

A Spartan Model for the (disappearing?) Di-Photon Excess

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13 TeV ATLAS and CMS Hints:

750 GeV Di-photon Excess

Narrow (Sub-GeV) width? ***

Broader (\rightarrow 50 GeV) width?

- Off-Topic

 - No holography

 - No conformality

 - No Lattice (yet)

 - No citations (yet)

- Disappearing-Ambulance chasing?

“No real sign of a di-photon excess at 750 GeV in the 2016 data, but it is still early.” “The data is pouring in at a wonderful rate.”

K. Baker, Yale-ATLAS

- Very Minimal “EFT”

Outline

1. The Model
2. Precision Electroweak and Higgs Physics
3. Heavy Scalar Resonance
4. Vector Resonances
5. Symmetry and Fine Tuning
6. Summary
7. Outlook

The Model / (EFT ?)

SM: Φ (f), W_μ (g), SM-fermions

New Sector: Φ_V (f_V), V_μ (g_V),

Linkage: B_μ (g')

$$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \times SU(2)_V$$

$$W_\mu = W_\mu^a T_L^a \quad V_\mu = V_\mu^a T_V^a$$

$$B_\mu = B_\mu^3 [T_R^3 + \frac{1}{2} (B-L)]$$

$$Y = T_R^3 + \frac{1}{2} (B-L) \quad Q = T_L^3 + Y + T_R^3$$

Field Content

Fields	$SU(2)_L$	$SU(2)_R$	$SU(2)_V$	$U(1)_{B-L}$	$U(1)_Y$
Φ	2	2	1	0	$\pm 1/2$
Φ_V	1	2	$\bar{2}$	0	$\mp 1/2$
q_L	2	1	1	1/3	1/6
q_R	1	2	1	1/3	$1/6 \pm 1/2$
ℓ_L	2	1	1	-1	-1/2
ℓ_R	1	2	1	-1	$-1/2 \pm 1/2$
W_μ	3	1	1	0	0
V_μ	1	1	3	0	0
B_μ	1	*	1	0	0

Dimension-Four Lagrangian

$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \times SU(2)_V$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L} = & +2g\text{Tr}W^\mu J_{L\mu} - 2g'\text{Tr}B^\mu J_{Y\mu} \\
 & - \frac{1}{2}\text{Tr}W_{\mu\nu}W^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}\text{Tr}V_{\mu\nu}V^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}\text{Tr}B_{\mu\nu}B^{\mu\nu} \\
 & + \frac{1}{4}\text{Tr}|D\Phi|^2 + \frac{1}{4}\text{Tr}|D\Phi_V|^2 - V(\Phi_i) \\
 & - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\bar{q}_L\Phi y_q q_R - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\bar{\ell}_L\Phi y_\ell \ell_R
 \end{aligned}$$

$$V(\Phi_i) = +\frac{\lambda}{16}\left(\text{Tr}\left[\Phi\Phi^\dagger - f^2\mathbb{1}_2\right]\right)^2 + \frac{\lambda_V}{16}\left(\text{Tr}\left[\Phi_V\Phi_V^\dagger - f_V^2\mathbb{1}_2\right]\right)^2$$

$$D_\mu\Phi = \partial_\mu\Phi - i(gW_\mu\Phi - g'\Phi B_\mu)$$

$$D_\mu\Phi_V = \partial_\mu\Phi_V - i(g'B_\mu\Phi_V - g_V\Phi_V V_\mu)$$

- Unitary Gauge: $\Phi = (f + h)1_2$, $\Phi_V = (f_V + H)1_2$

- Omitted Dimension-Four Term:

$$\text{Tr } \Phi \Phi^\dagger \text{Tr } \Phi_V \Phi_V^\dagger = 2 \text{Tr } \Phi \Phi_V \Phi_V^\dagger \Phi^\dagger$$

Generated at loop level, but with a **small coefficient**.

- New, Global $U(1)_V$ Symmetry:

With or
without

$$(\Phi_V(x), V_\mu(x)) \rightarrow e^{i\beta T^3} (\Phi_V(x), V_\mu(x)) e^{-i\beta T^3}$$

Stabilizes the charged V_μ^\pm

Vector Spectrum

$$M_{\pm}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} g^2 f^2 & 0 \\ 0 & g_V^2 f_V^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

W, V basis

$$g = g_{\text{SM}} \approx 0.65$$

$$f = v_W = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$g_V^2 f_V^2 \gg g^2 f^2$$

$$M_0^2 = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} g^2 f^2 & -g g' f^2 & 0 \\ -g g' f^2 & g'^2 (f^2 + f_V^2) & -g' g_V f_V^2 \\ 0 & -g' g_V f_V^2 & g_V^2 f_V^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

W,B,V basis

Will see that $\Gamma(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 1/f_V^2$, requiring

$$f_V \lesssim f$$

Thus $g_V^2 \gg g^2, g'^2$

In this limit

$$M_Z^2 = \frac{1}{4} (g^2 + g'^2) f^2 - \frac{1}{4} (g'^4 / g_V^2) f^2 + \dots$$

$$M_{V_0}^2 = \frac{1}{4} (g_V^2 + g'^2) f_V^2 + \frac{1}{4} (g'^4 / g_V^2) f^2 + \dots$$

More Large- g_V Formulas

Mass Eigenstates:

$$A_\mu \approx \text{Usual} + [gg'/g_V(g^2 + g'^2)^{1/2}] V_\mu^3 + \dots$$

$$Z_\mu \approx \text{Usual} - [g'^2/g_V(g^2 + g'^2)^{1/2}] V_\mu^3 + \dots$$

$$V_\mu^0 \approx V_\mu^3 - [g'/g_V] B_\mu + \dots$$

Other electroweak coupling:

$$g'_{\text{SM}} = g'(1 - g'^2/g_V^2 + \dots) \approx 0.36$$

Masses and Coupling Strengths

Scalar:

$$M_h^2 = 2 \lambda f^2$$

$$m_h = 125 \text{ GeV}$$
$$\lambda / 4\pi^2 \approx 0.003$$

$$M_H^2 = 2 \lambda_V f_V^2$$

$$m_H = 750 \text{ GeV}$$
$$f_V \lesssim f$$
$$\lambda_V / 4\pi^2 \gtrsim 0.11$$

Vector:

$$H \not\rightarrow V^0 Z^0$$
$$M_V \gtrsim 660 \text{ GeV}$$

$$g_V^2 / 4\pi^2 \gtrsim 0.4$$

Precision Electroweak and Higgs Physics

- Integrate out the new physics \rightarrow

$$\text{Tr} (\partial_\sigma B_{\mu\nu}) (\partial^\sigma B^{\mu\nu}) + \dots$$

- EW parameter:

$$Y = g'^2 g^2 f^2 / g_V^4 f_V^2 = g'^2 M_W^2 / g_V^2 M_V^2 < 0.0006 (1\sigma)$$

Equivalently, $\Delta\rho$

Suppression

Easy

- Higgs-ZZ coupling $a_{hZZ} \equiv (hZZ) / (hZZ)_{SM}$

$$a_{hZZ}^2 \approx 1 - 2 g'^4 f^2 / g_V^4 f_V^2 > 0.6 (1\sigma)$$

Real easy

Heavy Scalar Resonance

Decay:

$$H \rightarrow f \bar{f}$$

$$\rightarrow W^+W^-$$

$$\Gamma(H \rightarrow ZZ)_{\text{tree}} \approx (g'^8 M_W^4 m_H^3) / (32\pi g^4 g_V^4 M_V^4 f_V^2)$$

Mixing

Very small

(Comparable contribution from loop-level H-h mixing)

V_μ -Loop Induced Decay:

$$\Gamma(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = (v_W/f_V)^2 [G_F \alpha^2 m_H^3 / 128 \sqrt{2} \pi^3] \\ \times |A_W(m_H^2/4M_V^2)|^2$$

Reliable?

$$\approx 3 \text{ MeV } (v_W/f_V)^2$$

└→ -7

$$\Gamma^{\text{tot}} \approx 1.7 \Gamma(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) , \text{ BR}_{\gamma\gamma} \approx 2/3$$

$\gamma\gamma, \gamma Z, ZZ$



H Production By Photon Fusion:

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = (BR_{\gamma\gamma} / M_H s) C_{\gamma\gamma} \Gamma(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$$

↑
Photon-parton
luminosity $\approx 54 \pm ?$ NNPDF

$$\approx 0.5 \text{ fb } (v_W / f_V)^2 BR_{\gamma\gamma}$$

$$\text{CMS} \approx 4.8 \pm 2.1 \text{ fb}$$
$$\text{ATLAS} \approx 5.5 \pm 1.5 \text{ fb}$$

Strumia 1605.090401
& references therein

- Is this model a bonafide EFT ?
 1. Relevant degrees of freedom identified?
 2. Reliable approximate calculations over some energy range?
- Maybe. If not, only (O of M) estimates.

Vector Resonances

Neutral:



$$pp \rightarrow V^0 \rightarrow e^+e^- + \mu^+\mu^-$$

$$\Gamma(V^0 \rightarrow \text{SM fermions}) = (5/12\pi) (g'^4/g_V^2) M_{V^0}$$

$$\Gamma(V^0 \rightarrow \text{SM bosons}) = (1/96\pi) (g'^4/g_V^2) M_{V^0}$$

$$\text{BR}_{e^+e^-} = 1/8$$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow V^0 \rightarrow X) = (3/M_{V^0} \Gamma_{V^0}^{\text{tot}} s) \times \left[\sum_{ij} C_{ij} \Gamma(V^0 \rightarrow ij) \right] \Gamma(V^0 \rightarrow ij)$$

For $M_{V^0} \approx 700$ GeV:

$$\Gamma_{V^0}^{\text{tot}} \approx 10 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow V^0 \rightarrow l^+l^-)_{8\text{TeV}} \approx 21000 \text{ fb } (g'^4/g_V^2) \gtrsim 7 \text{ fb}$$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow V^0 \rightarrow l^+l^-)_{13\text{TeV}} \approx 53000 \text{ fb } (g'^4/g_V^2) \gtrsim 20 \text{ fb}$$

$$g_V^2 \lesssim 4\pi^2$$

Current upper bounds:

$$\sim 2 \text{ fb }_{8\text{TeV}}$$

$$\sim 7 \text{ fb }_{13\text{TeV}}$$

Charged Vectors:

Pair production via virtual γ , Z , V^0

Must break $U(1)_V$ via higher-dimension operators to allow decay

Dimension-six
Example:

$$(1/\Lambda_V^2) \text{Tr} (D_\mu \Phi) \Phi_V (D_\mu \Phi_V)^\dagger \Phi^\dagger$$

$$\longrightarrow V^\pm \longrightarrow W^\pm h$$

Λ_V : (1) Large enough to satisfy precision constraints
(2) Small enough to insure rapid enough decay.

$$10 \text{ TeV} \lesssim \Lambda_V \lesssim 1000 \text{ TeV}$$

- Production suppressed relative to V^0
- Final states more difficult to re-construct

Symmetry and Fine Tuning

$$SU(2)^4 \rightarrow SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \times SU(2)_V$$

All dimension-
four terms

gauging

+ accidental global $U(1)_V$ symmetry
including all dimension-four operators

broken by higher-dimension operators

$$\lambda_V, g_V^2 \gg g^2, g'^2$$

One-loop Effective Potential

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_1 &= \frac{3\Lambda^2}{256\pi^2} \left[(3g^2 + g'^2) \text{Tr}\Phi^\dagger\Phi + (g'^2 + 3g_V^2) \text{Tr}\Phi_V^\dagger\Phi_V \right] + \\
 &\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad + \lambda, y_t^2 \text{ terms} \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad + \lambda_V \text{ term} \\
 &+ \frac{3}{4096\pi^2} \left[(3g^4 + 2g^2g'^2 + g'^4) (\text{Tr}\Phi^\dagger\Phi)^2 + 2g'^4 (\text{Tr}\Phi^\dagger\Phi) (\text{Tr}\Phi_V\Phi_V^\dagger) \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \left. + (g'^4 + 2g'^2g_V^2 + 3g_V^4) (\text{Tr}\Phi_V\Phi_V^\dagger)^2 \right] \ln \frac{\mu^2}{\Lambda^2} + \dots \\
 &\quad + \lambda^2, \lambda_V^2, y_t^4 \text{ terms}
 \end{aligned}$$

Λ^2 terms: “Acceptable” fine tuning if $\Lambda < \text{few TeV}$

In Λ terms: Mixing term $\sim g'^4 \rightarrow$ small h-H mixing
 $U(1)_V$ preservation

Summary

1. Simple model accommodating the 750 excess
2. Photon fusion production
3. Three heavy vectors $M < 1$ TeV
4. Precision constraints OK
5. Testable via V^0 production
6. An EFT? Yes for $f_V \rightarrow f = v_W$.
 $\lambda_V, g_V^2 < 4\pi^2$

Outlook

If the H signals are confirmed and hints of the V_μ^0 emerge:

1. Explore the phenomenology of the V_μ^\pm
2. Develop the (nearby) UV completion

"Right now it's only a notion, but I think I can get the money to make it into a concept, and later turn it into an idea."

"Annie Hall" 1976 ,
Woody Allen