilon}q}{\pi\sqrt{2}} (\vec{q}\,^2)^{i\nu-\frac{3}{2}} e^{in\phi} d\Phi_{AA}(\vec{q}\,) \equiv d\Phi_{AA}(n,\nu)$$

• **Rapidity** divergences \rightarrow removed by the BFKL counterterm

$$d\Phi_{PP}^{\{Hg\}} \longrightarrow d\tilde{\Phi}_{PP}^{\{Hg\}} = d\Phi_{PP}^{\{Hg\}} - d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}} \otimes \mathcal{K}_{r}^{(0)} \ln s_{\Lambda}$$

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- ${\bf UV}$ divergences \rightarrow coupling renormalization

$$\alpha_s(\mu^2) = \alpha_s(\mu_R^2) \left[1 + \frac{\alpha_s(\mu_R^2)}{2\pi} \beta_0 \left(-\frac{1}{\epsilon} - \ln(4\pi e^{-\gamma_E}) + \ln\left(\frac{\mu_R^2}{\mu^2}\right) \right) \right]$$

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• Soft divergences \rightarrow cancel in the real plus virtual combination

• **Rapidity** divergences \rightarrow removed by the BFKL counterterm

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- Soft divergences \rightarrow cancel in the real plus virtual combination
- Surviving collinear divergences \rightarrow gPDF renormalization

$$f_g(x,\mu) = f_g(x,\mu_F) - \frac{\alpha_s(\mu_F)}{2\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{\epsilon} - \ln(4\pi e^{-\gamma_E}) + \ln\left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{\mu^2}\right) \right)$$
$$\times \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} \left[P_{gq}(z) \sum_{a=q\bar{q}} f_a\left(\frac{x}{z},\mu_F\right) + P_{gg}(z) f_g\left(\frac{x}{z},\mu_F\right) \right]$$

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$$d\Phi_{PP}^{\{Hg\}} \longrightarrow d\tilde{\Phi}_{PP}^{\{Hg\}} = d\Phi_{PP}^{\{Hg\}} - d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}} \otimes \mathcal{K}_{r}^{(0)} \ln s_{\Lambda}$$

- ${\bf UV}$ divergences \rightarrow coupling renormalization

$$\alpha_s(\mu^2) = \alpha_s(\mu_R^2) \left[1 + \frac{\alpha_s(\mu_R^2)}{2\pi} \beta_0 \left(-\frac{1}{\epsilon} - \ln(4\pi e^{-\gamma_E}) + \ln\left(\frac{\mu_R^2}{\mu^2}\right) \right) \right]$$

- Soft divergences \rightarrow cancel in the real plus virtual combination
- Surviving collinear divergences \rightarrow gPDF renormalization

$$f_g(x,\mu) = f_g(x,\mu_F) - \frac{\alpha_s(\mu_F)}{2\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{\epsilon} - \ln(4\pi e^{-\gamma_E}) + \ln\left(\frac{\mu_F^2}{\mu^2}\right) \right)$$
$$\times \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} \left[P_{gq}(z) \sum_{a=q\bar{q}} f_a\left(\frac{x}{z},\mu_F\right) + P_{gg}(z) f_g\left(\frac{x}{z},\mu_F\right) \right]$$

• Complete final expression

Integrals of Gaussian hypergeometric functions $_2F_1(a, b, c; z)$

Summary and outlook

Summary

• Higgs plus jet production at large difference of rapidity has been investigated within partial NLLA in the BFKL approach

[F. G. Celiberto, D. Yu. Ivanov, M. M. A. Mohammed, A. Papa (2021)] [J. R. Andersen, H. Hassan, A. Maier, J. Paltrinieri, A. Papaefstathiou, J. M. Smillie (2022)]

- NLO corrections to the forward Higgs boson impact factor has been obtained both in q_T and (n, ν) -space in the $m_t \to \infty$ limit
- *Gribov's prescription* for high-energy computations in QCD needs to be modified in the present case

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Outlook

• Full NLL matched to NLO Higgs plus jet production

[Celiberto's talk]

- Finite top-mass corrections
- NLO impact factor for the central Higgs production

Thanks for your attention!

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Backup

- UV counterterm $d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}}\Big|_{\alpha_s \ c.t.} = d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}(0)} \frac{\bar{\alpha}_s}{2\pi} \left[-\frac{\beta_0}{\epsilon}\right] + \text{finite}$
- gPDF counterterm

$$\begin{split} \left. d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}} \right|_{\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{qg}} \text{ c.t.}} &= \frac{d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}(0)}}{fg(x_H)} \frac{\bar{\alpha}_s}{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{\epsilon} P_{gq} \otimes \sum_{a=q\bar{q}} f_a \right] + \text{finite} \\ \left. d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}} \right|_{\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{gg}} \text{ c.t.}} &= \frac{d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}(0)}}{fg(x_H)} \frac{\bar{\alpha}_s}{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{\epsilon} \bar{P}_{gg} \otimes f_g + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\beta_0}{\epsilon} f_g(x_H) \right] + \text{finite} \end{split}$$

• Real quark contribution

$$\left. d\Phi_{PP}^{\{Hg\}} \right|_{\rm quark} = \frac{d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}(0)}}{f_g(x_H)} \frac{\bar{\alpha}_s}{2\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{\epsilon} P_{gq} \otimes \sum_{a=q\bar{q}} f_a \right] + {\rm finite}$$

• Real gluon contribution (BFKL counterterm subtracted)

$$d\Phi_{PP}^{\{Hq\}}\Big|_{\text{gluon}} = \frac{d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}(0)}}{f_g(x_H)} \frac{\bar{\alpha}_s}{2\pi} \left(\frac{\vec{p}_H^2}{\mu^2}\right)^{-\epsilon} \left[\left(\frac{C_A}{\epsilon^2} + \frac{C_A}{\epsilon} \ln\left(\frac{\vec{p}_H^2}{s_0}\right)\right) f_g(x_H) - \frac{1}{\epsilon} \tilde{P}_{gg} \otimes f_g \right] + \text{finite}$$

• Virtual corrections contribution

$$\left. d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}} \right|_{\rm virtual} = \left. d\Phi_{PP}^{\{H\}(0)} \frac{\bar{\alpha}_s}{2\pi} \left(\frac{\vec{p}_H^2}{\mu^2} \right)^{-\epsilon} \left[-\frac{C_A}{\epsilon^2} - \frac{C_A}{\epsilon} \ln\left(\frac{\vec{p}_H^2}{s_0} \right) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \frac{\beta_0}{2} \right] + \text{finite} \right.$$

$$I_1(\gamma_1, \gamma_2, n, \nu) = \int \frac{d^{2-2\epsilon}\vec{q}}{\pi\sqrt{2}} (\vec{q}^{\ 2})^{i\nu - \frac{3}{2}} e^{in\phi} (\vec{q}^{\ 2})^{-\gamma_1} \left[(\vec{q} - \vec{p}_H)^2 \right]^{-\gamma_2} = \frac{(\vec{p}_H^{\ 2})^{-\frac{1}{2} + i\nu - \epsilon - \gamma_1 - \gamma_2} e^{in\phi} H}{\sqrt{2}\pi^{\epsilon}}$$

$$\times \left[\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} + \gamma_1 + \gamma_2 + \frac{n}{2} - i\nu + \epsilon\right) \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \gamma_1 + \frac{n}{2} + i\nu - \epsilon\right) \Gamma\left(1 - \gamma_2 - \epsilon\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2} + \gamma_1 + \frac{n}{2} - i\nu\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \gamma_1 - \gamma_2 + \frac{n}{2} + i\nu - 2\epsilon\right) \Gamma\left(\gamma_2\right)} \right]$$

$$\begin{split} I_{3}(\gamma_{1},\gamma_{2},n,\nu) &= \int \frac{d^{2-2\epsilon}\vec{q}}{\pi\sqrt{2}} (\vec{q}^{\ 2})^{i\nu-\frac{3}{2}} e^{in\phi} (\vec{q}^{\ 2})^{-\gamma_{1}} \left[(1-z_{H})m_{H}^{2} + (\vec{p}_{H}-z_{H}\vec{q})^{2} \right]^{-\gamma_{2}} \\ &= \frac{(\vec{p}_{H}^{\ 2})^{\frac{n}{2}} e^{in\phi}_{H}}{(z_{H}^{2})^{\gamma_{2}+\frac{n}{2}}\sqrt{2}\pi^{\epsilon}} \left(\frac{\vec{p}_{H}^{\ 2}}{z_{H}^{2}} + \frac{(1-z_{H})m_{H}^{2}}{z_{H}^{2}} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}-\gamma_{1}-\gamma_{2}-\frac{n}{2}+i\nu-\epsilon} \\ &\times \left[\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}+\gamma_{1}+\gamma_{2}+\frac{n}{2}-i\nu+\epsilon\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{2}-\gamma_{1}+\frac{n}{2}+i\nu-\epsilon)\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}+\frac{n}{2}+\gamma_{1}-i\nu)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}+\gamma_{1}+\frac{n}{2}-i\nu\right)\Gamma\left(\gamma_{2}\right)\Gamma(1+n-\epsilon)} \right] \\ &\times {}_{2}F_{1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\gamma_{1}+\frac{n}{2}+i\nu-\epsilon,\frac{1}{2}+\gamma_{1}+\gamma_{2}+\frac{n}{2}-i\nu+\epsilon,1+n-\epsilon,\xi\right) \,, \end{split}$$

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$$\begin{split} I_{2,\mathrm{reg}} &\equiv I_2 - I_{2,\mathrm{as}} = \frac{(\vec{p}_H^{-2})^{\frac{n}{2}} e^{in\phi_H}}{z_H^2 \sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2} + \gamma_1 + \frac{n}{2} - i\nu\right) \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \gamma_1 + \frac{n}{2} + i\nu\right)}{\Gamma\left(1 + n\right)} \right] \\ &\times \int_0^1 d\Delta \left(\Delta + \frac{(1 - \Delta)}{z_H}\right)^n \left[\left(\Delta + \frac{(1 - \Delta)}{z_H^2}\right) \vec{p}_H^{-2} + \frac{(1 - \Delta)(1 - z_H)m_H^2}{z_H^2} \right]^{-\frac{5}{2} - \gamma_1 + i\nu - \frac{n}{2}} \\ &\times \left\{ 2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \gamma_1 + \frac{n}{2} + i\nu, \frac{5}{2} + \gamma_1 - i\nu + \frac{n}{2}, 1 + n, \zeta\right) - \frac{z_H^2(\vec{p}_H^2)^{-\frac{3}{2} - \gamma_1 - \frac{n}{2} + i\nu}}{\left(m_H^2 + (1 - z_H)\vec{p}_H^2\right)} \right. \\ &\times \frac{\Gamma(1 + n)}{\Gamma(\frac{5}{2} + \gamma_1 + \frac{n}{2} - i\nu)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{2} - \gamma_1 + \frac{n}{2} + i\nu)} \frac{1}{(1 - \Delta)(1 - z_H)} \right\} \\ &\zeta &= \frac{\left(\Delta + \frac{(1 - \Delta)}{z_H^2}\right)^2 \vec{p}_H^2}{\left[\left(\Delta + \frac{(1 - \Delta)}{z_H^2}\right)^2 \vec{p}_H^2 - \frac{(1 - \Delta)(1 - z_H)m_H^2}{z_H^2} \right]} \,. \end{split}$$

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Set of integrals

• The complete finite result is obtained in terms of hypergeometric functions and integrals of hypergeometric functions (with some shrewdness!), i.e,

$$\begin{split} I_{2}(\gamma_{1},n,\nu) &= \int \frac{d^{2-2\epsilon}\vec{q}}{\pi\sqrt{2}} (\vec{q}^{\ 2})^{i\nu-\frac{3}{2}} e^{in\phi} (\vec{q}^{\ 2})^{-\gamma_{1}} \frac{1}{[(\vec{q}-\vec{p}_{H})^{2}] \left[(1-z_{H})m_{H}^{2} + (\vec{p}_{H}-z_{H}\vec{q})^{2}\right]} \\ &= \frac{(\vec{p}_{H}^{\ 2})^{\frac{n}{2}} e^{in\phi}_{H}}{z_{H}^{2}\sqrt{2\pi^{\epsilon}}} \left[\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2} + \gamma_{1} + \frac{n}{2} - i\nu + \epsilon\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \gamma_{1} + \frac{n}{2} + i\nu - \epsilon\right)}{\Gamma\left(1+n-\epsilon\right)} \right] \\ &\times \int_{0}^{1} d\Delta \left(\Delta + \frac{(1-\Delta)}{z_{H}}\right)^{n} \left[\left(\Delta + \frac{(1-\Delta)}{z_{H}^{2}}\right)\vec{p}_{H}^{\ 2} + \frac{(1-\Delta)(1-z_{H})m_{H}^{2}}{z_{H}^{2}} \right]^{-\frac{5}{2} - \gamma_{1} + i\nu - \frac{n}{2} - \epsilon} \\ &\times {}_{2}F_{1}\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \gamma_{1} + \frac{n}{2} + i\nu - \epsilon, \frac{5}{2} + \gamma_{1} - i\nu + \frac{n}{2} + \epsilon, 1+n-\epsilon, \zeta\right) , \qquad \zeta \xrightarrow{\Delta \to 1} 1 \end{split}$$

• Extracting singular part

$$\begin{split} I_{2,\mathrm{as}}(\gamma_1, n, \nu) &= \frac{(\vec{p}_H^2)^{-\frac{3}{2} - \gamma_1 + i\nu - \epsilon} e^{in\phi_H} \Gamma(1+\epsilon)}{(1-z_H)\sqrt{2}\pi^{\epsilon}} \frac{1}{\left(m_H^2 + (1-z_H)\vec{p}_H^2\right)} \int_0^1 d\Delta (1-\Delta)^{-\epsilon-1} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\epsilon} \frac{(\vec{p}_H^2)^{-\frac{3}{2} - \gamma_1 + i\nu - \epsilon} e^{in\phi_H} \Gamma(1+\epsilon)}{(1-z_H)\sqrt{2}\pi^{\epsilon}} \frac{1}{\left(m_H^2 + (1-z_H)\vec{p}_H^2\right)} \end{split}$$

• Replacement: $I_2 = I_{2,as} + (I_2 - I_{2,as}) \equiv I_{2,as} + I_{2,reg}$

$Higgs p_T$ -distribution

• Higgs p_T-distribution

$$\frac{d\sigma\left(|\vec{p}_{H}|,\Delta Y,s\right)}{d|\vec{p}_{H}|d\Delta Y} = \int_{p_{J}}^{p_{J}max} d|\vec{p}_{J}| \int_{y_{H}min}^{y_{H}max} dy_{H} \int_{y_{J}min}^{y_{J}max} dy_{J}\delta\left(y_{H}-y_{J}-\Delta Y\right)C_{0}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma\left(|\vec{p}_{H}|,\Delta Y,s\right)}{d|\vec{p}_{H}|d\Delta Y} = \int_{p_{J}}^{p_{J}max} d|\vec{p}_{J}| \int_{y_{H}min}^{2C} d(y_{H}) + y_{J} + y_{J}(\vec{p}_{J}) + y_{J}(z_{J}) + y_{J$$

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Higgs p_T -distribution

• Higgs p_T-distribution



Additive matching procedure

[Celiberto, Delle Rose, M.F., Gatto, Papa (to appear)]

$$d\sigma^{\rm NLL/NLO}(\Delta Y, s) = \underbrace{d\sigma^{\rm NLO}(\Delta Y, s)}_{\rm fixed \ order} + \underbrace{d\sigma^{\rm NLL}(\Delta Y, s)}_{\rm BFKL} - \underbrace{\Delta d\sigma^{\rm NLL/NLO}(\Delta Y, s)}_{\rm NLO \ double \ counting}$$