

Modeling H α emission line galaxies: local PNG bias

Vincent Desjacques

Technion

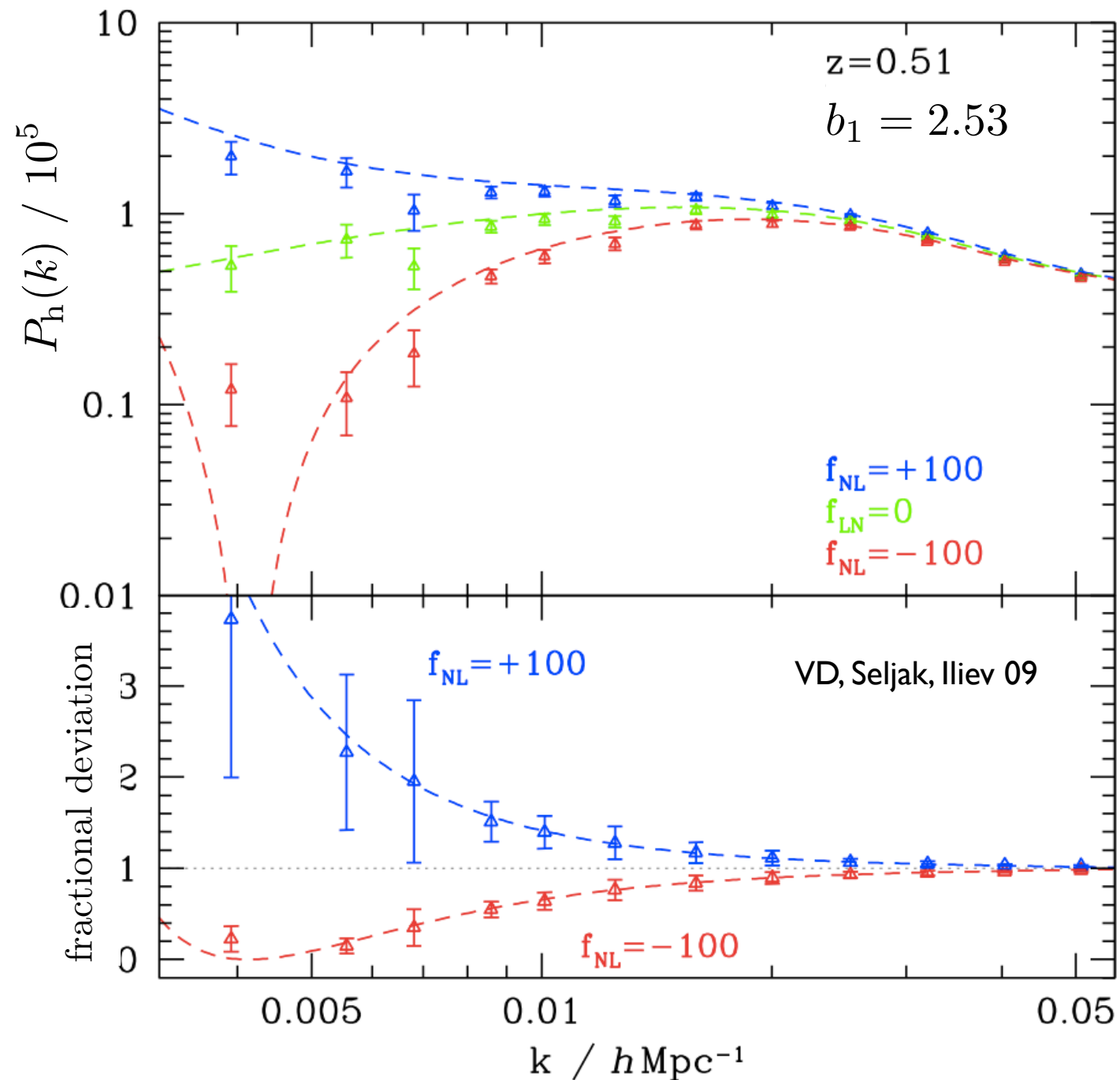
Theoretical modeling of the LSS of the Universe, Edinburgh, June 3-6, 2024

PNG and halo bias

Dalal+ 08; Matarrese & Verde 08; Slosar+ 08

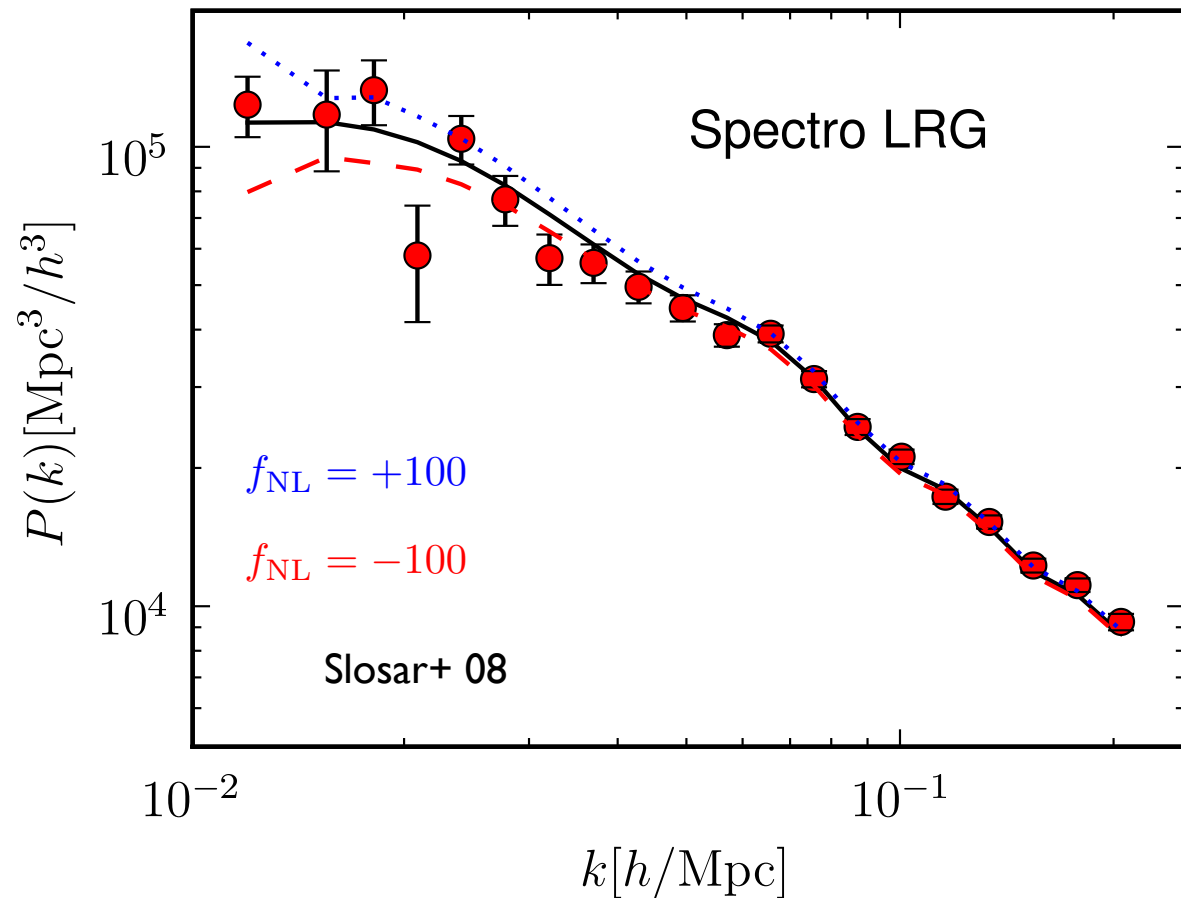
Local primordial NG : $\Phi(\mathbf{x}) = \phi(\mathbf{x}) + f_{\text{NL}}\phi^2(\mathbf{x}), \quad |\phi| \sim 10^{-5}$

$$b_{\text{NG}} = 2\delta_c(b_1 - 1)$$



(U. Michigan, 2011)

Limits on PNG from Large Scale Structure



$$\Phi = \phi + f_{\text{NL}}\phi^2 :$$

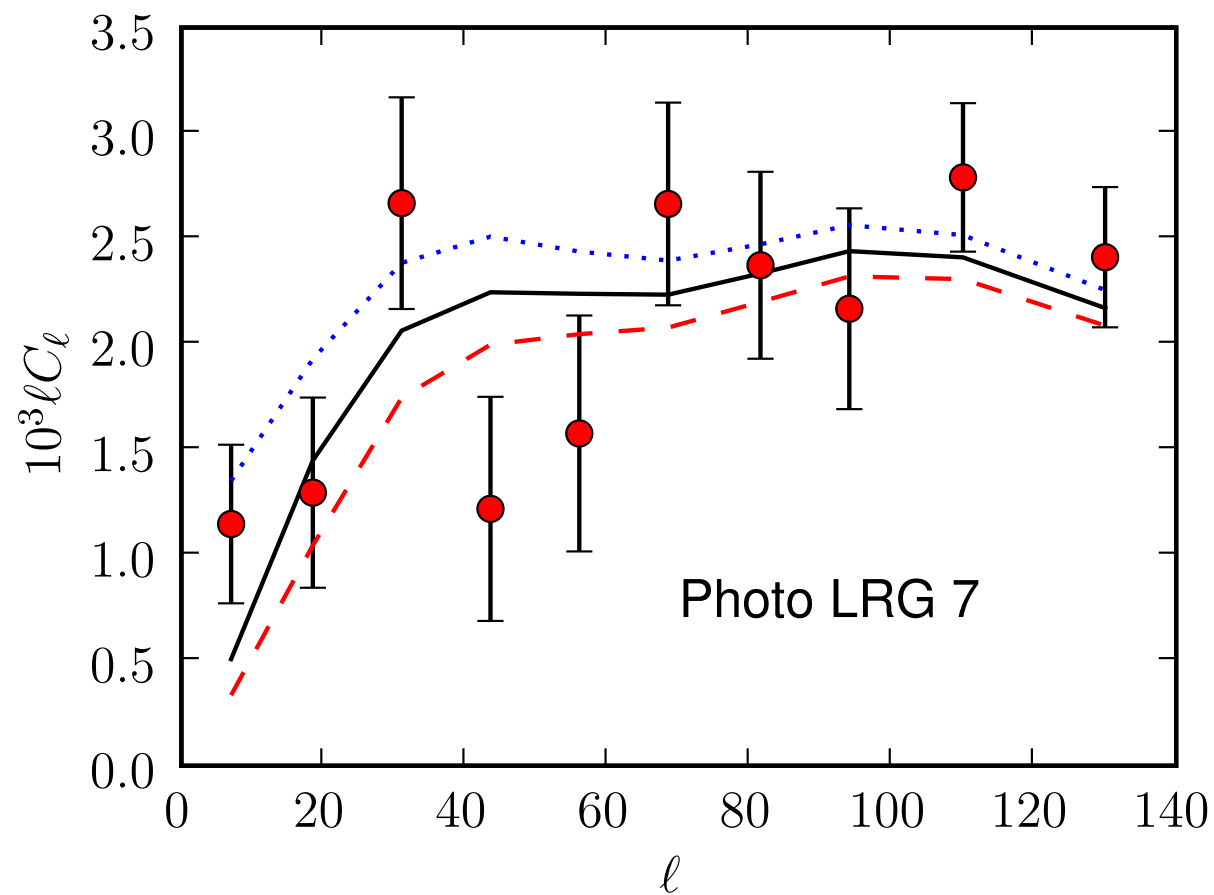
$$-29 < f_{\text{NL}} < 69$$

Slosar+ 08

$$\Phi = \phi + g_{\text{NL}}\phi^3 :$$

$$-3.5 \times 10^5 < g_{\text{NL}} < 8.2 \times 10^5$$

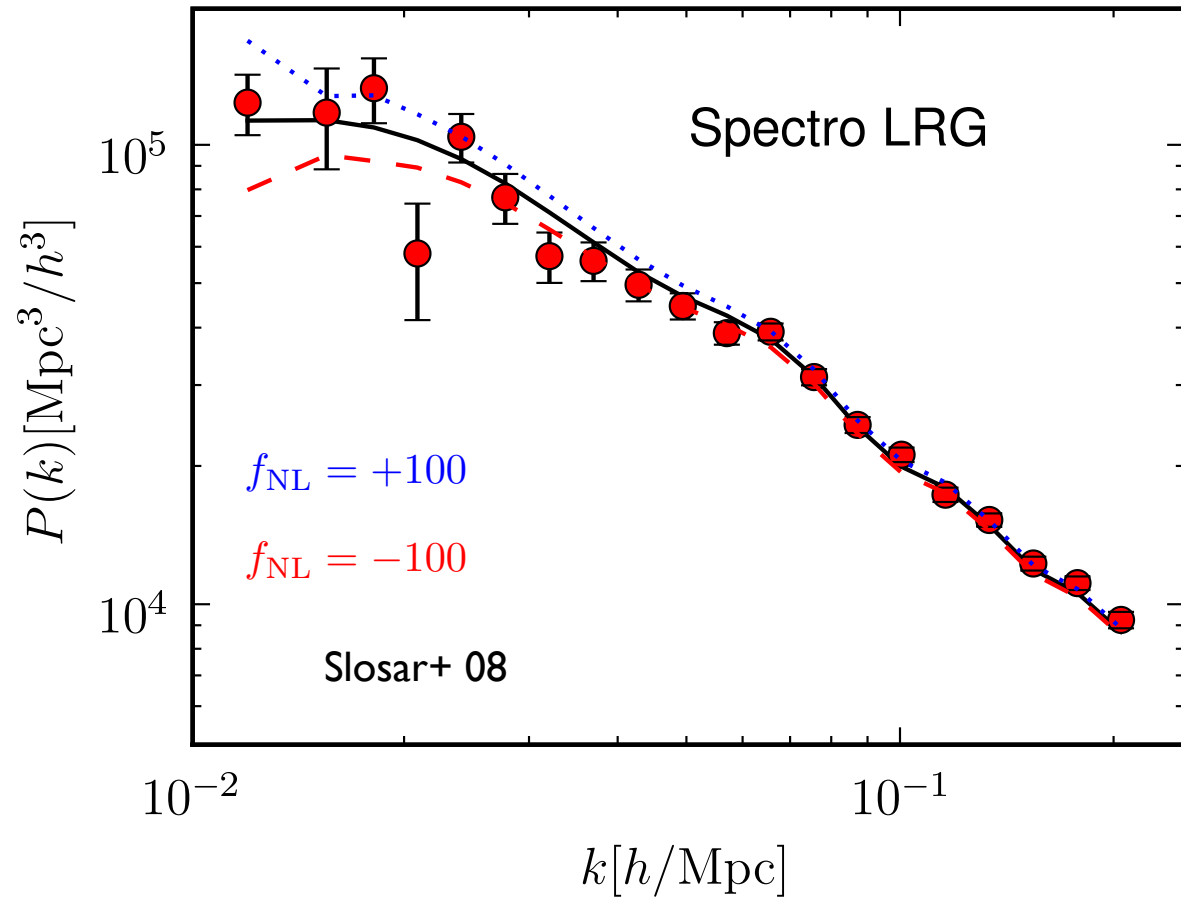
VD & Seljak 10



Caveat: need to know b_{NG} accurately

(U. Michigan, 2011)

Limits on PNG from Large Scale Structure



$$\Phi = \phi + f_{\text{NL}}\phi^2 :$$

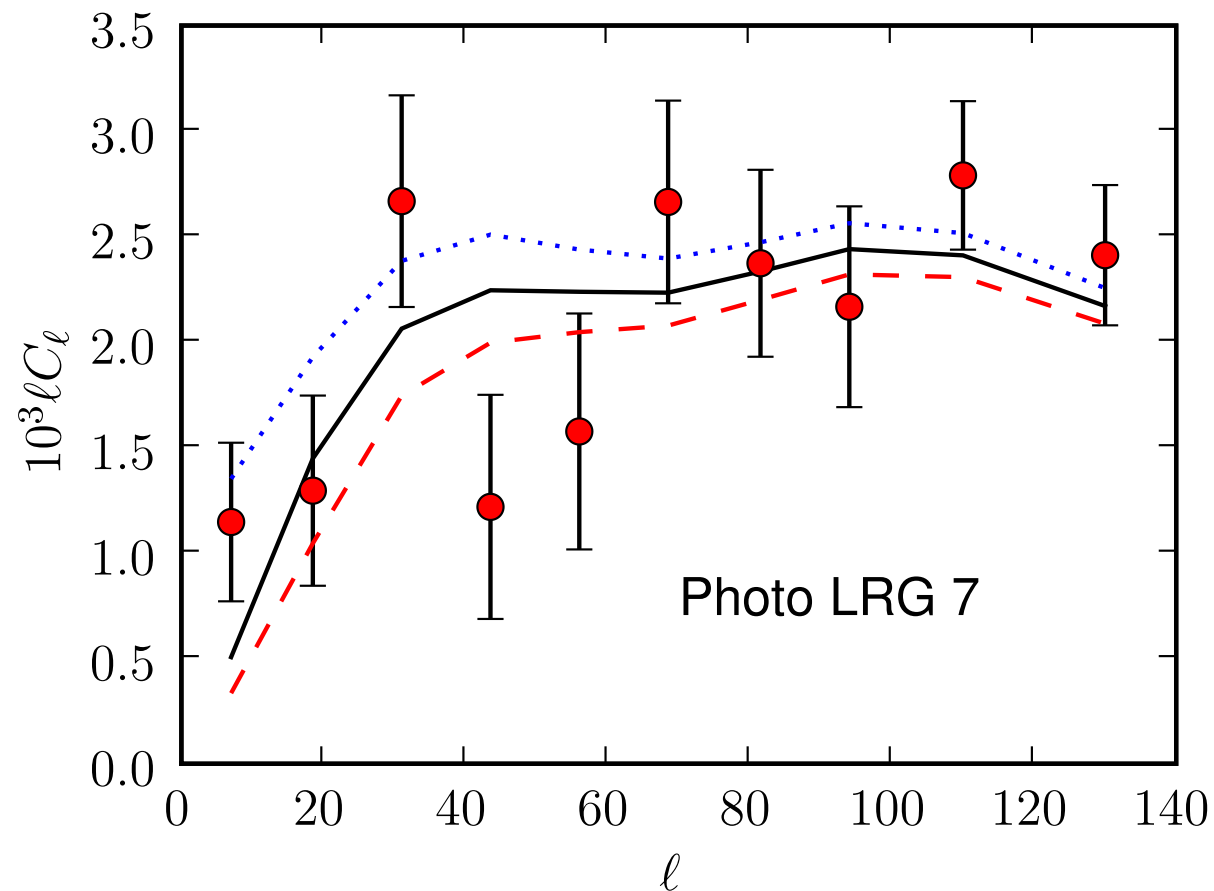
$$-29 < f_{\text{NL}} < 69$$

Slosar+ 08

$$\Phi = \phi + g_{\text{NL}}\phi^3 :$$

$$-3.5 \times 10^5 < g_{\text{NL}} < 8.2 \times 10^5$$

VD & Seljak 10



Caveat: need to know b_{NL} accurately

$$b_\phi = 2 \frac{\partial \ln n}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}$$

(U. Michigan, 2011)

Assembly bias with PNG

$$n(M, X) = \bar{n}(M) \times P(X|M)$$

Slosar+ 08: X =recent merger

$$b_\phi = \frac{2}{(\bar{n}P_{\text{merg}})} \frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \sigma_8} (\bar{n}P_{\text{merg}}) = \bar{b}_\phi + \Delta b_\phi$$

$$\Delta b_\phi = 2 \frac{\partial \ln P_{\text{merg}}}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}$$

$$-2 < \Delta b_\phi < 0$$

Assembly bias with PNG

$$n(M, X) = \bar{n}(M) \times P(X|M)$$

Slosar+ 08: X=recent merger

$$b_\phi = \frac{2}{(\bar{n}P_{\text{merg}})} \frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \sigma_8} (\bar{n}P_{\text{merg}}) = \bar{b}_\phi + \Delta b_\phi$$

$$\Delta b_\phi = 2 \frac{\partial \ln P_{\text{merg}}}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}$$

$$-2 < \Delta b_\phi < 0$$

Reid+ 10: X=formation redshift

$$b_\phi = \frac{2}{(\bar{n}P_{z_f})} \frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \sigma_8} (\bar{n}P_{z_f}) = \bar{b}_\phi + \Delta b_\phi$$

$$\Delta b_\phi = 2 \frac{\partial \ln P_{z_f}}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}$$

Assembly bias with PNG

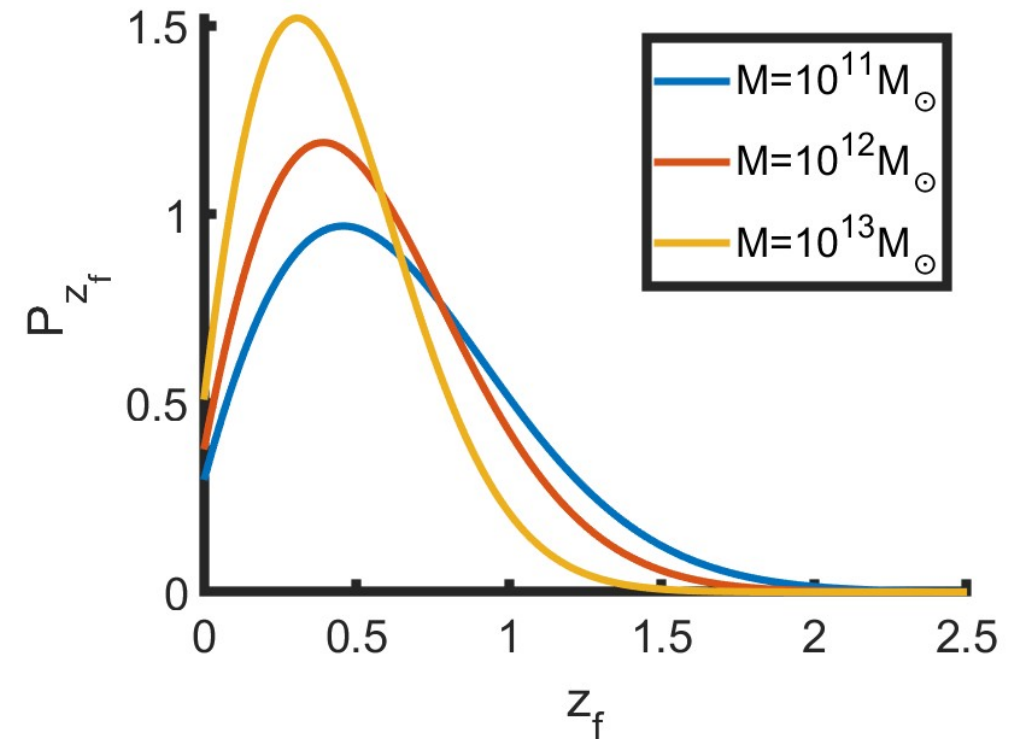
$$n(M, X) = \bar{n}(M) \times P(X|M)$$

Slosar+ 08: X=recent merger

$$b_\phi = \frac{2}{(\bar{n}P_{\text{merg}})} \frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \sigma_8} (\bar{n}P_{\text{merg}}) = \bar{b}_\phi + \Delta b_\phi$$

$$\Delta b_\phi = 2 \frac{\partial \ln P_{\text{merg}}}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}$$

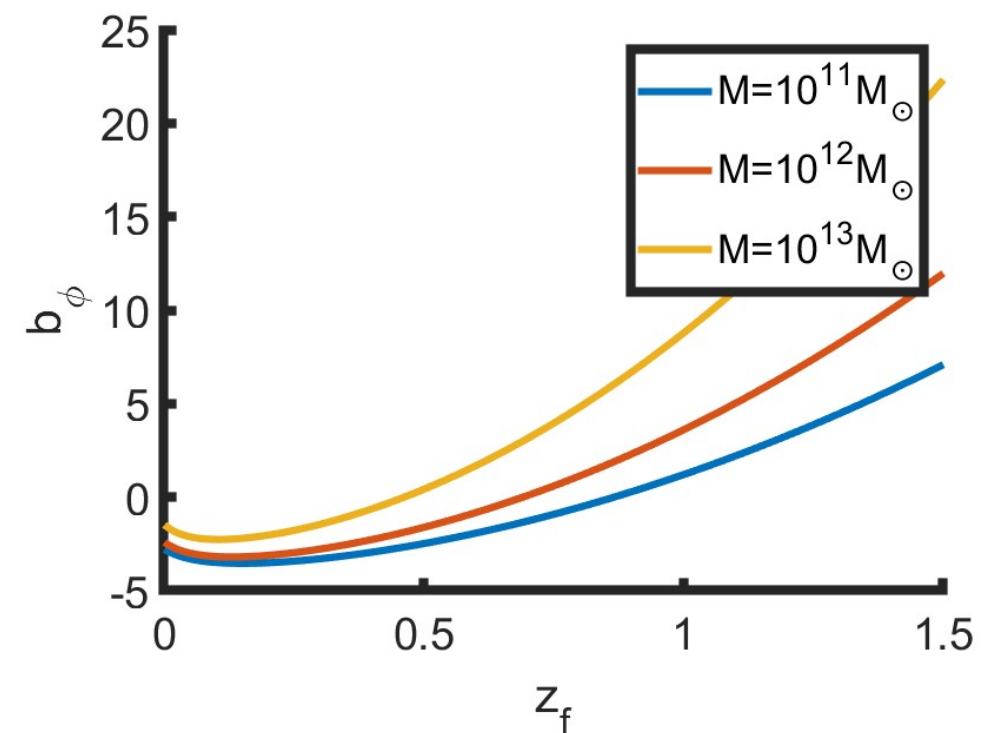
$$-2 < \Delta b_\phi < 0$$



Reid+ 10: X=formation redshift

$$b_\phi = \frac{2}{(\bar{n}P_{z_f})} \frac{\partial}{\partial \ln \sigma_8} (\bar{n}P_{z_f}) = \bar{b}_\phi + \Delta b_\phi$$

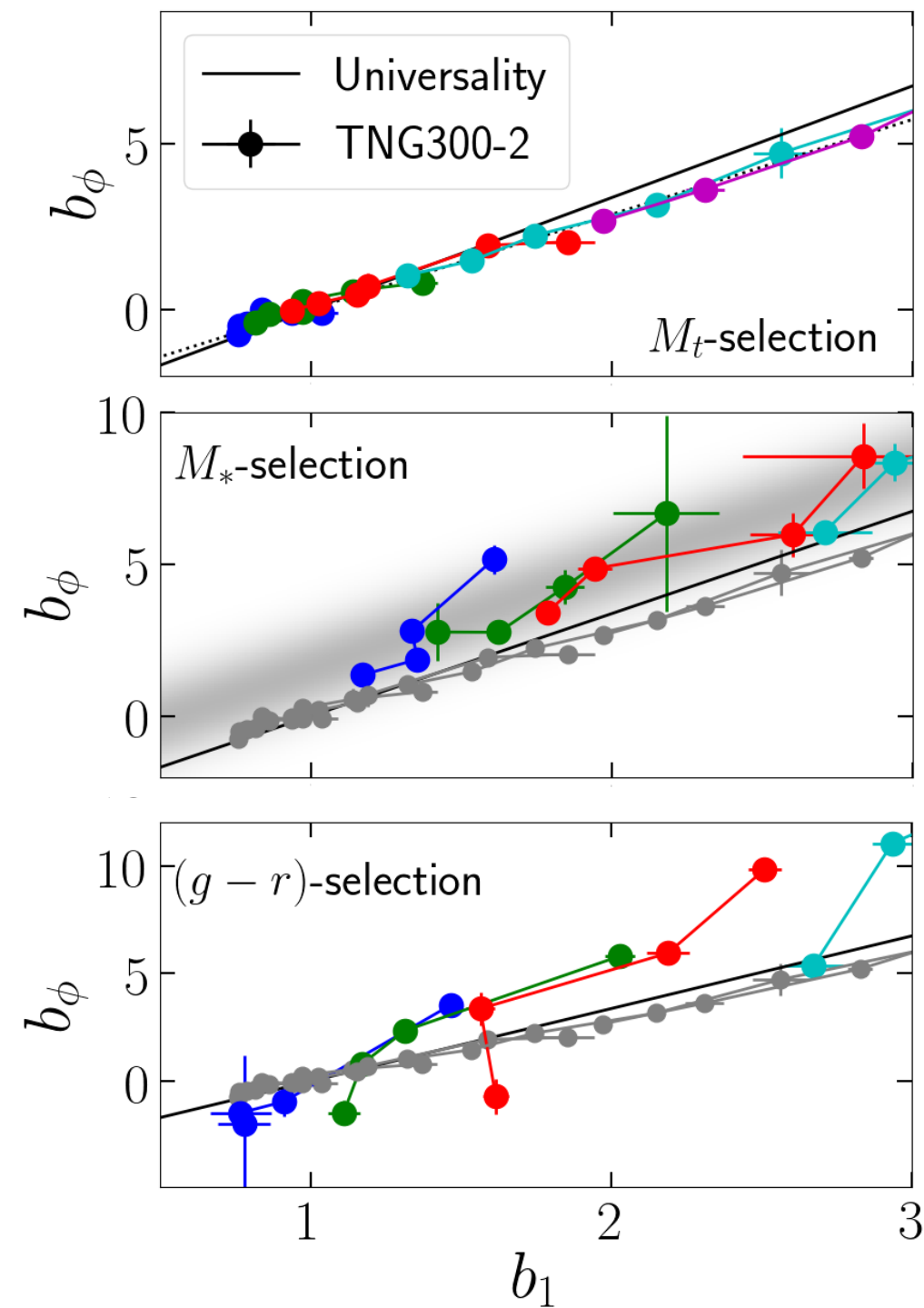
$$\Delta b_\phi = 2 \frac{\partial \ln P_{z_f}}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}$$



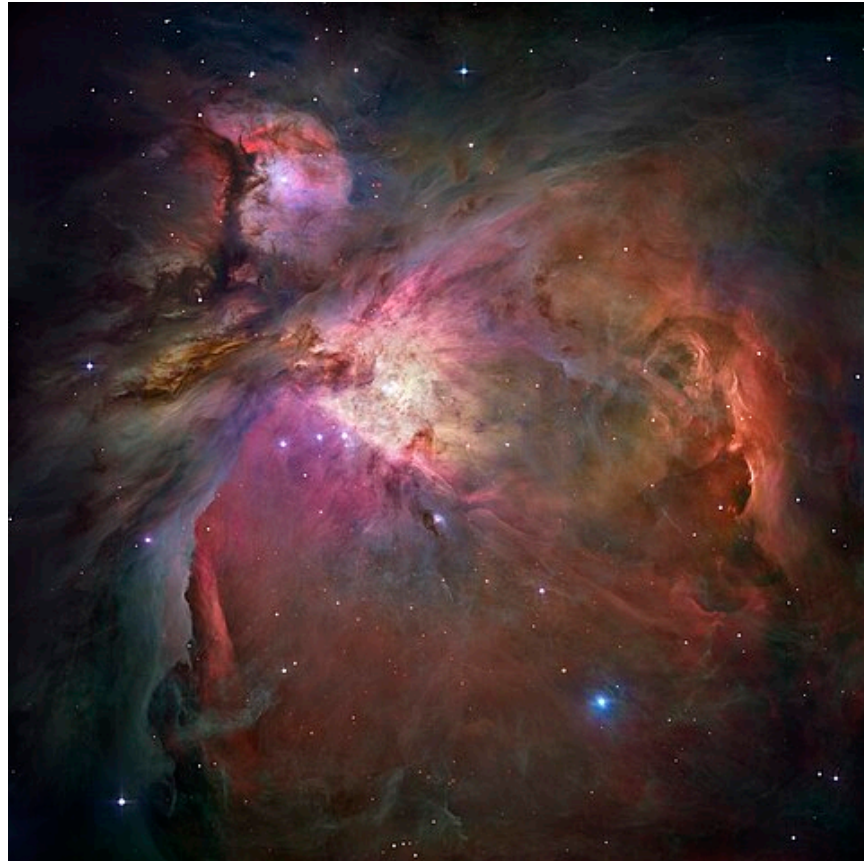
Assembly bias with PNG

Barreira, Barreira+ 20, 21, 22, 23

$b_\phi(b_1)$ can be messy



Ha emission line



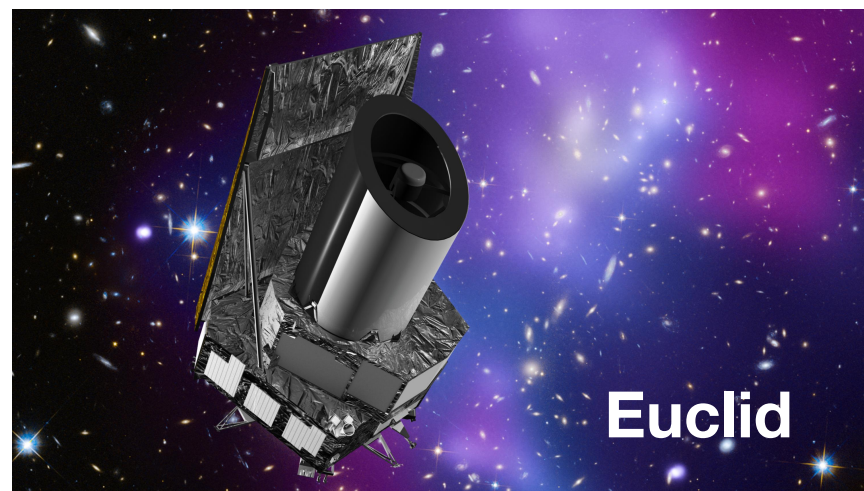
Transition 3- \rightarrow 2:

$$\lambda_{\text{H}\alpha} = 656 \text{ nm}$$

$$E_{\text{H}\alpha} = 1.89 \text{ eV}$$

In HII regions:

$$L_{\text{H}\alpha} \propto \text{SFR}$$



NISP instrument:

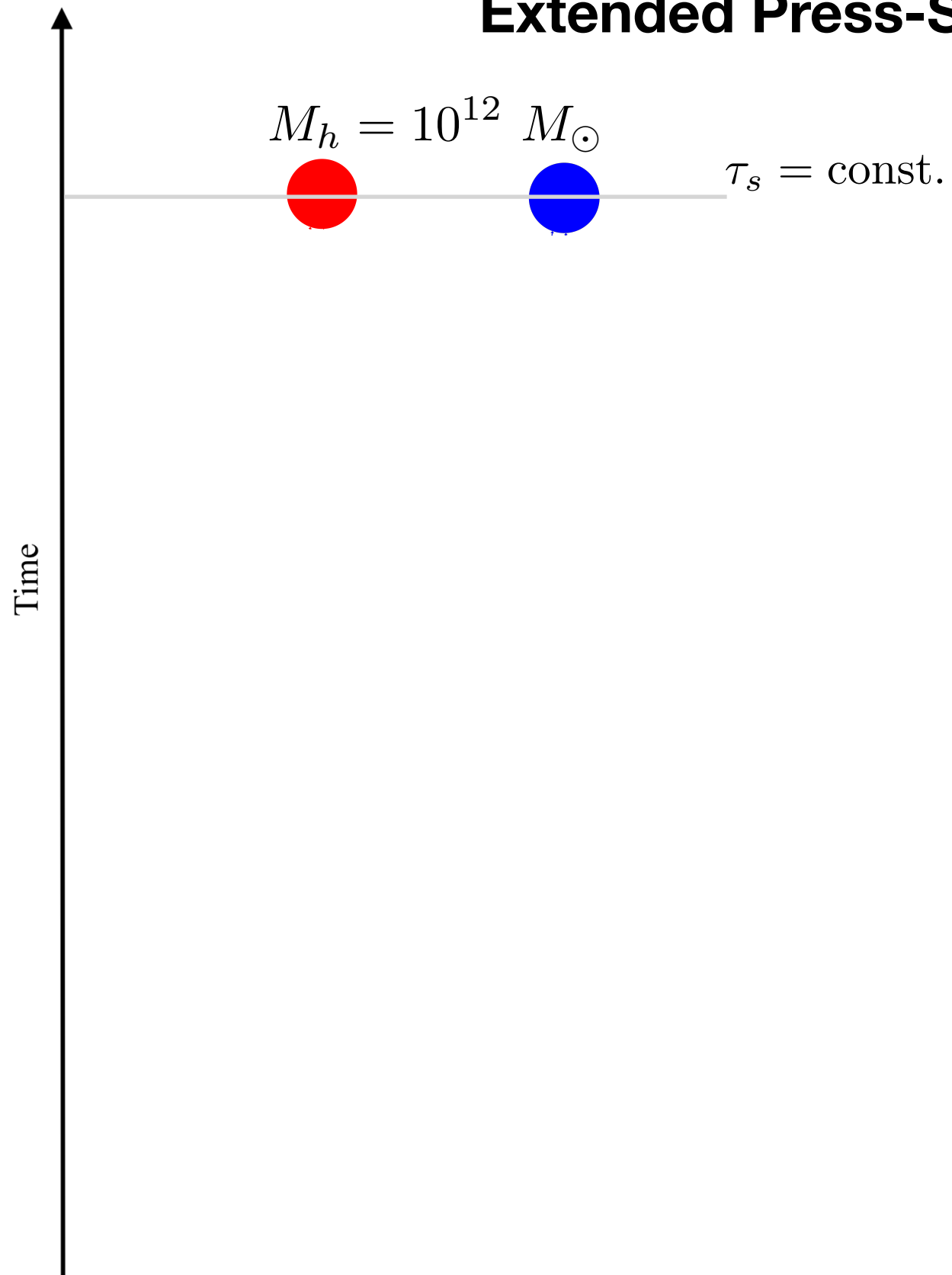
$$0.92 - 1.85 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\lambda/\Delta\lambda \sim 400$$

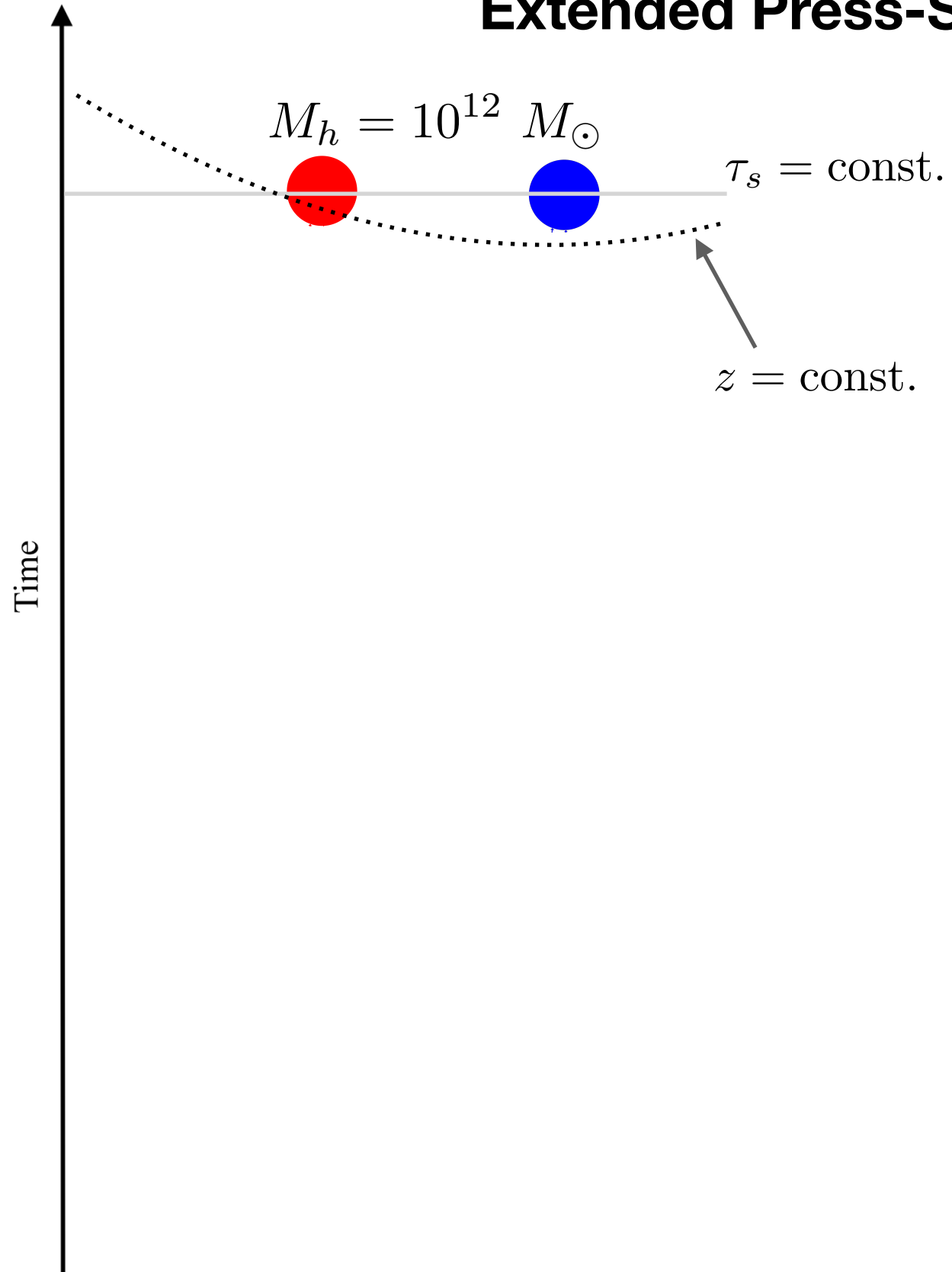
How large is Δb_ϕ for galaxies selected by H α luminosity?

w/ M. Marinucci and A. Benson (2303.10337)

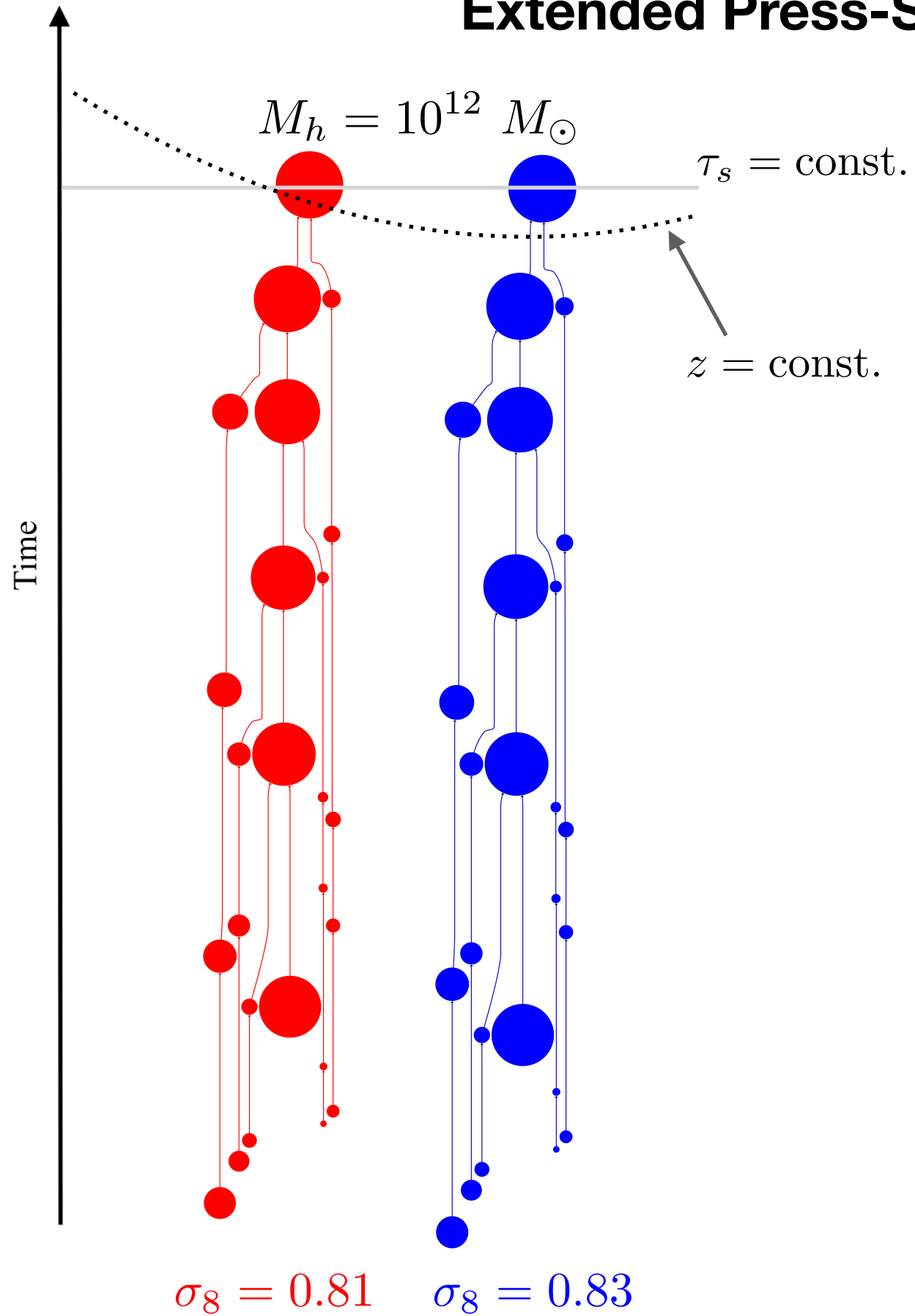
Extended Press-Schechter approach



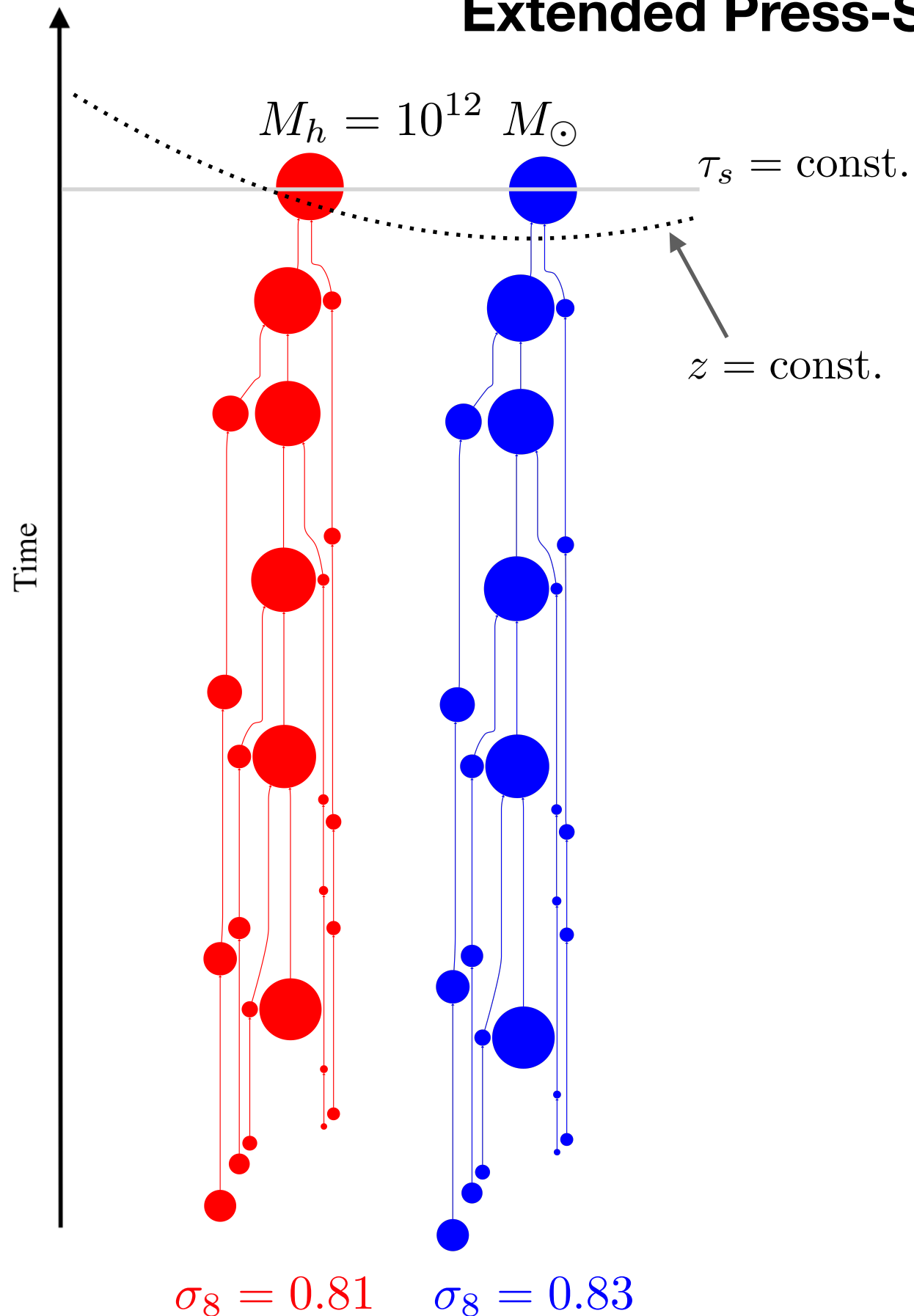
Extended Press-Schechter approach



Extended Press-Schechter approach

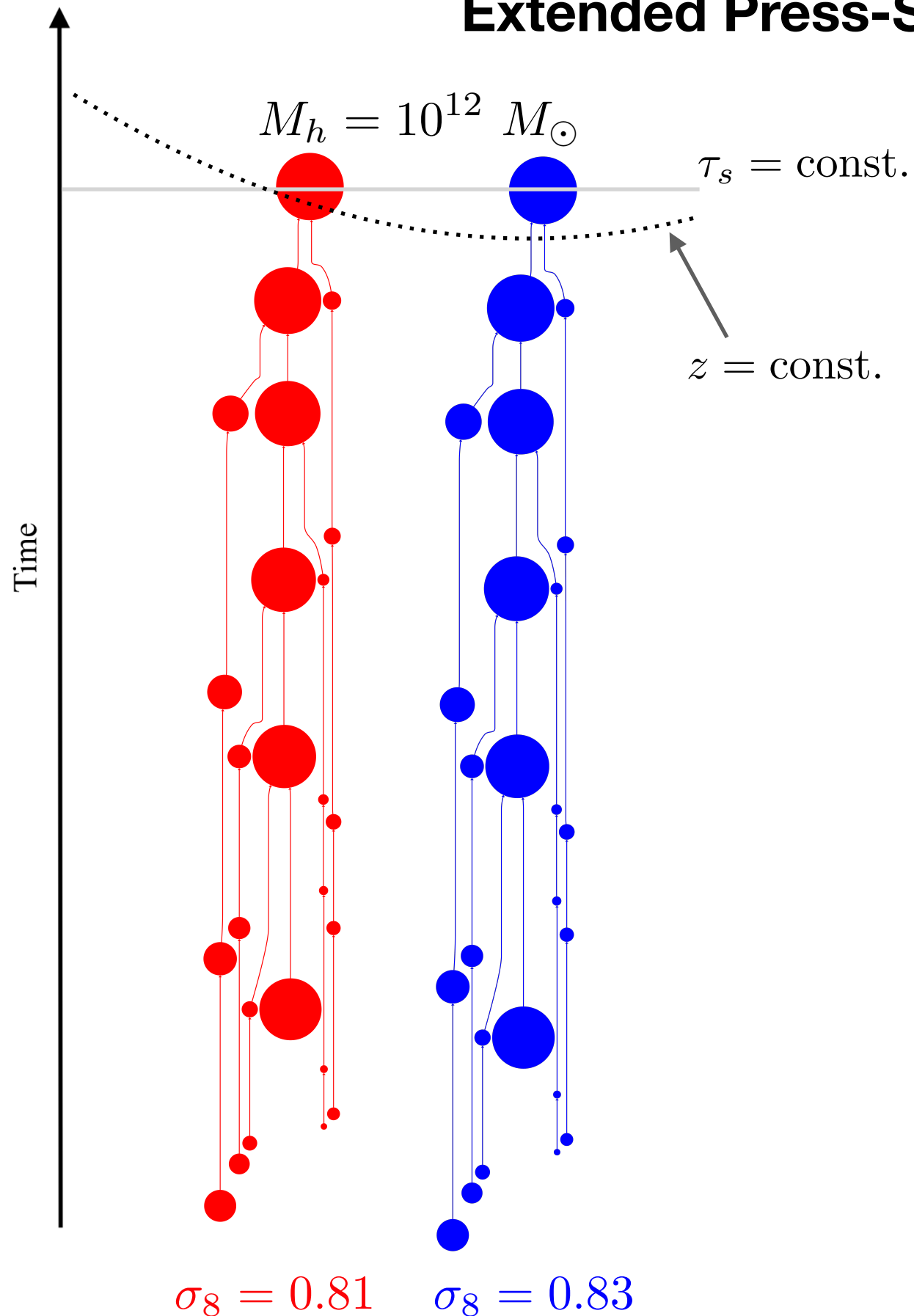


Extended Press-Schechter approach



Populate EPS merger trees with a semi-analytical model ("SAM") of galaxy formation

Extended Press-Schechter approach



Populate EPS merger trees with a semi-analytical model ("SAM") of galaxy formation

We use GALACTICUS (A. Benson, 2012)

NG bias: halo density response

Comoving galaxy number density:

$$n_g(X, z) = \int dM_h \bar{n}_h(M_h, z) [N_c(X|M_h, z) + N_s(X|M_h, z)]$$

$$N_{c,s}(X|M_h, z) = \bar{N}_{c,s}(M_h, z) P_{c,s}(X|M_h, z)$$

NG bias:

$$\begin{aligned} b_\phi(X, z) &= 2 \frac{\partial \ln n_g}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}(X, z) \\ &= \bar{b}_\phi(X, z) + \Delta b_\phi(X, z), \end{aligned}$$

Halo density response:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{b}_\phi(X, z) &= \frac{1}{\bar{n}_g} \int dM_h b_\phi^h(M_h, z) \bar{n}_h(M_h, z) \\ &\quad \times [N_c(X|M_h, z) + N_s(X|M_h, z)] \end{aligned}$$

NG bias: HOD response

HOD response:

$$\Delta b_\phi(X, z) = \frac{1}{\bar{n}_g} \int dM_h [f_c \Delta b_\phi^c(X|M_h, z) + f_s \Delta b_\phi^s(X|M_h, z)] \\ \times \bar{n}_h(M_h, z) [N_c(X|M_h, z) + N_s(X|M_h, z)]$$

Central vs. satellite:

$$\Delta b_\phi^{c,s}(X|M_h, z) = 2 \frac{\partial \ln N_{c,s}}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}(X|M_h, z) \\ = 2 \frac{\partial \ln \bar{N}_{c,s}}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}(M_h, z) + 2 \frac{\partial \ln P_{c,s}}{\partial \ln \sigma_8}(X|M_h, z)$$

In practice:

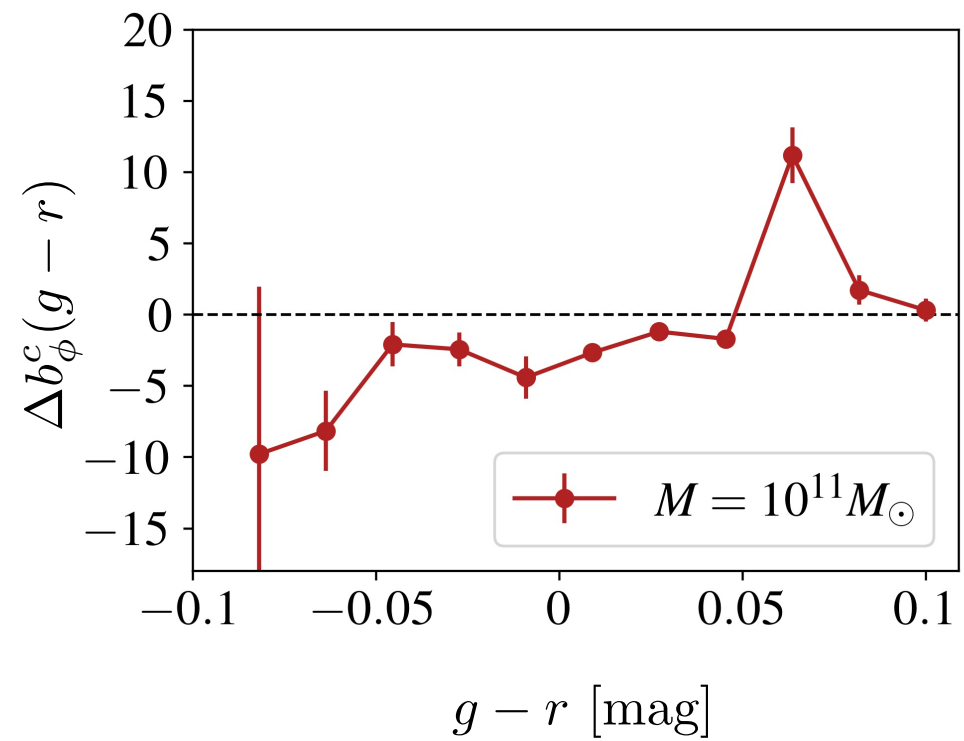
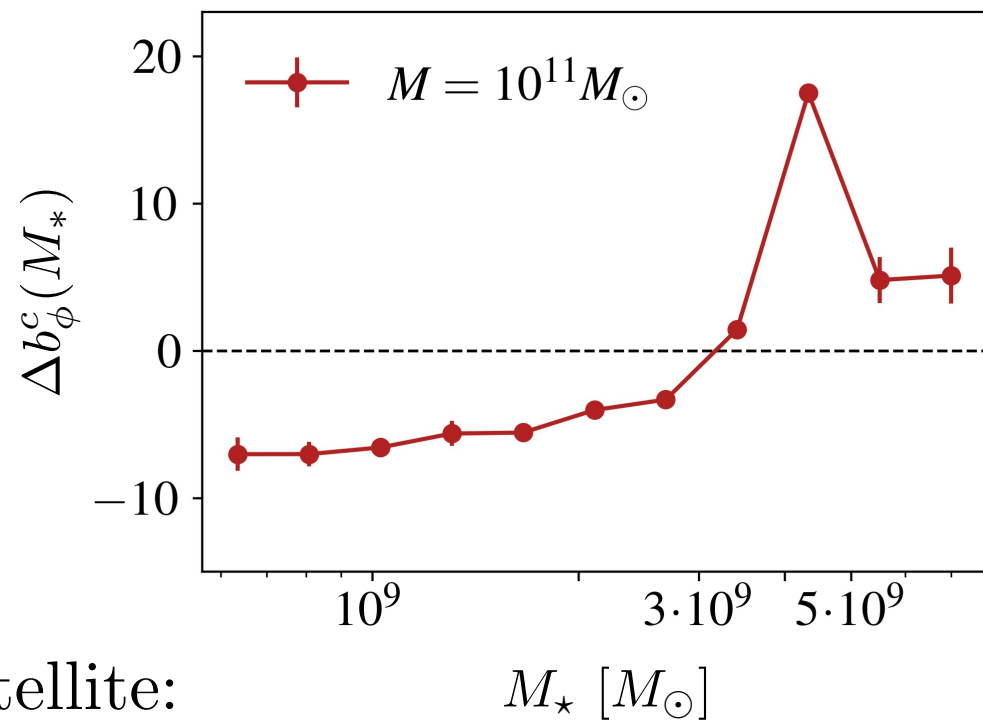
$$\Delta b_\phi^{c,s}(X|M_h, z) = \frac{1}{|\delta_{\sigma_8}|} \left[\frac{N_{c,s}^{\text{high}}(X|M_h, z) - N_{c,s}^{\text{low}}(X|M_h, z)}{N_{c,s}^{\text{fid}}(X|M_h, z)} \right]$$

Relation to Voivodic & Barreira 21:

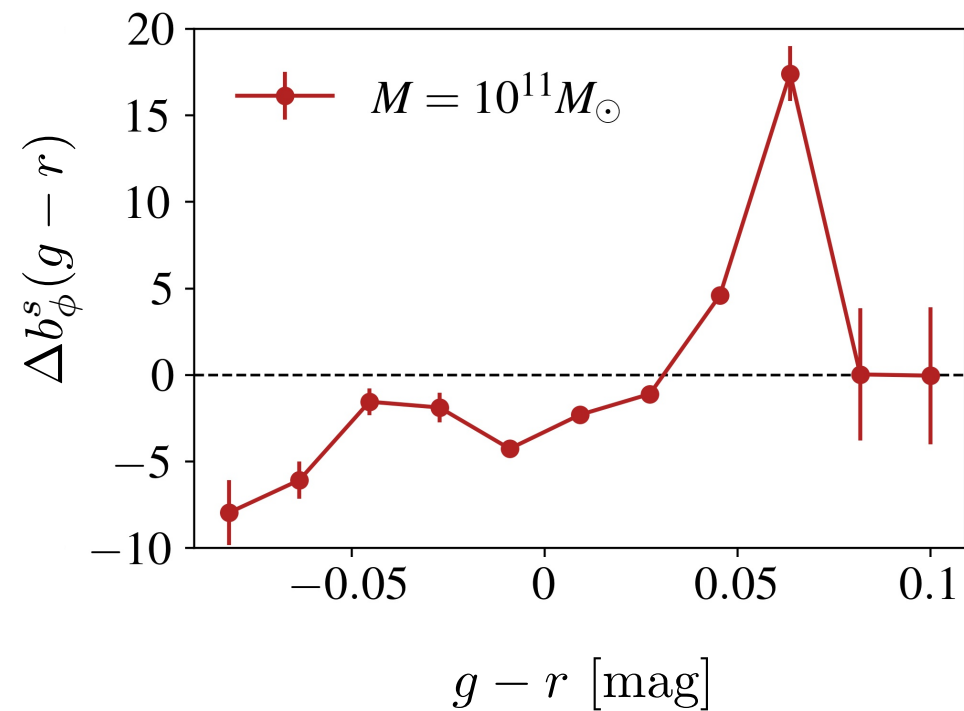
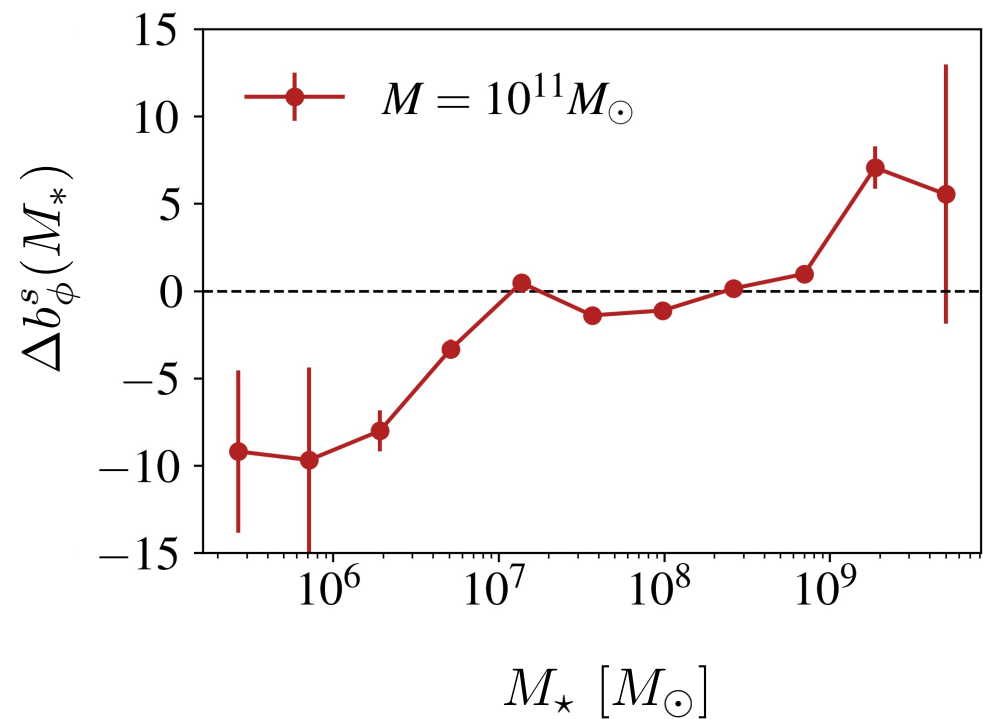
$$R_\phi^g(X|M_h, z) = \left(\bar{N}_c \Delta b_\phi^c + \bar{N}_s \Delta b_\phi^s \right) (X|M_h, z)$$

HOD response for stellar mass + color (z=1)

central:



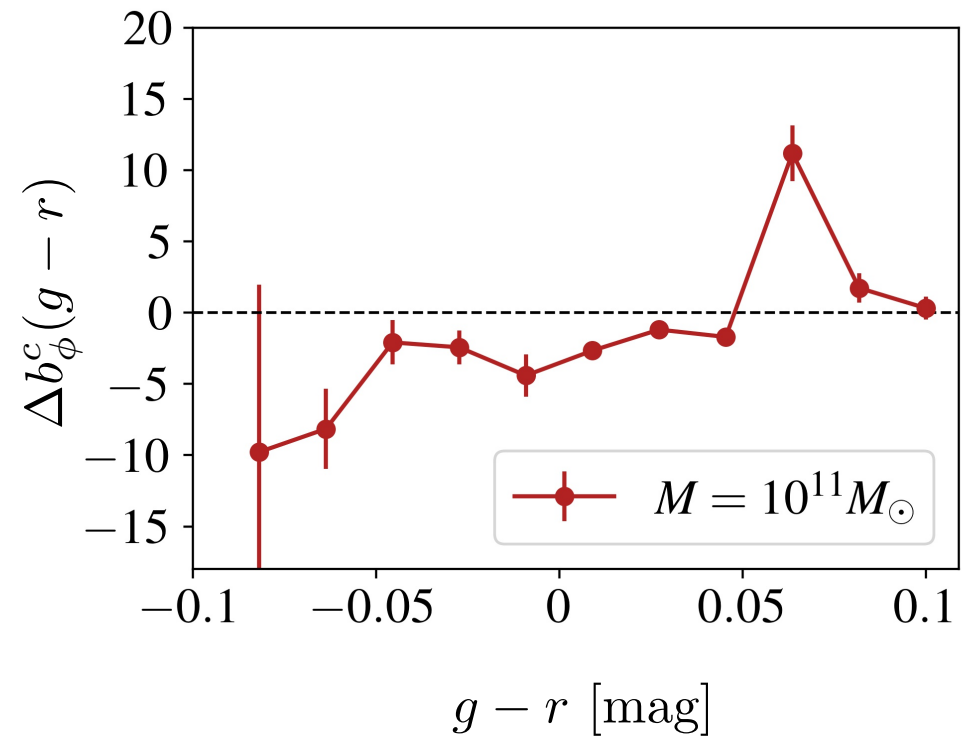
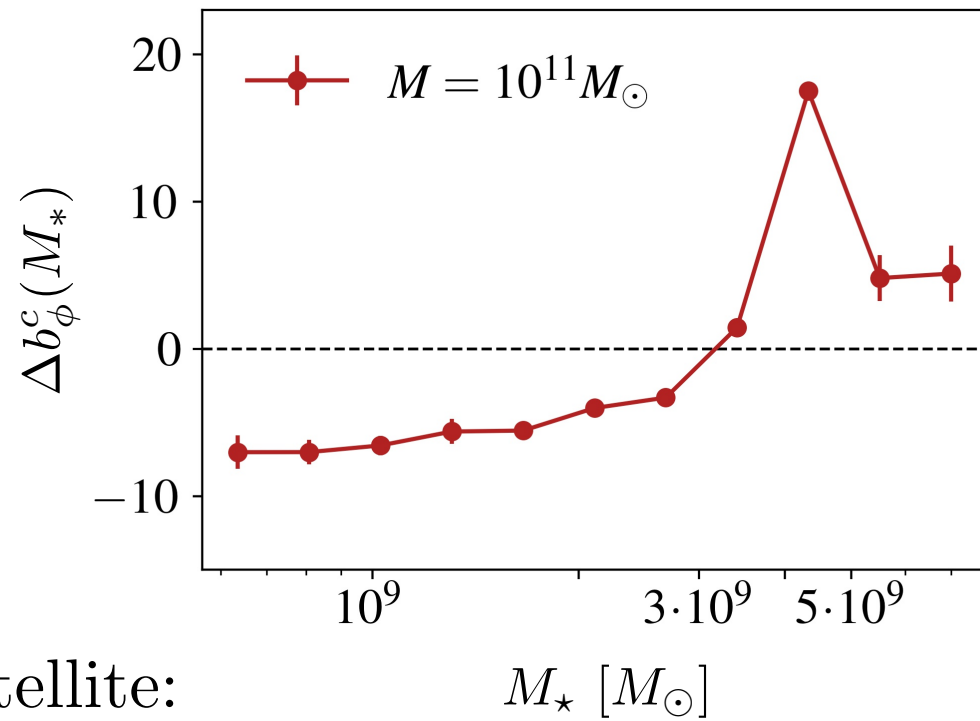
satellite:



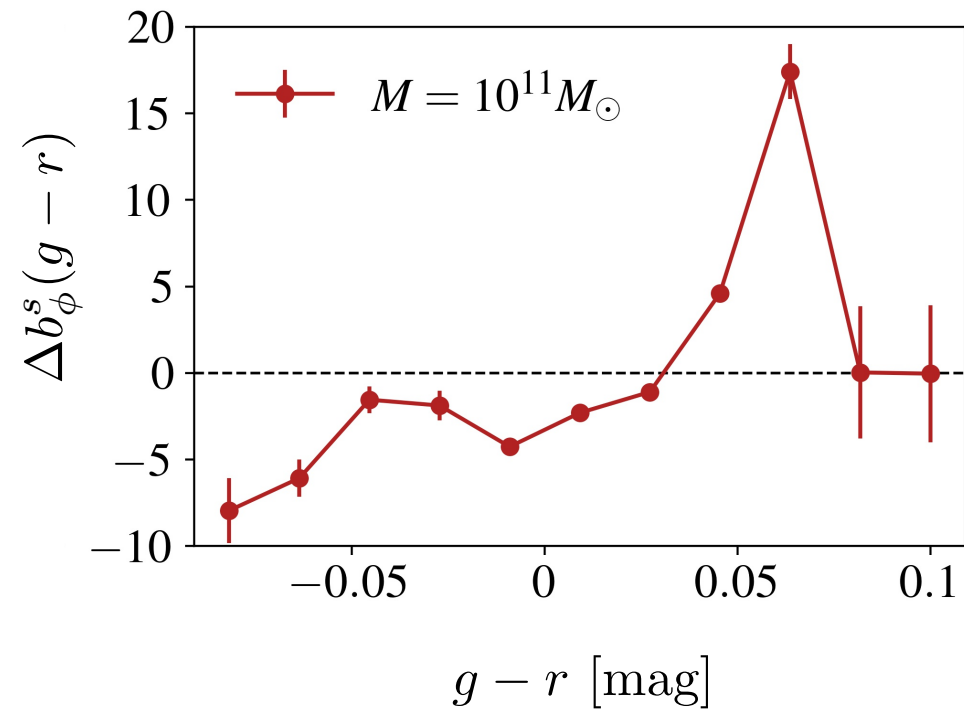
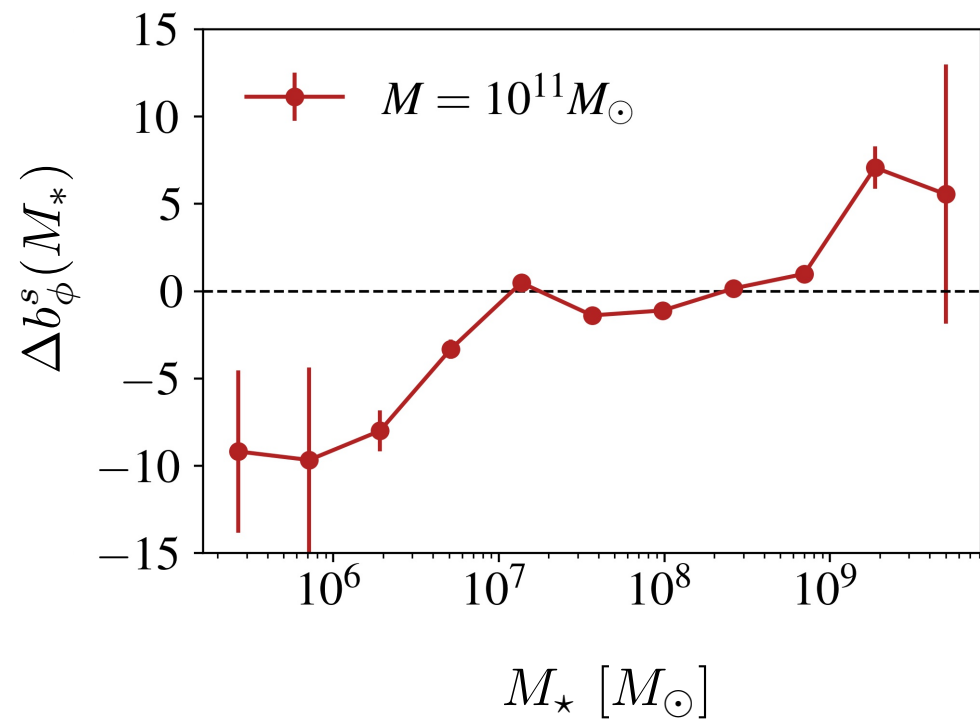
HOD response for stellar mass + color (z=1)

central:

Tinker+ '10 and universality relation: $\bar{b}_\phi \approx -0.24$



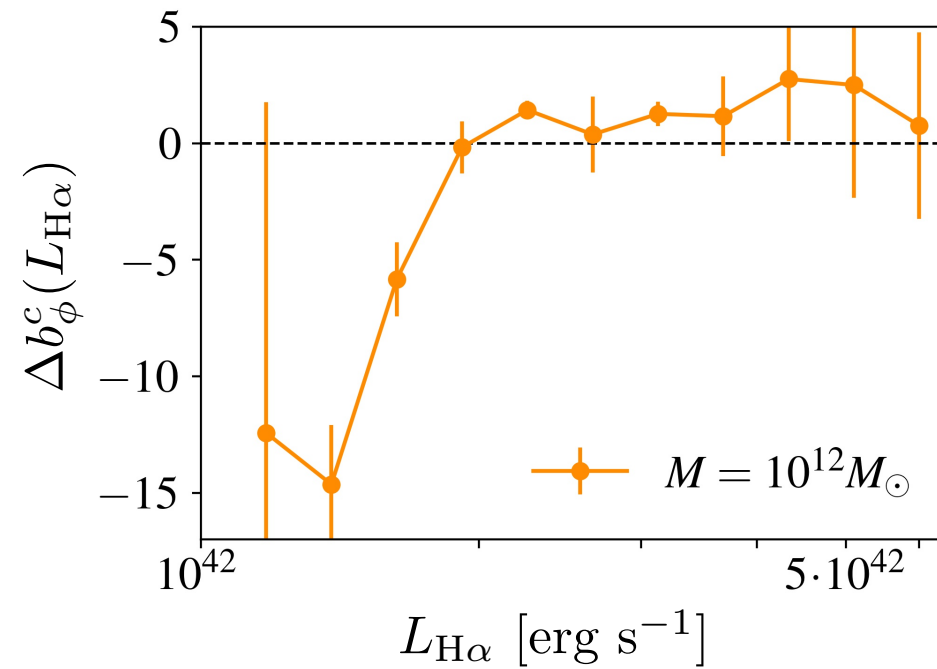
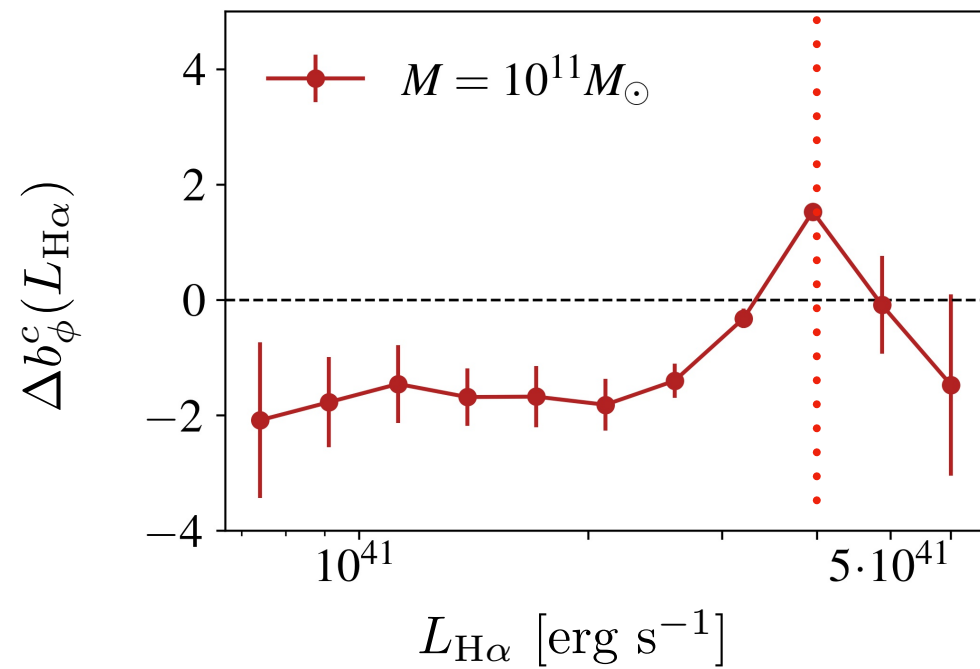
satellite:



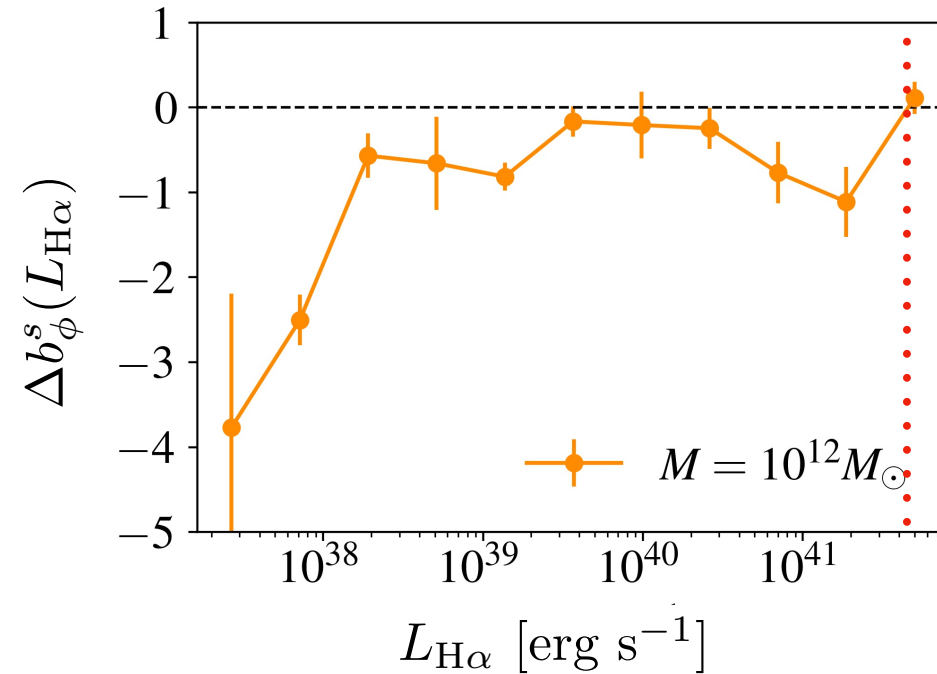
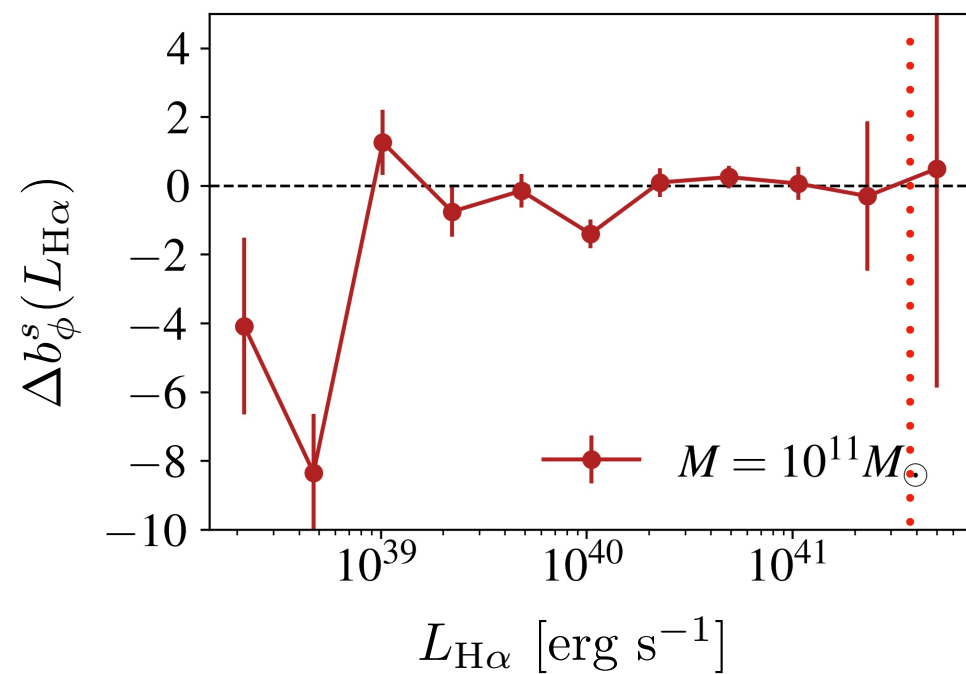
HOD response for Ha luminosity (z=1)

Assuming $L_{\text{H}\alpha} \propto \text{SFR}$

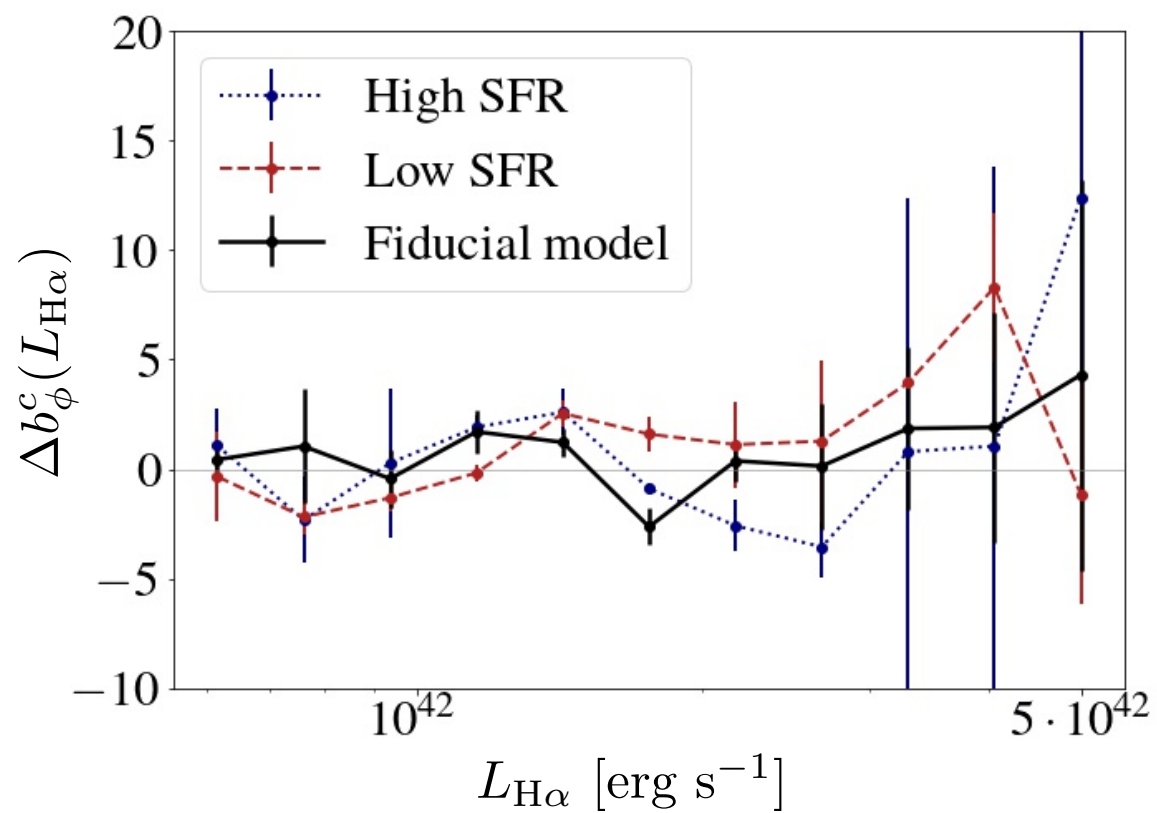
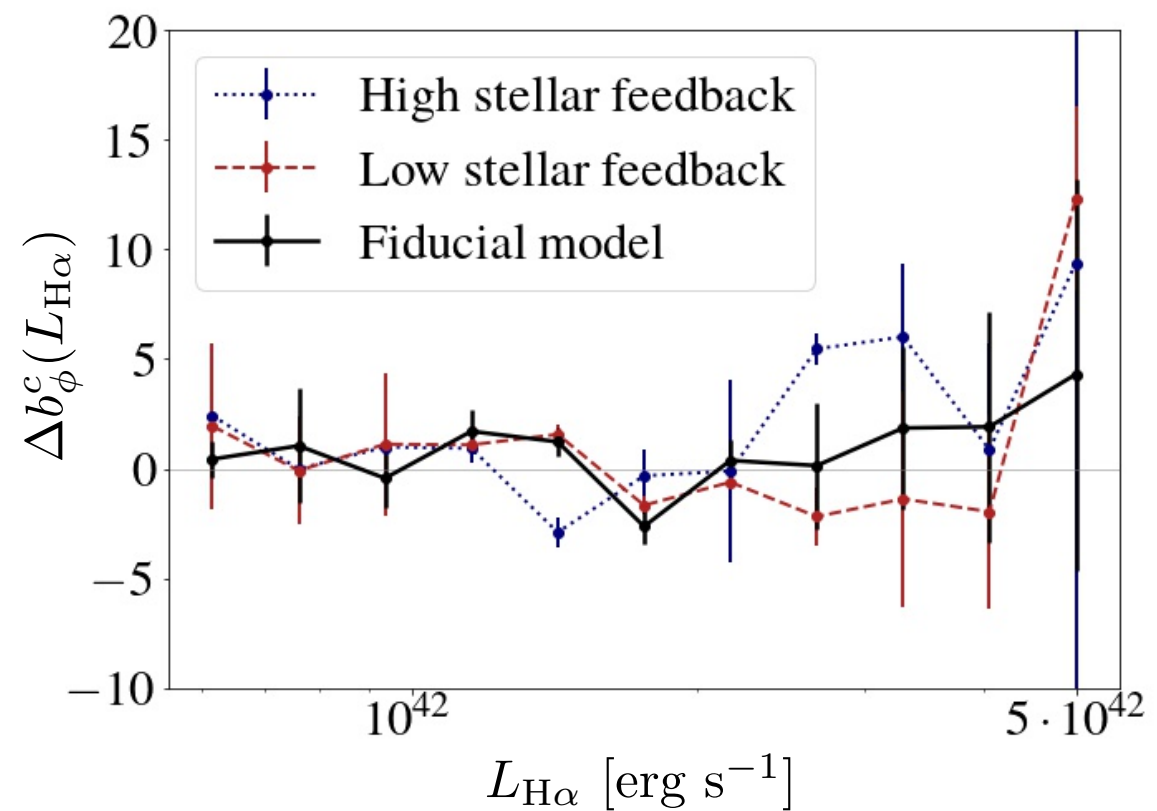
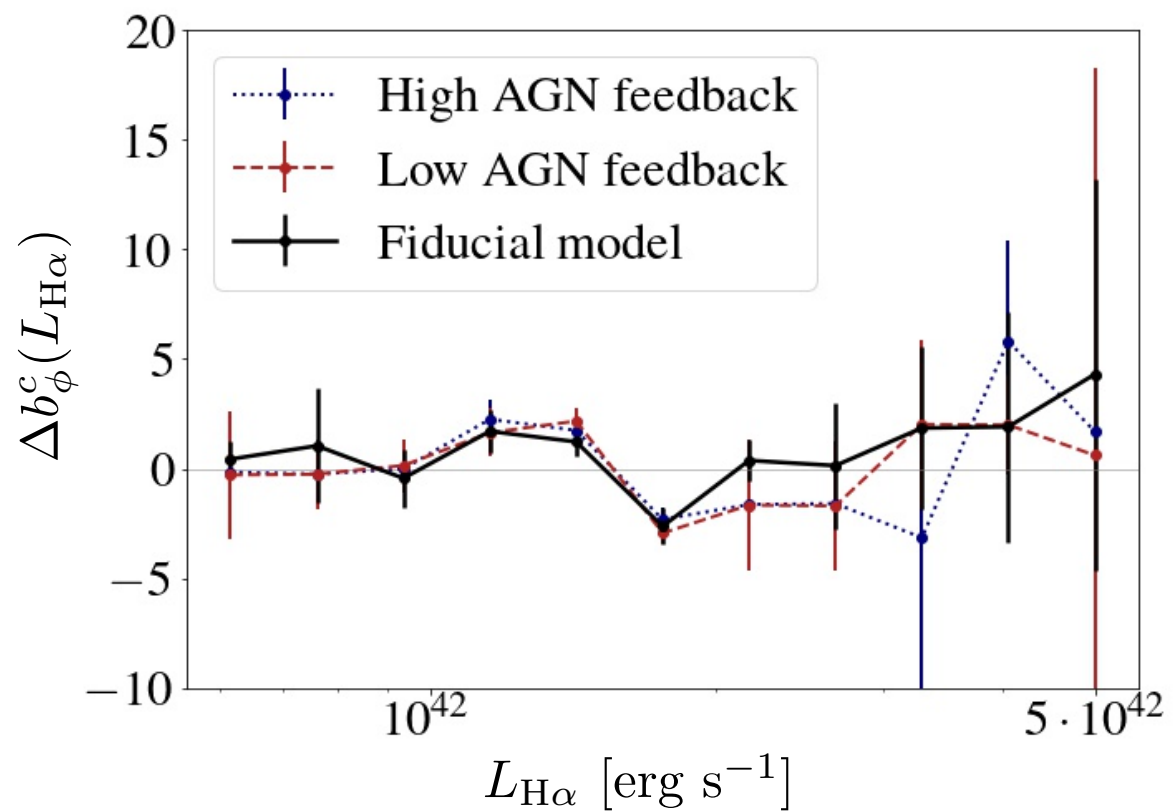
central:



satellite:



SAM variations



Improved Ha line model

w/ Ehud Behar, Ivan Rapoport

$$E_3 - E_1 \simeq 12.1 \text{ eV}$$

$$T_{\text{vir}} \approx 2.9 \times 10^4 \Omega_m^{1/3} \left(\frac{M_{\text{vir}}}{10^{10} M_{\odot}} \right)^{2/3} (1 + z_{\text{vir}}) \text{ K}$$

In addition to HII regions, include Ha emission from the hot, diffuse ISM phase

- Collisional-excitations
- Photo-excitations
- Recombinations
- Radiation from stars + AGN

Summary

Large assembly bias for galaxies selected by color or stellar mass because a larger s_8 produces faster mass assembly histories with more, and older stars

Smaller assembly bias for $L_{\text{H}\alpha}$ - selected galaxies due to lack of correlation between instantaneous SFR and s_8