



The University of Edinburgh

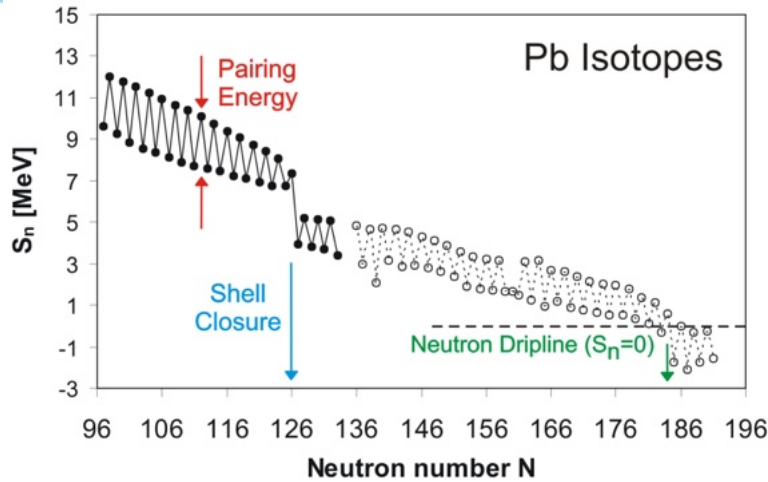


Ion Traps and Nuclear Physics

or

High precision mass measurements of exotic lanthanides

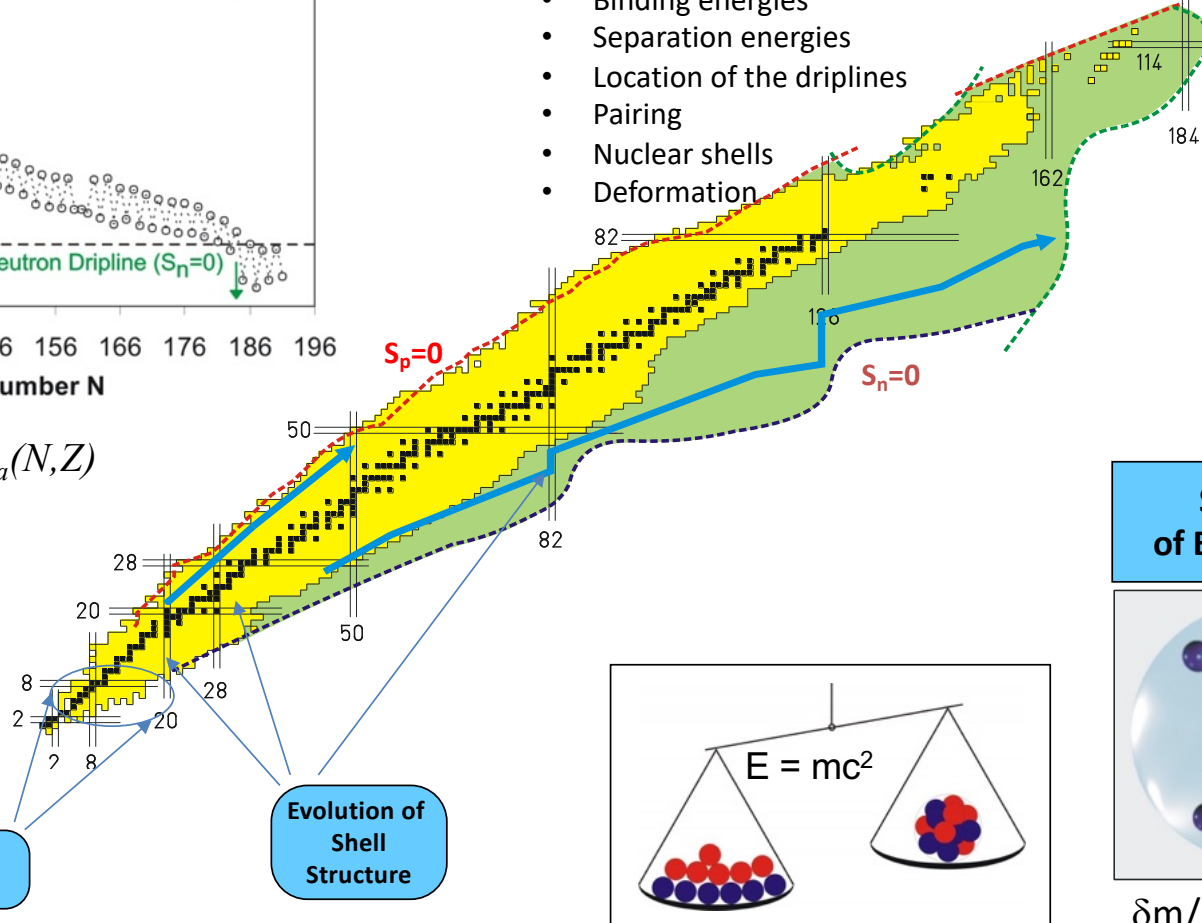
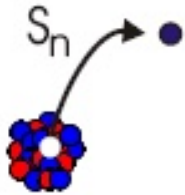
Moritz Pascal Reiter



Nuclear structure from mass measurements

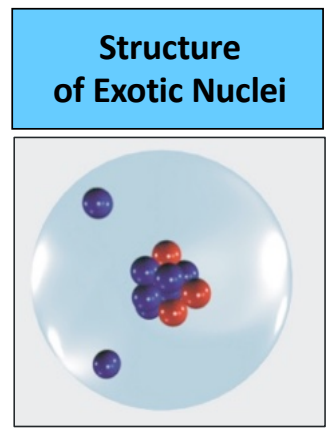
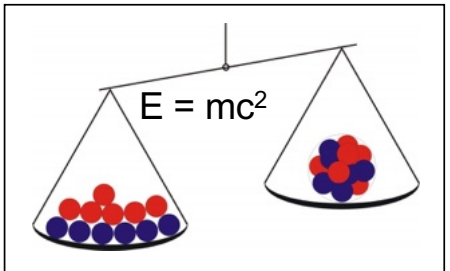
- Binding energies
- Separation energies
- Location of the driplines
- Pairing
- Nuclear shells
- Deformation

$$S_n = M_a(N-1, Z) + M_n - M_a(N, Z)$$



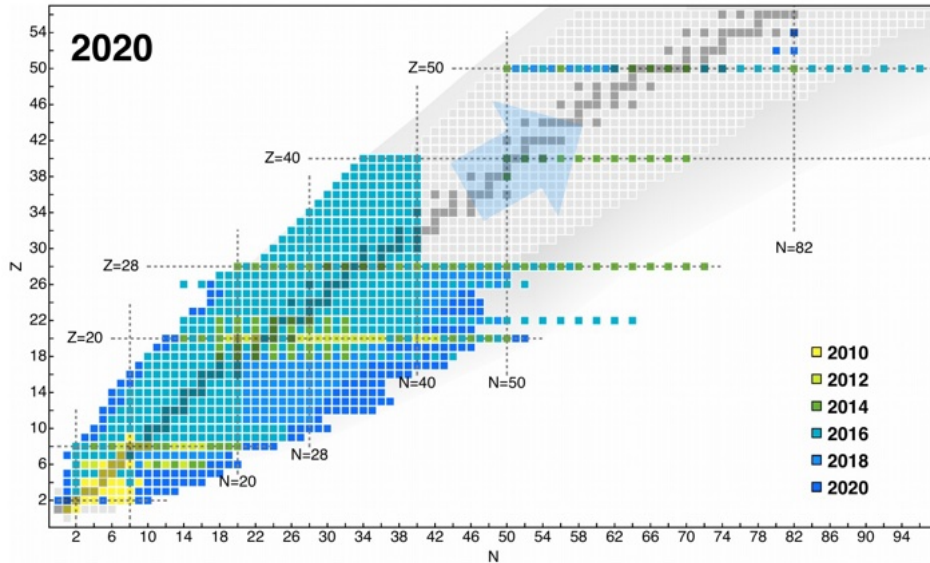
Halo, Skin Nuclei

Evolution of Shell Structure



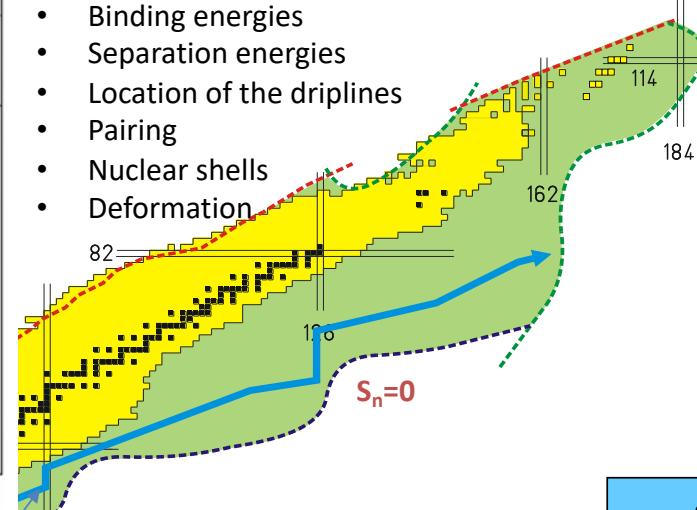
$\delta m/m \approx 10^{-6} - 10^{-7}$

136	2g 9/2
126	
112	1i 13/2
110	3p 1/2
106	3p 3/2
100	2f 5/2
100	2f 7/2
92	1h 9/2
82	
70	1h 11/2
68	3s 1/2
68	2d 3/2
64	2d 5/2
58	1g 7/2
50	
40	1g 9/2
38	2p 1/2
32	1f 5/2
32	2p 3/2
28	
28	1f 7/2
20	
16	1d 3/2
16	2s 1/2
14	1d 5/2
8	
8	1p 1/2
6	
6	1p 3/2
2	
2	1s 1/2



Nuclear structure from mass measurements

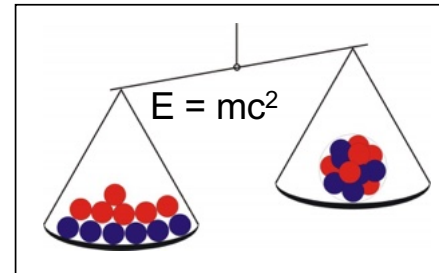
- Binding energies
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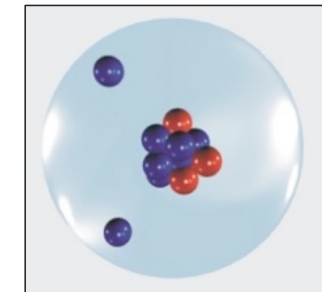
- Huge advances in nuclear theory
 - Quality and reach of *Ab initio* calculations
 - Refined chiral effective field theories and phenomenological calculations

Halo, Skin Nuclei

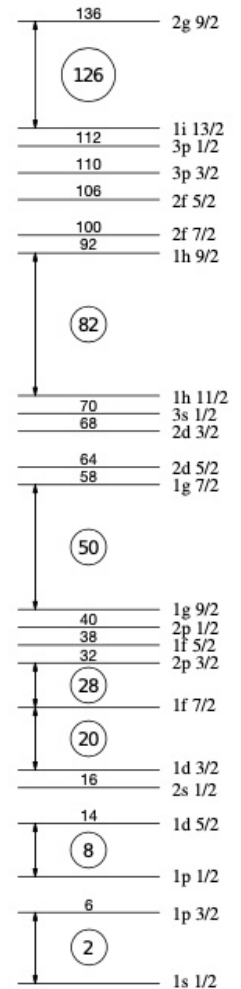
Evolution of Shell Structure



Structure of Exotic Nuclei



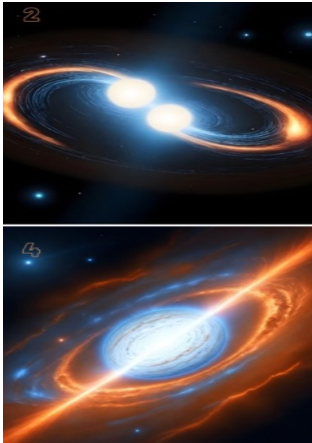
$$\delta m/m \approx 10^{-6} - 10^{-7}$$





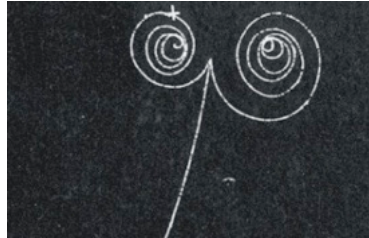
Mass Measurements for nuclear physics

Nuclear Astrophysics



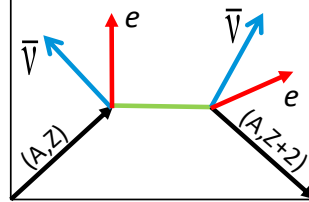
$\delta m/m \leq 10^{-7}$

Fundamental Symmetries and Interactions

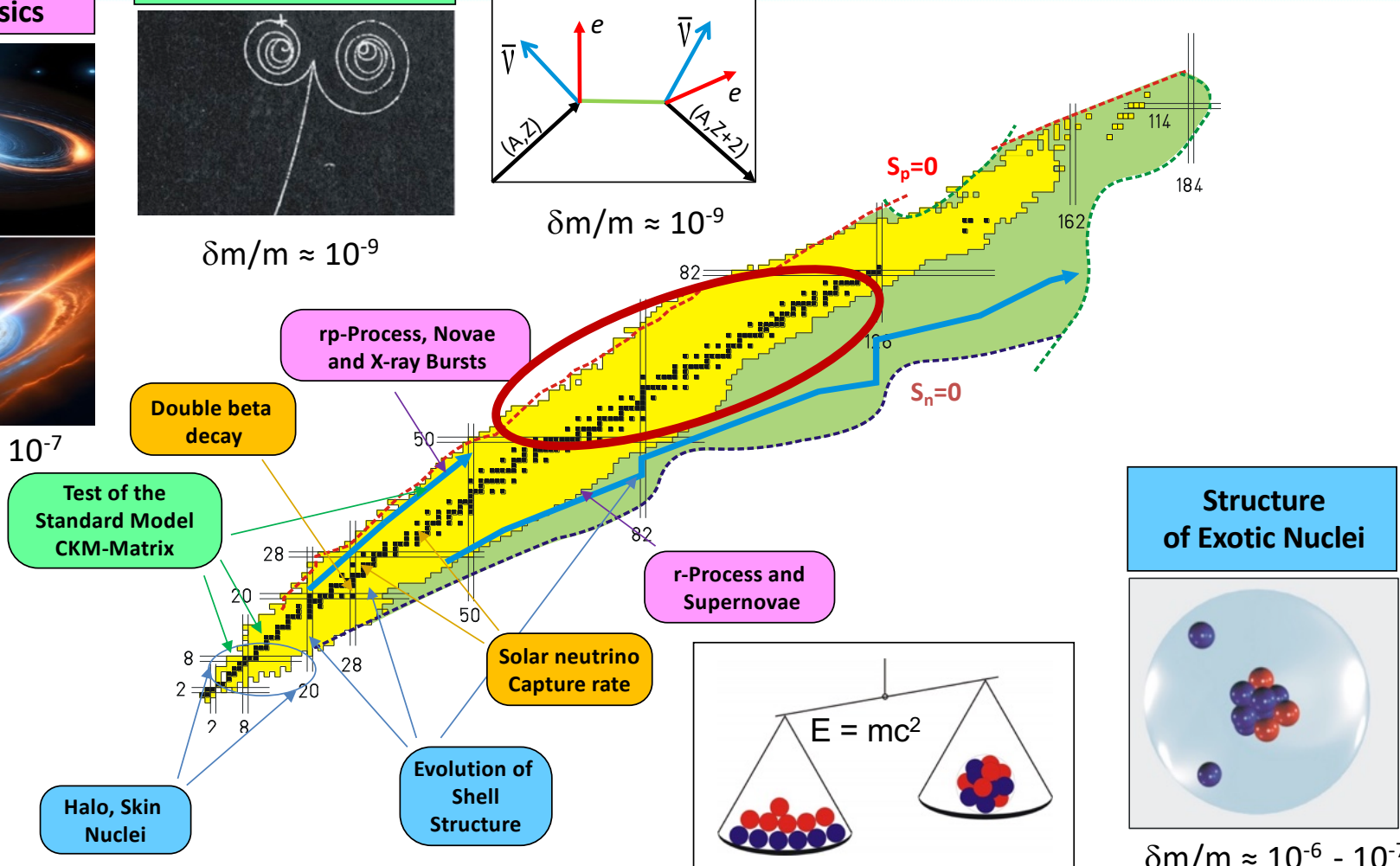


$\delta m/m \approx 10^{-9}$

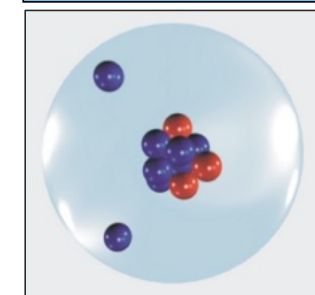
Neutrino Physics



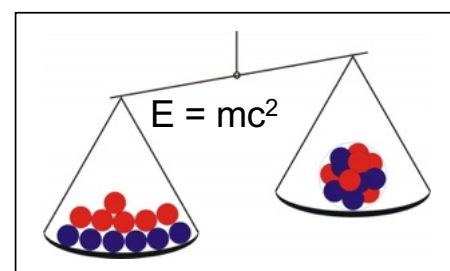
$\delta m/m \approx 10^{-9}$



Structure of Exotic Nuclei



$\delta m/m \approx 10^{-6} - 10^{-7}$



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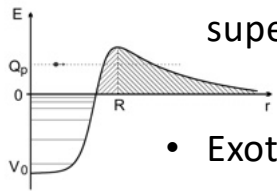
Scientific Motivation: Nuclear Structure of light lanthanides

- Region between ^{100}Sn and ^{150}Lu with rich nuclear structure

- Fading of $N=Z$ effects beyond ^{100}Sn in the south
- Persistence of the $N=82$ up to the drip line in the north
- In between region not well explored

- Maximal deformation
- Rapid shape changes & shape coexistence
- Close to proton drip-line
- Exotic decays

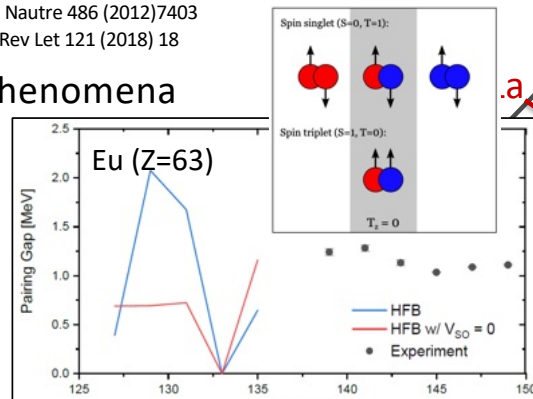
(beta-delayed p, 1 and 2-proton radioactivity, super allowed GT & alpha decay)



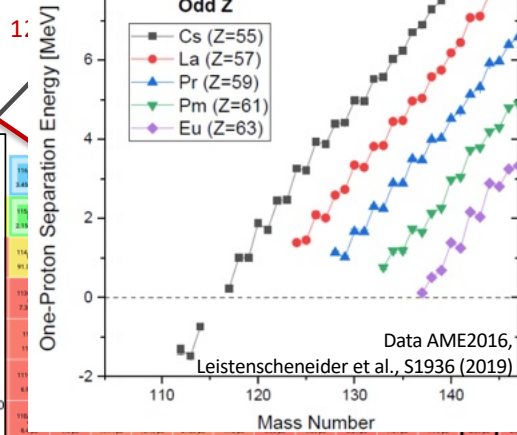
C. B. Hinke et al., Nautre 486 (2012)7403
K Auranan, Phys Rev Let 121 (2018) 18

- Exotic pn pairing phenomena
- Exotic Tetrahedral isomers at $Z=64$

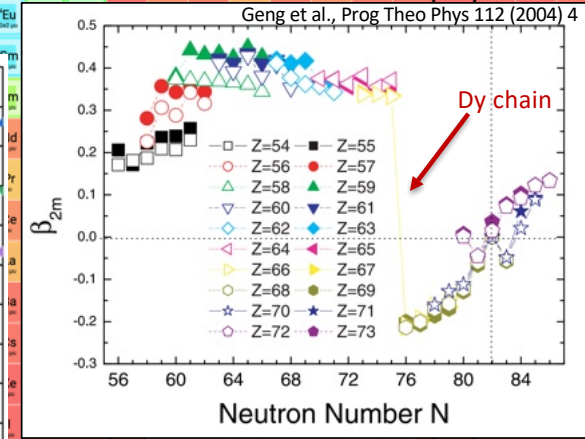
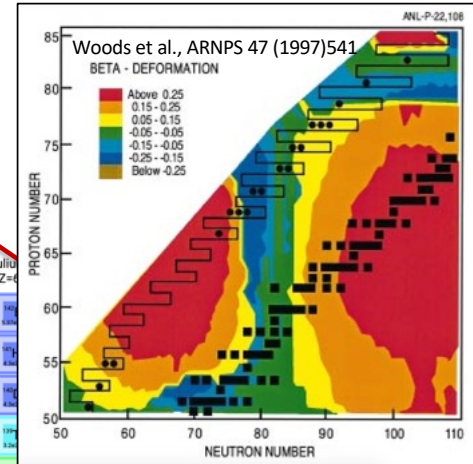
Dudk et al., PRC 97 (2018)021302(R)



Bulthuis & Gezerlis. Phys. Rev. C, 93(2016)014312



Data AME2016, Leistscheneider et al., S1936 (2019)



Geng et al., Prog Theo Phys 112 (2004) 4

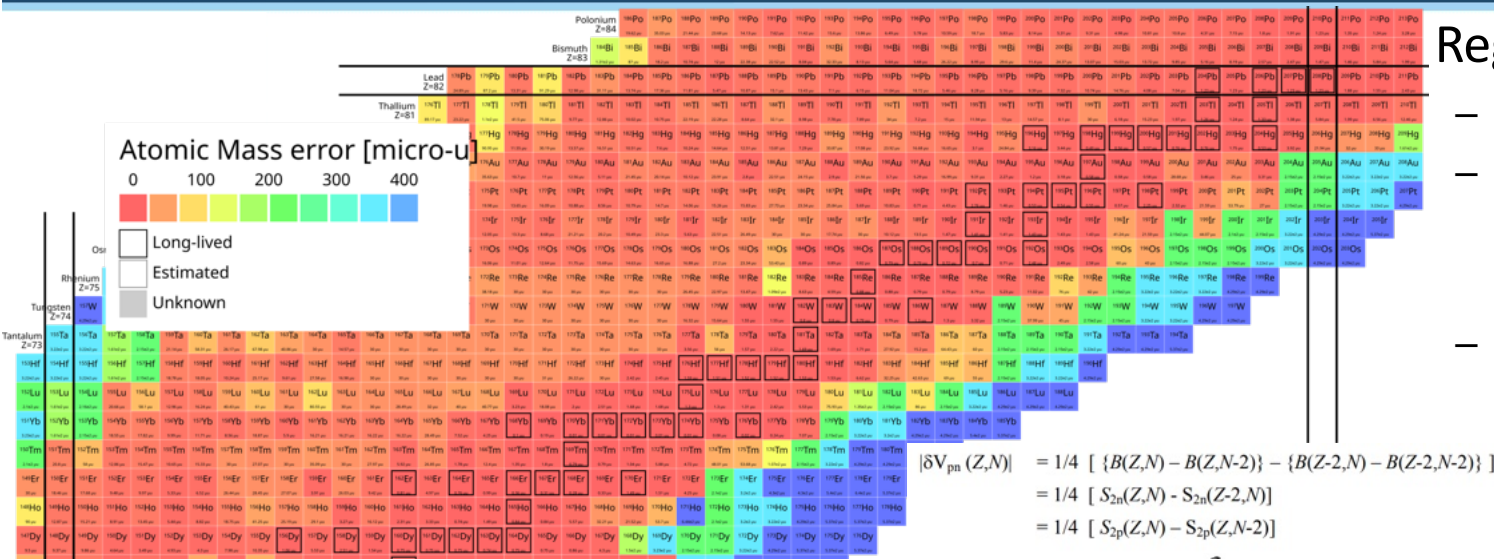
Element	Isotope	Half-life	Decay Mode
Te	^{126}Te	1.48 yr	beta
	^{127}Te	1.48 yr	beta
	^{128}Te	2.40 yr	beta
Sb	^{124}Sb	1.48 yr	beta
	^{125}Sb	2.7 yr	beta
	^{126}Sb	34.79 yr	beta
Sn	^{122}Sn	5.49 yr	beta
	^{123}Sn	20.17 yr	beta
	^{124}Sn	11.29 yr	beta
In	^{119}In	2.29 yr	beta
	^{120}In	3.36 yr	beta
	^{121}In	3.3 yr	beta
Cd	^{116}Cd	2.83 yr	beta
	^{117}Cd	2.83 yr	beta
	^{118}Cd	2.83 yr	beta



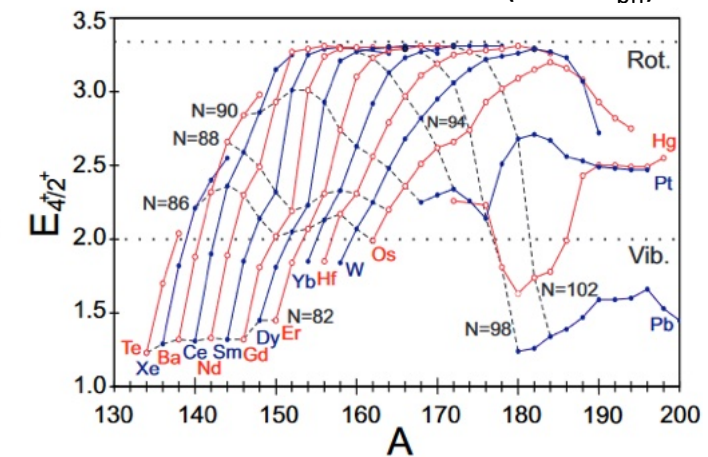
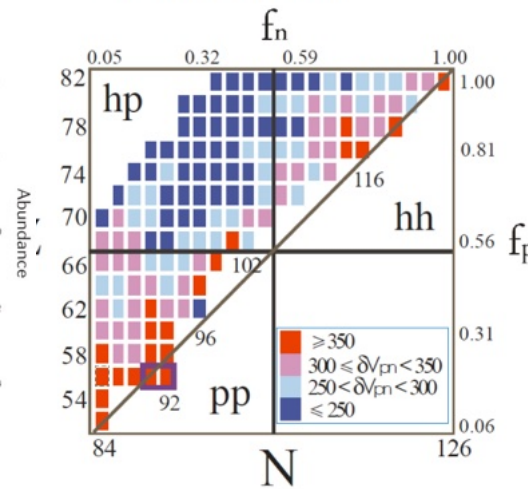
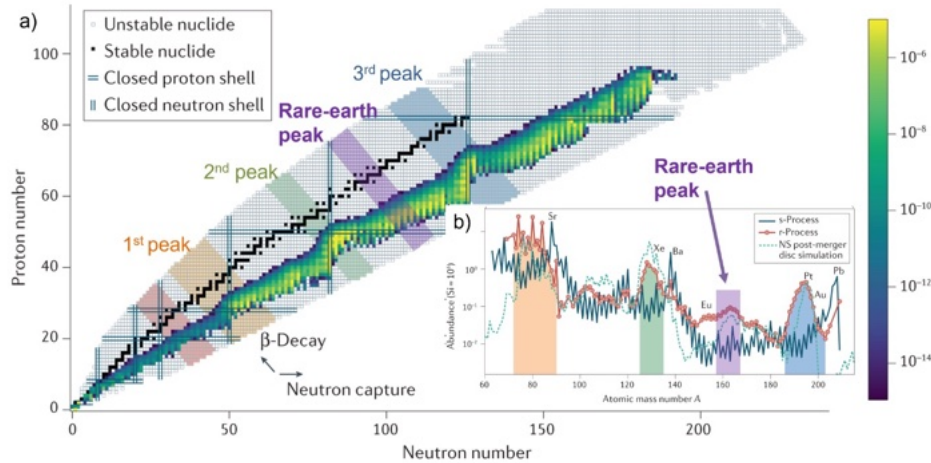
Scientific Motivation: Nuclear Structure on the neutron-rich side

Region between ^{132}Sn and ^{208}Pb

- Evolution beyond $N=82$ at low Z
- Persistence of the $N=126$ below ^{208}Pb
 - Implications for 2nd and 3rd r-process abundance peak
- Evolution of mid shell rare earth region
 - Dominated by deformation and collectivity
 - Overlap between the proton and neutron wave functions (via δV_{pn})



$$\begin{aligned} \delta V_{pn}(Z,N) &= 1/4 [\{B(Z,N) - B(Z,N-2)\} - \{B(Z-2,N) - B(Z-2,N-2)\}] \\ &= 1/4 [S_{2n}(Z,N) - S_{2n}(Z-2,N)] \\ &= 1/4 [S_{2p}(Z,N) - S_{2p}(Z-2,N)] \end{aligned}$$





Research program at GSI and TRIUMF

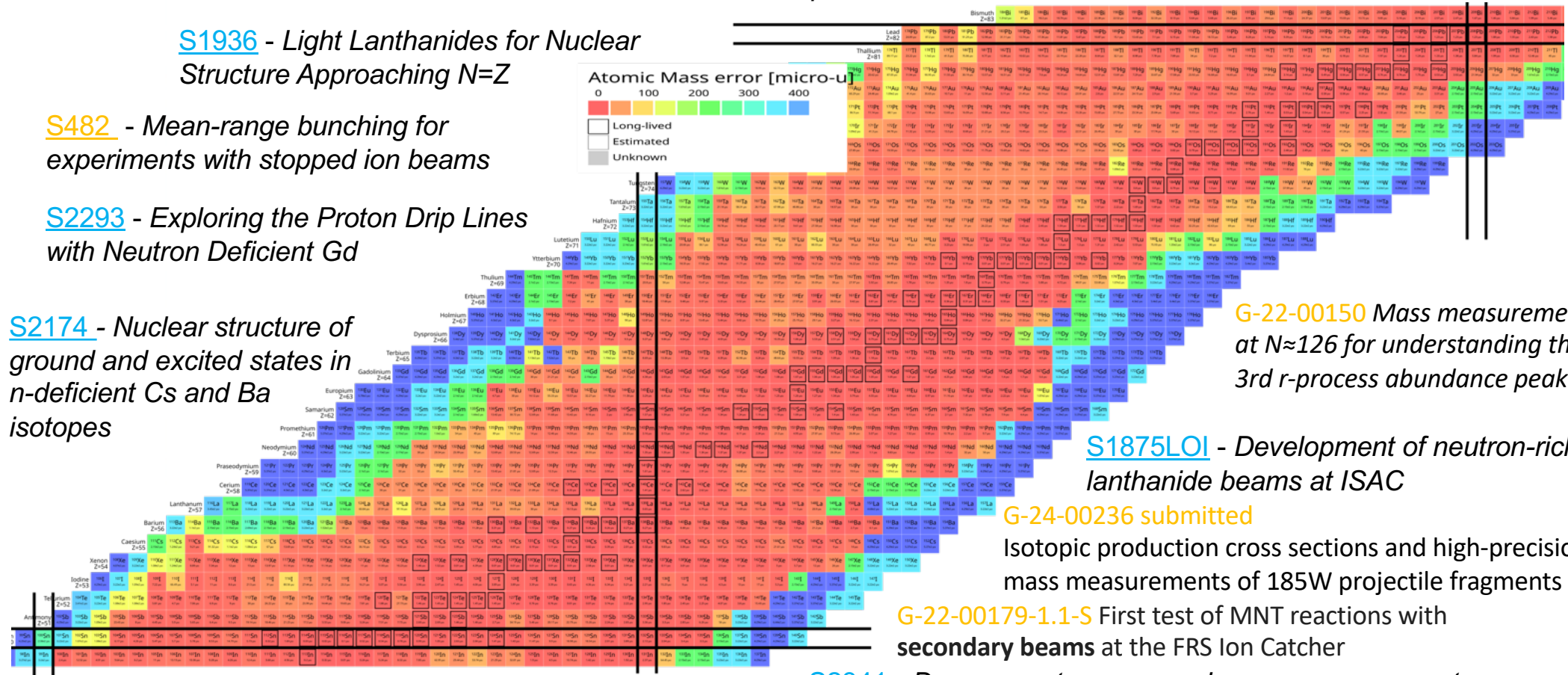
[S1756](#) - Mass measurements of $N=82$ lanthanides isotopes around $Z=70$

[S1936](#) - Light Lanthanides for Nuclear Structure Approaching $N=Z$

[S482](#) - Mean-range bunching for experiments with stopped ion beams

[S2293](#) - Exploring the Proton Drip Lines with Neutron Deficient Gd

[S2174](#) - Nuclear structure of ground and excited states in n -deficient Cs and Ba isotopes



[G-22-00150](#) Mass measurements at $N \approx 126$ for understanding the 3rd r -process abundance peak

[S1875LOI](#) - Development of neutron-rich lanthanide beams at ISAC

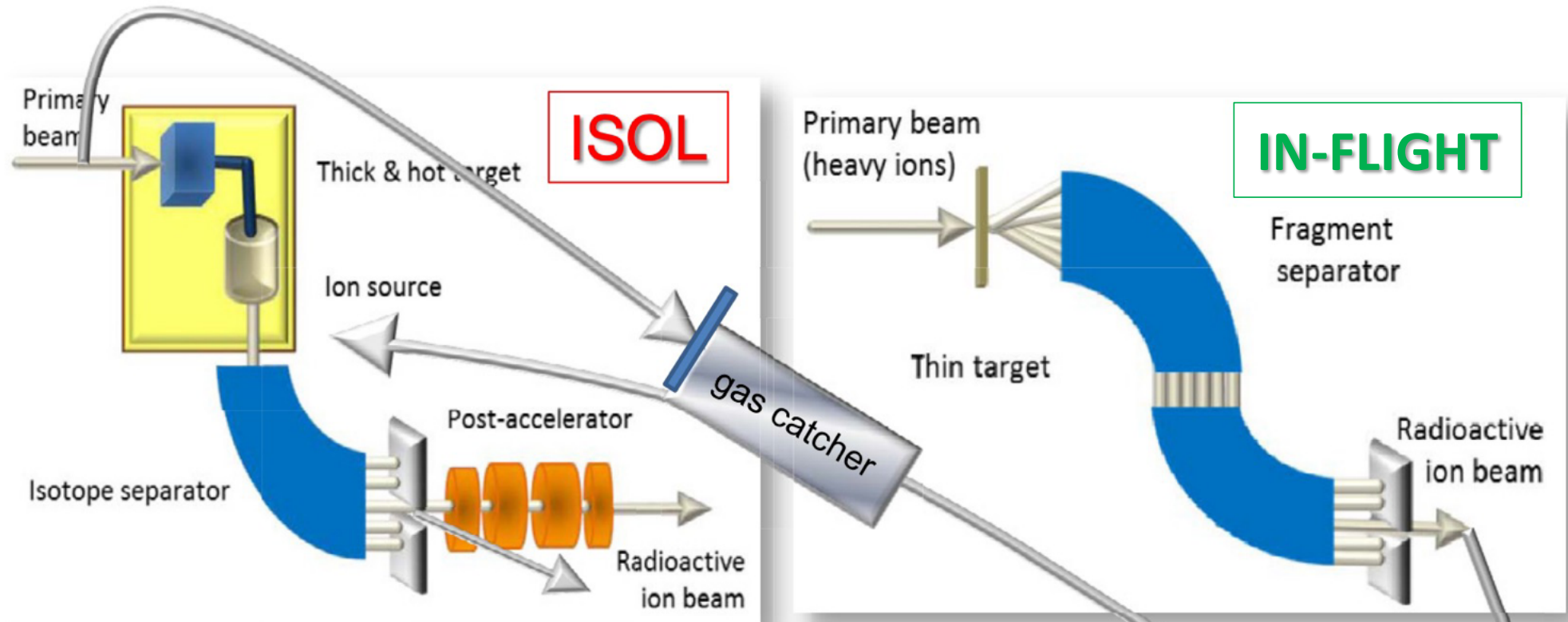
[G-24-00236](#) submitted

Isotopic production cross sections and high-precision mass measurements of ^{185}W projectile fragments

[G-22-00179-1.1-S](#) First test of MNT reactions with secondary beams at the FRS Ion Catcher

[G-22-00117](#) In-cell MNT reactions at the FRS Ion Catcher – studies with **stable beams**

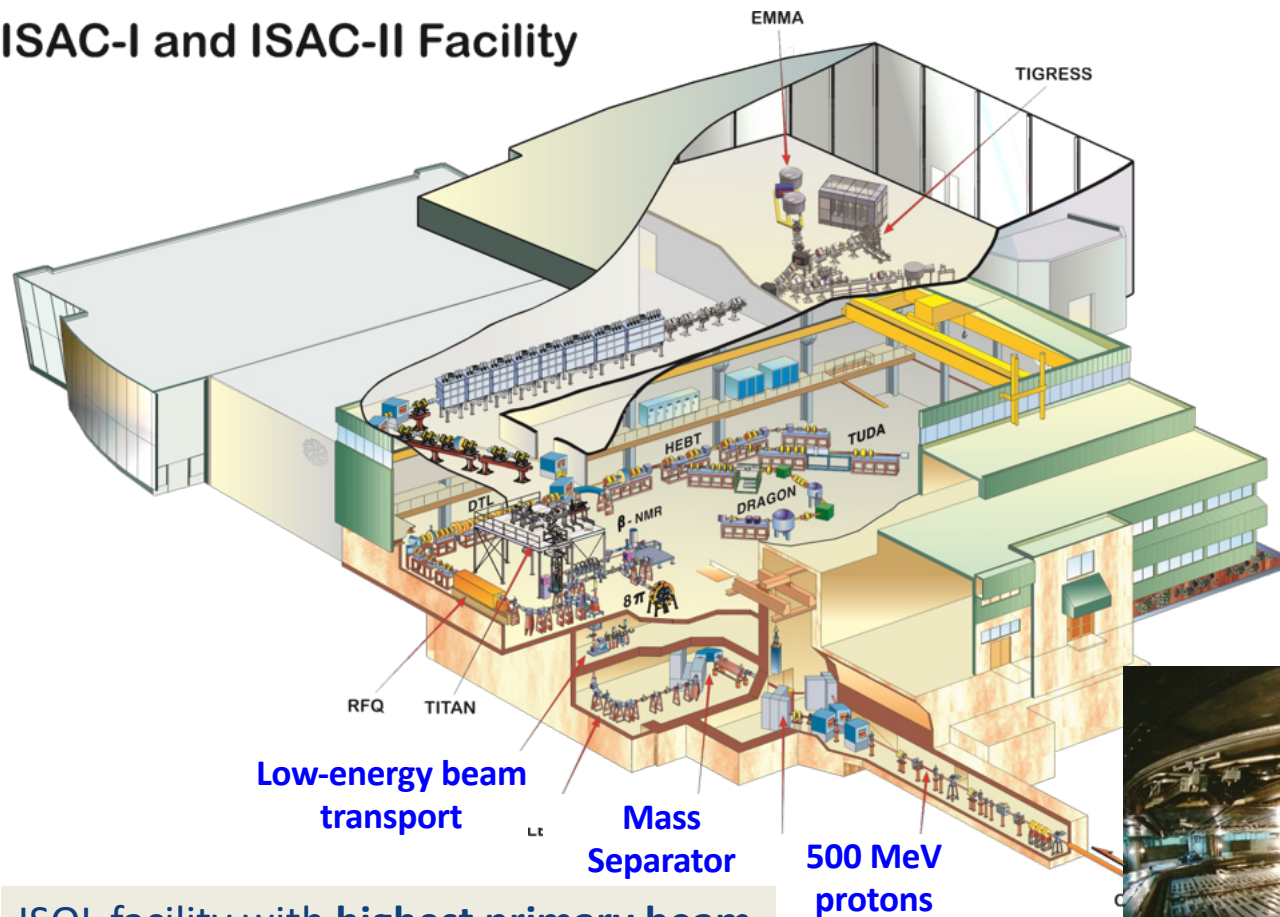
[S2341](#) - Decay spectroscopy and mass measurements of neutron-rich Sn and Sb isotopes



→ TITAN at ISAC, TRIUMF

→ FRS Ion Catcher
at GSI/FAIR

ISAC-I and ISAC-II Facility



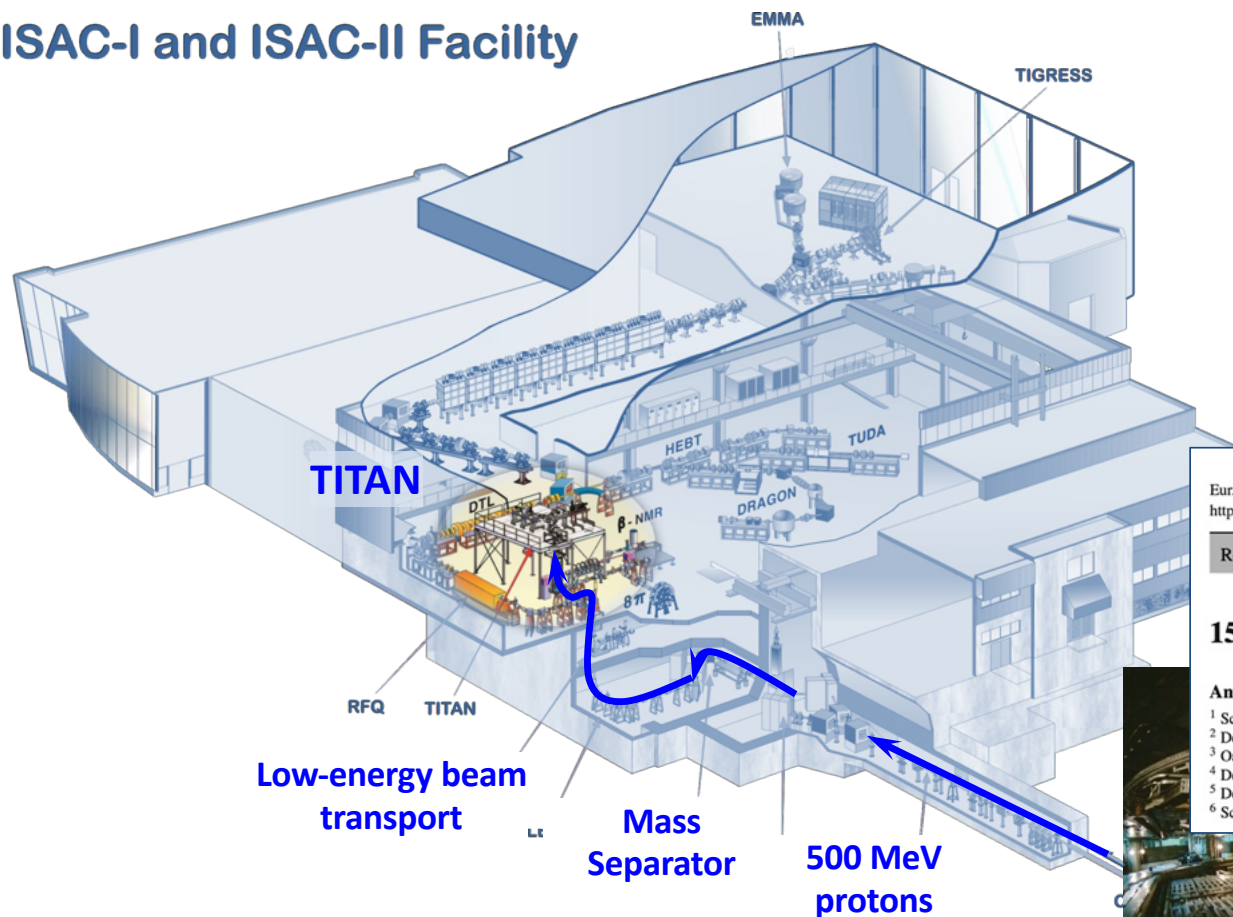
Programs in

- Nuclear structure & reactions
- Nuclear astrophysics
- Electroweak interaction Studies
- **Material science**

ISOL facility with **highest primary beam intensity** (40-80 μA , 480 MeV p)



ISAC-I and ISAC-II Facility



TRIUMF's Ion Trap for Atomic and Nuclear Science

- High-precision mass measurements
- In-trap decay spectroscopy

Eur. Phys. J. A_#####
<https://doi.org/10.1140/epja/s10050-024-01241-6>

THE EUROPEAN
 PHYSICAL JOURNAL A



Regular Article - Experimental Physics

15 years of precision mass measurements at TITAN

Anna A. Kwiatkowski^{2,1,a}, Jens Dilling^{3,4,1,b}, Stephan Malbrunot-Ettenauer^{1,5,c}, Moritz Pascal Reiter^{6,d}

¹ Science Division, TRIUMF, 4004 Wesbrook Mall, Vancouver, BC V6A 2K3, Canada

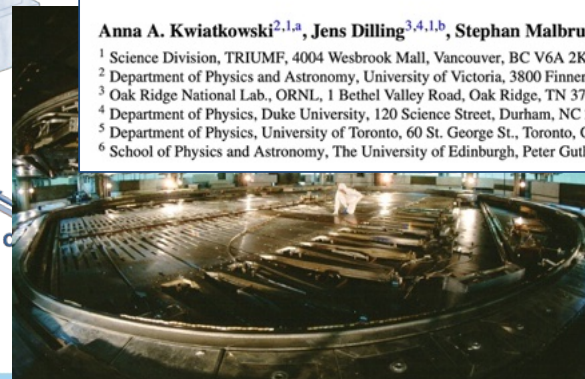
² Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, 3800 Finnerty Road, Victoria, BC V8O 5C2, Canada

³ Oak Ridge National Lab., ORNL, 1 Bethel Valley Road, Oak Ridge, TN 37830, USA

⁴ Department of Physics, Duke University, 120 Science Street, Durham, NC 27708, USA

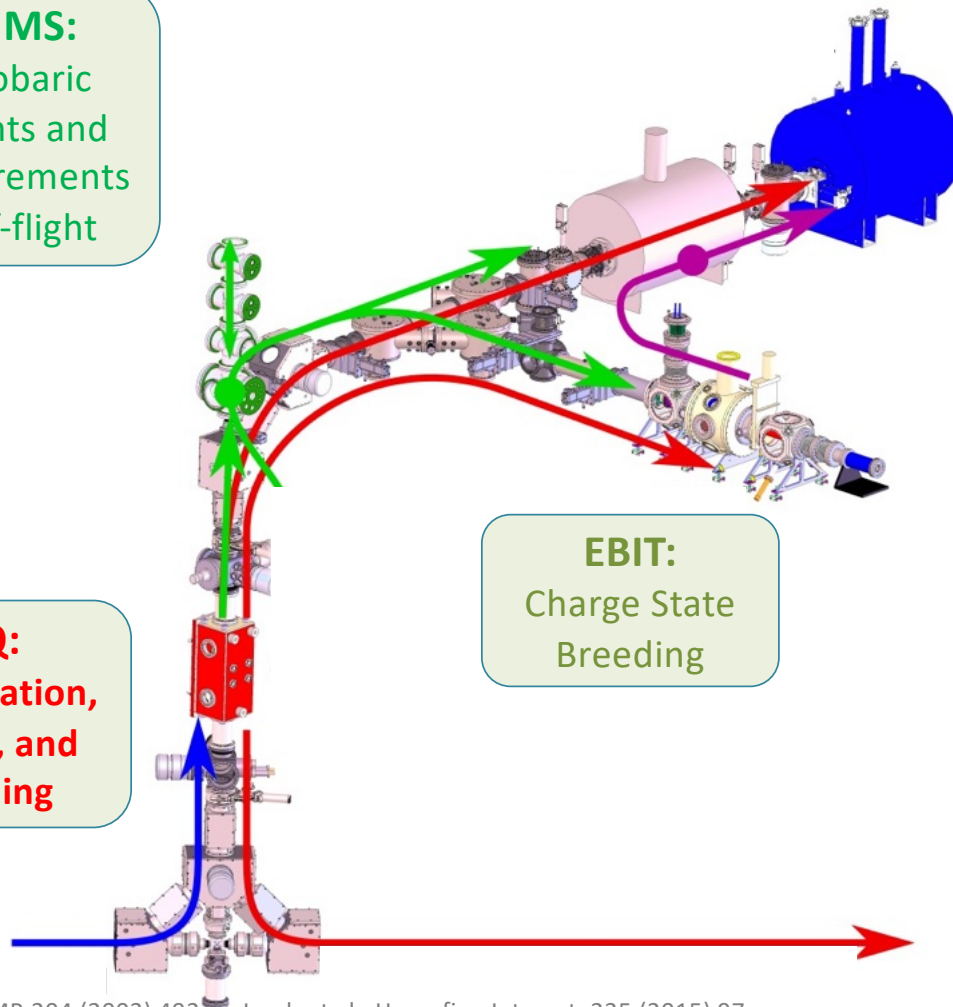
⁵ Department of Physics, University of Toronto, 60 St. George St., Toronto, ON M5S 1A7, Canada

⁶ School of Physics and Astronomy, The University of Edinburgh, Peter Guthrie Tait Road, Edinburgh, Scotland EH9 3FD, UK



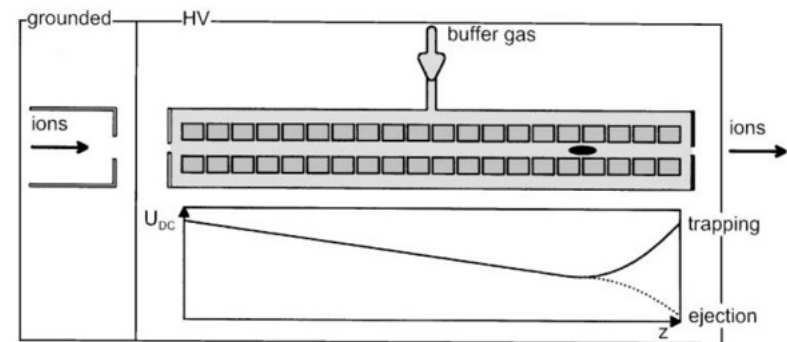
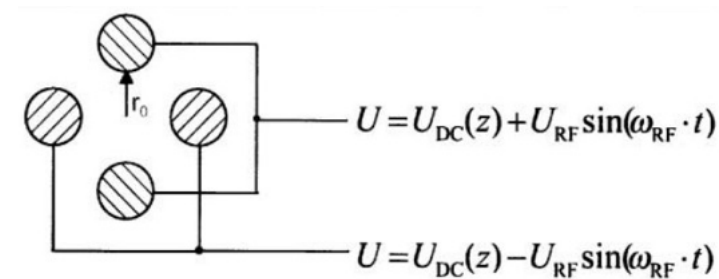
MR-TOF MS:
remove isobaric
contaminants and
mass measurements
via time-of-flight

MPET:
mass measurement via determination
of cyclotron frequency



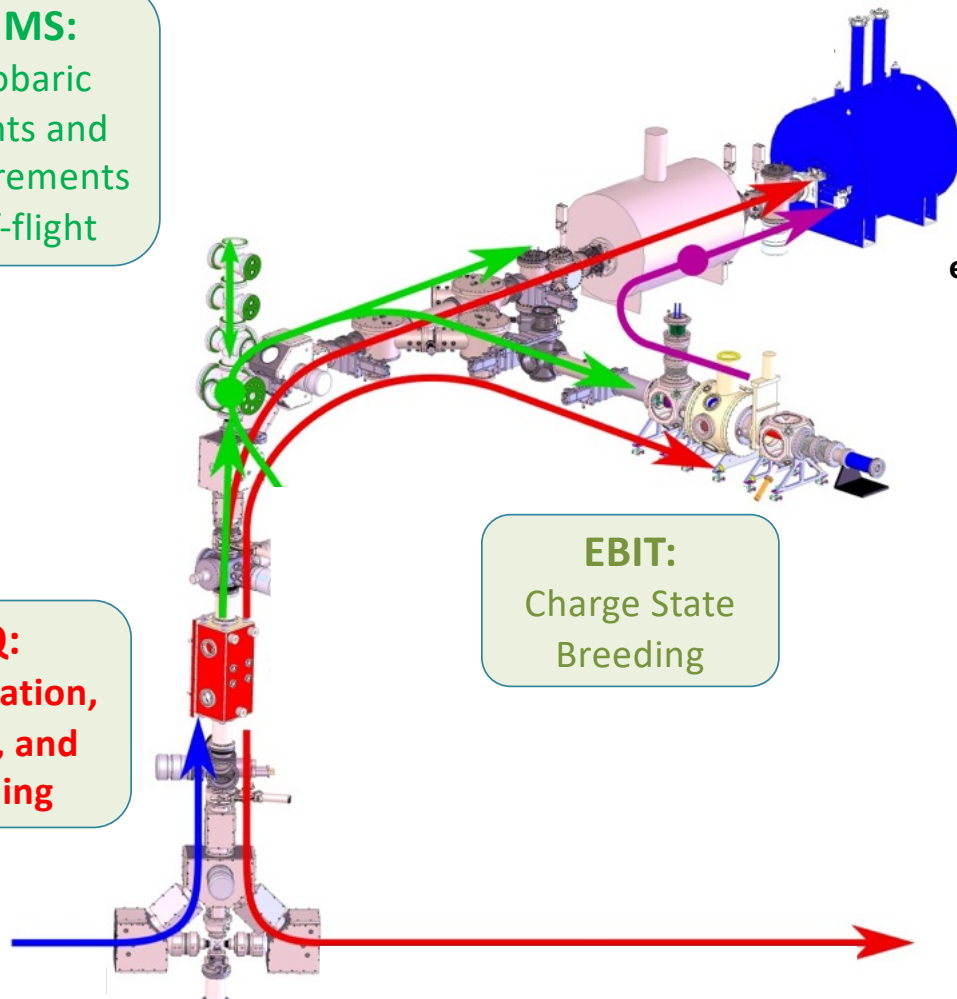
EBIT:
Charge State
Breeding

RFQ:
Accumulation,
cooling, and
bunching



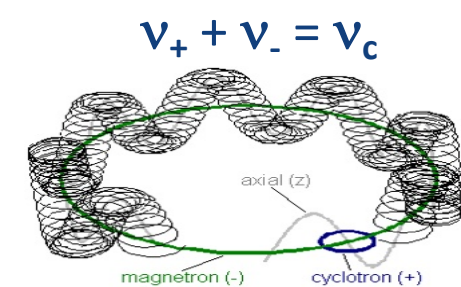
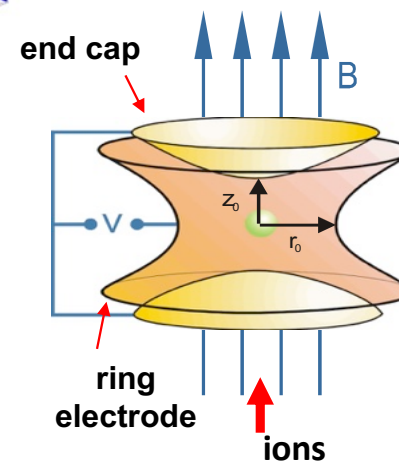
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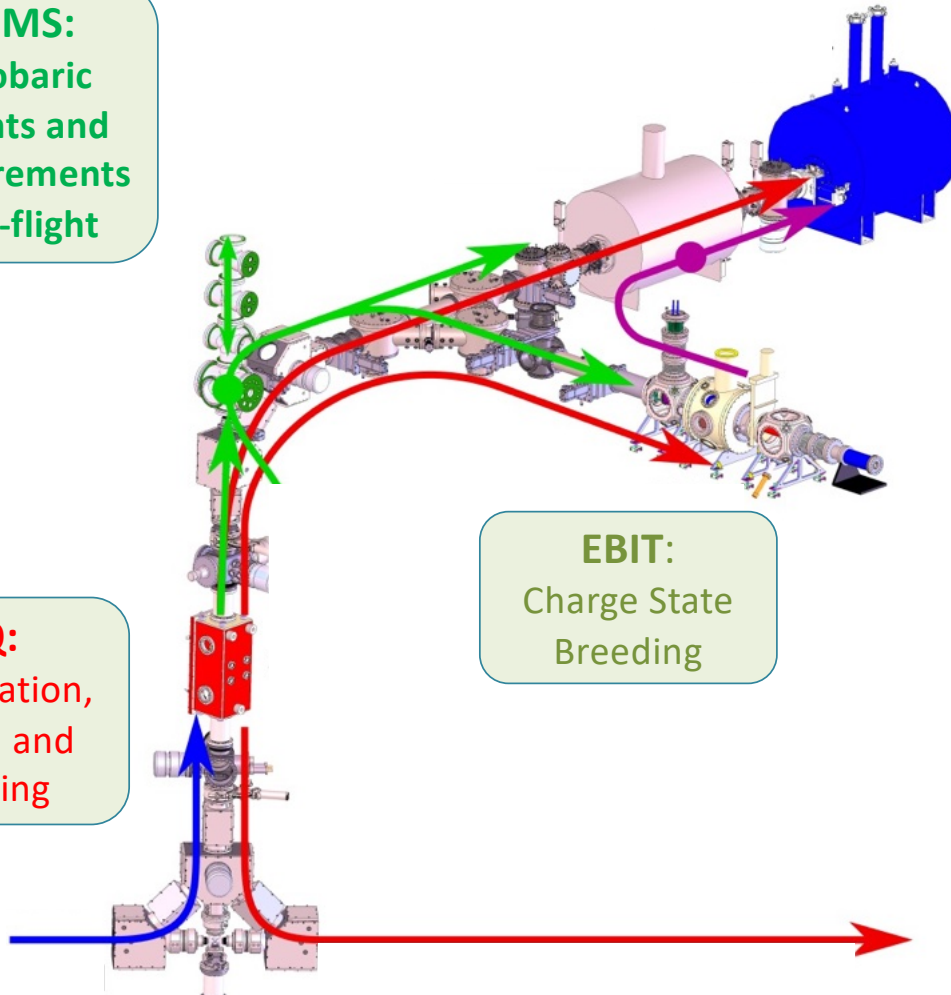
RFQ:
Accumulation,
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- **TOF-ICR** technique
 - Fast measurement preparation
Using Lorentz steerers (LEBIT)
 - Fast and robust measurements
 - High precision technique $> 10^{-9}$
 - High resolution (~ 1 million at 500+ ms)

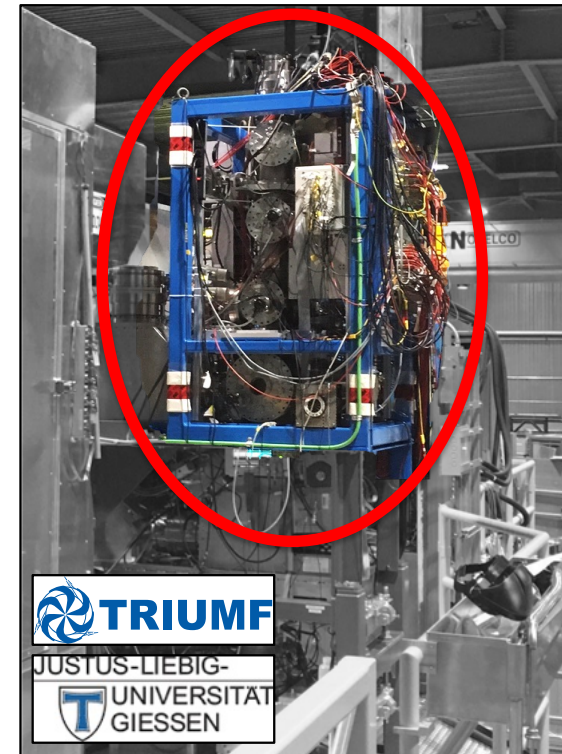
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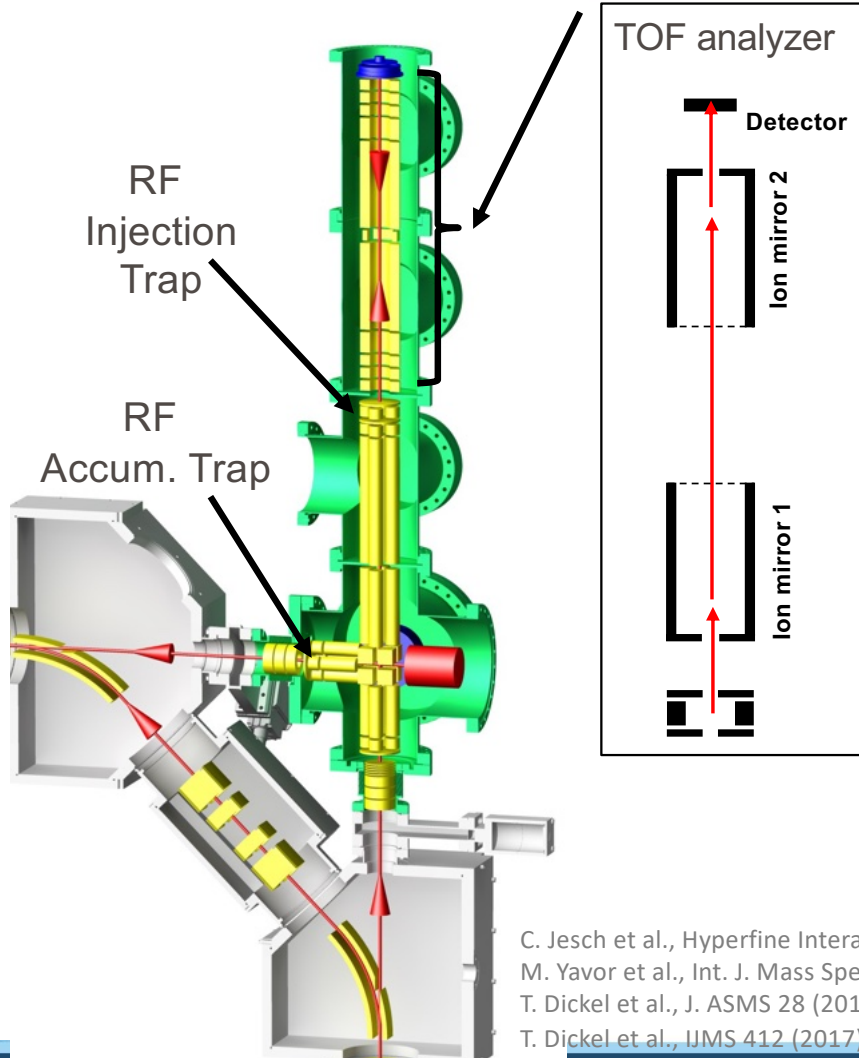
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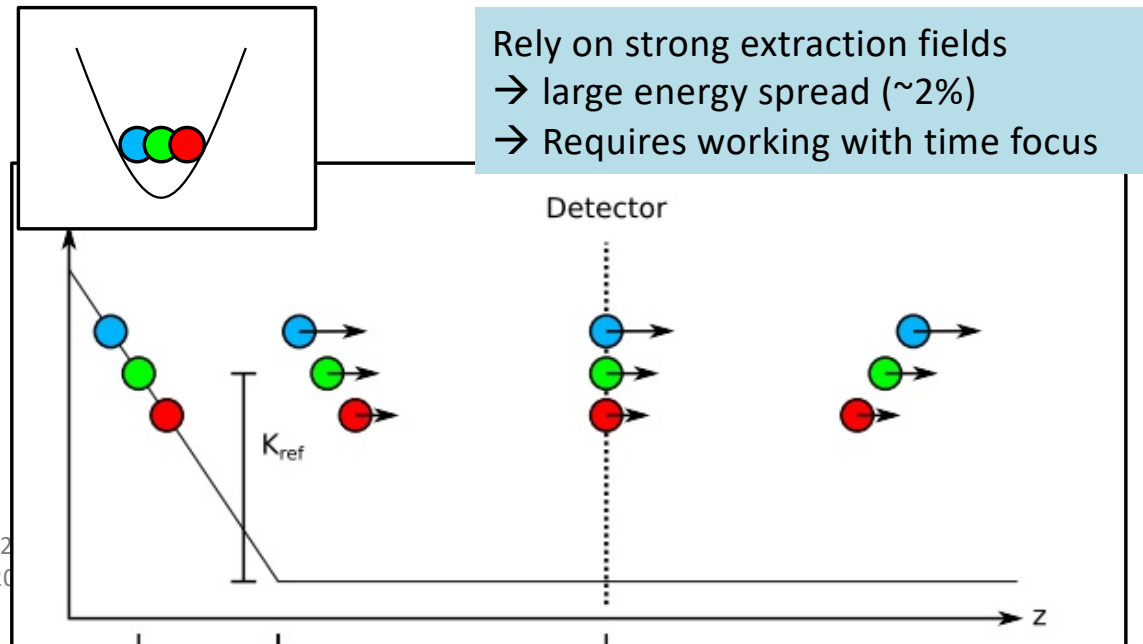


- Measurement of mass-to-charge ratio by **measurement of time-of-flight**

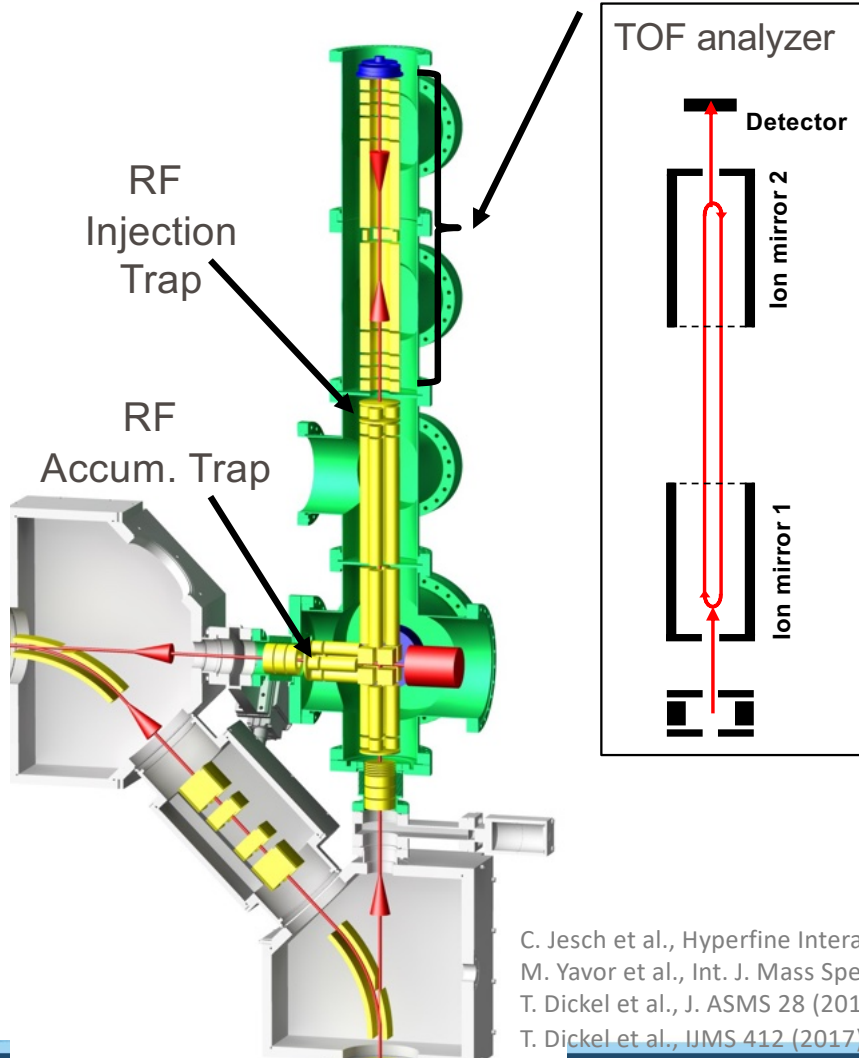
$$E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = qeU$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{m}{q} \propto t^2$$

- Narrow initial ion bunches



C. Jesch et al., *Hyperfine Interact.* 235 (2015) 1-7
 M. Yavor et al., *Int. J. Mass Spec.* 381 (2015) 1-7
 T. Dickel et al., *J. ASMS* 28 (2017) 1079
 T. Dickel et al., *IJMS* 412 (2017) 1-7

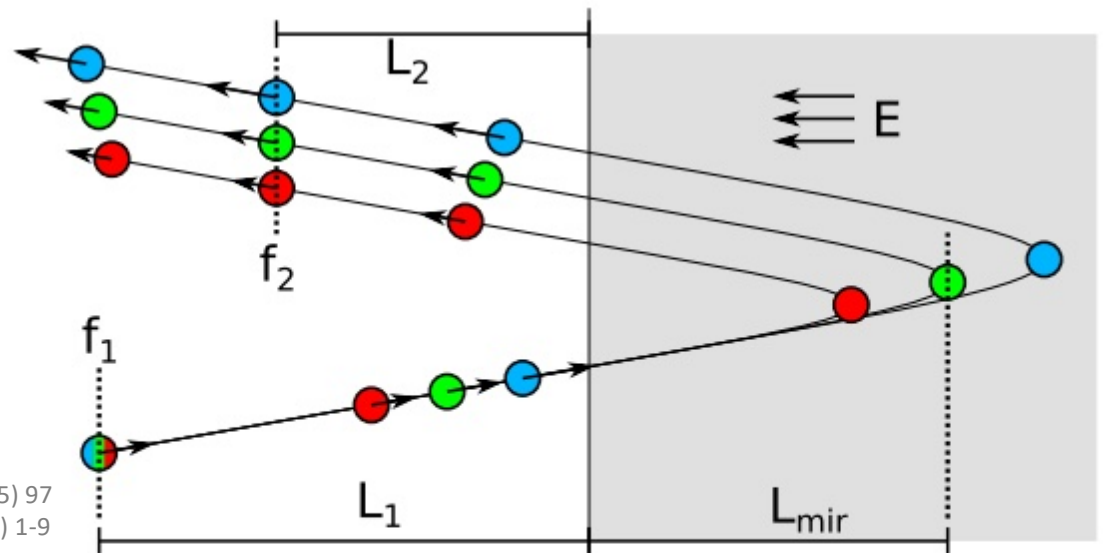


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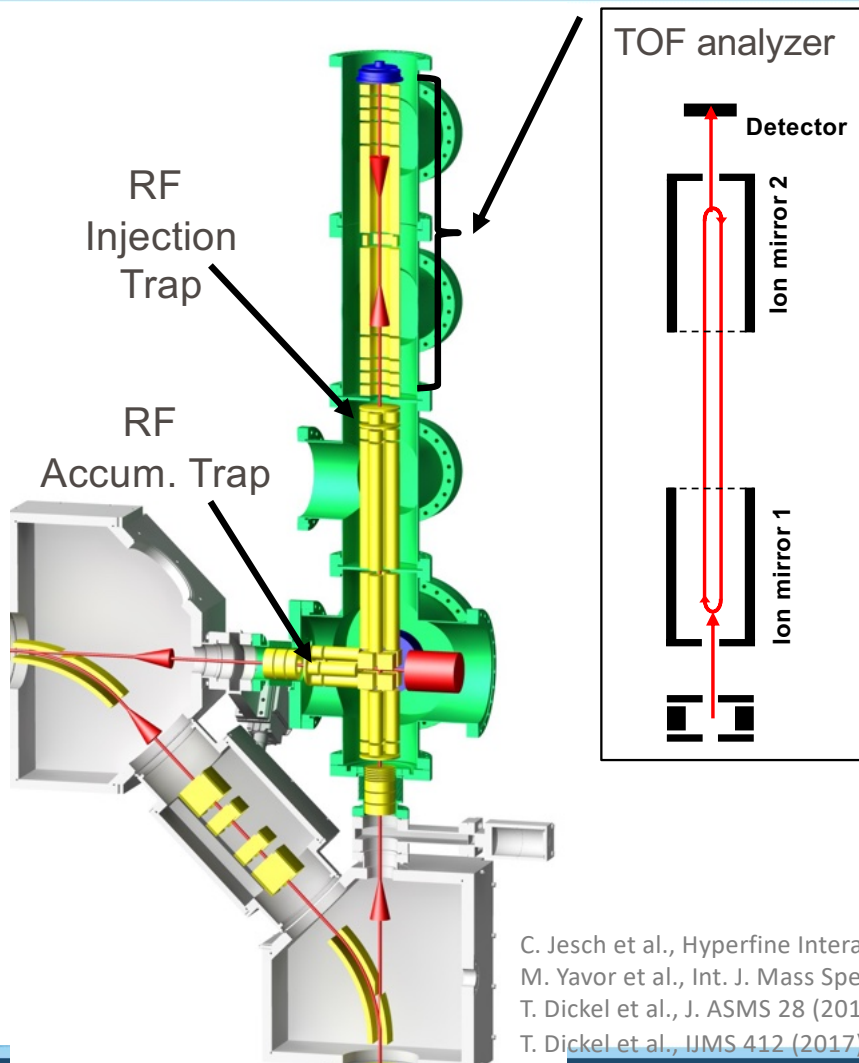
$$E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = qeU$$

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- Multiple-reflection time-of-flight mass spectrometer (MR-TOF-MS)
 - Ensure that each reflection preserves time focus



C. Jesch et al., *Hyperfine Interact.* 235 (2015) 97
 M. Yavor et al., *Int. J. Mass Spec.* 381 (2015) 1-9
 T. Dickel et al., *J. ASMS* 28 (2017) 1079
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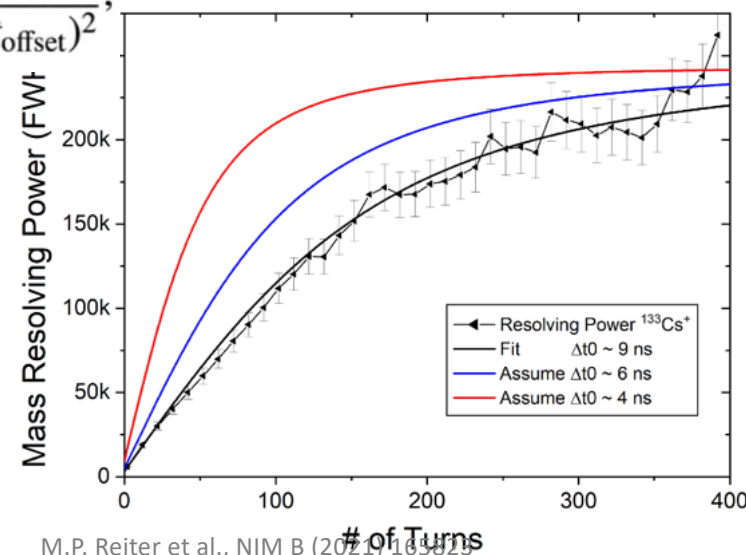
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- Multiple-reflection time-of-flight mass spectrometer (MR-TOF-MS)

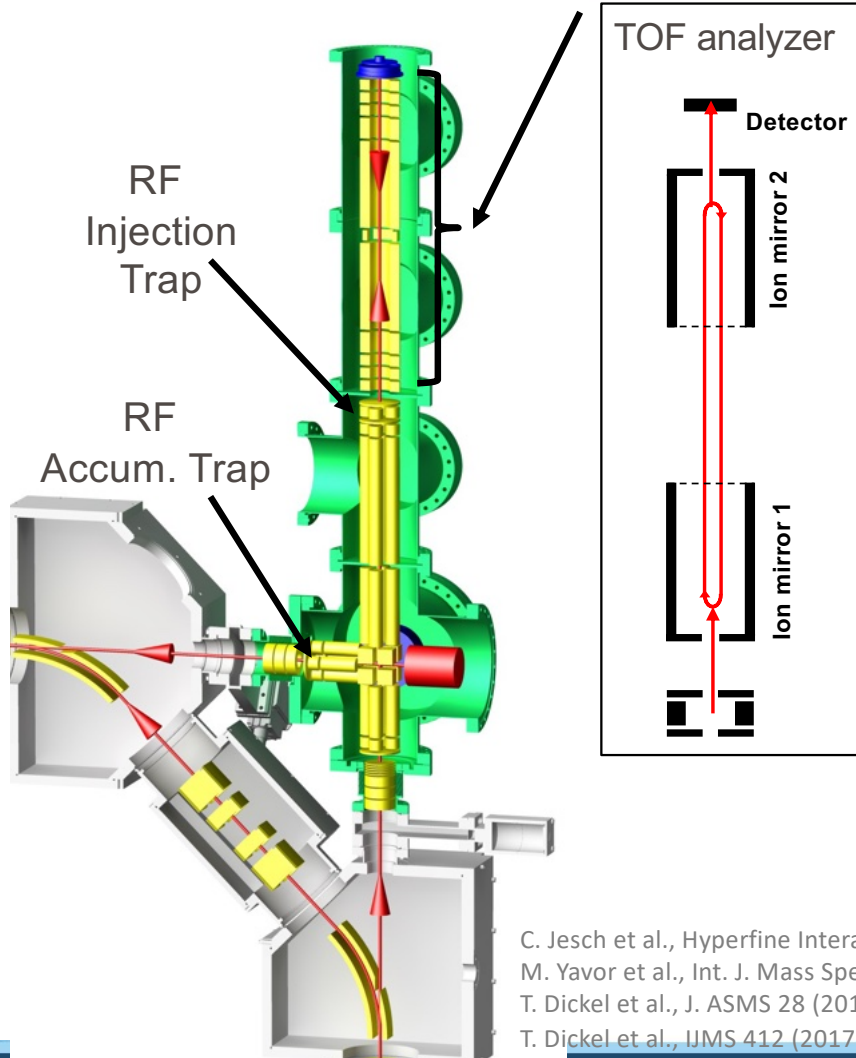
- Boost in resolving power due to ~ km path length

$$R = \frac{t_{\text{turn}} \cdot N + t_{\text{offset}}}{2 \sqrt{(\Delta t_{\text{turn}} \cdot N)^2 + (\Delta t_{\text{offset}})^2}}$$

- Initial peak width reduced No-of-Turns



C. Jesch et al., *Hyperfine Interact.* 235 (2015) 97
M. Yavor et al., *Int. J. Mass Spec.* 381 (2015) 1-9
T. Dickel et al., *J. ASMS* 28 (2017) 1079
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- Measurement of mass-to-charge ratio by **measurement of time-of-flight**

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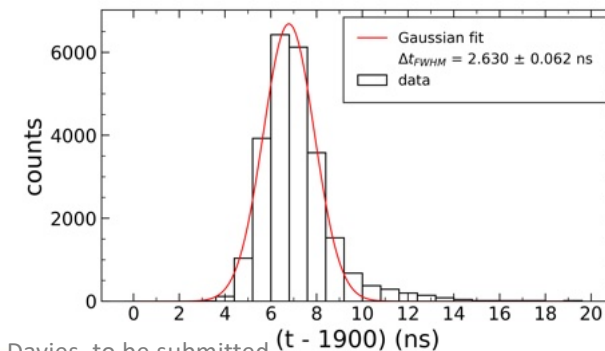
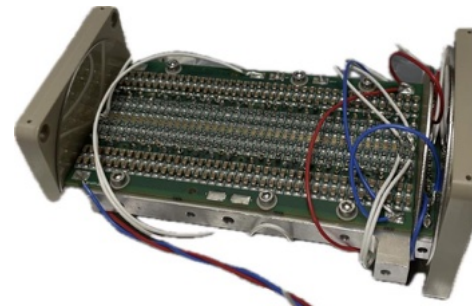
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- Boost in resolving power due to ~ km path length

$$R = \frac{t_{\text{turn}} \cdot N + t_{\text{offset}}}{2 \sqrt{(\Delta t_{\text{turn}} \cdot N)^2 + (\Delta t_{\text{offset}})^2}}$$

- New PCB based ion buncher build (UoE Phd project – Tayemar Fowler-Davies)

- <3 ns for ^{133}Cs

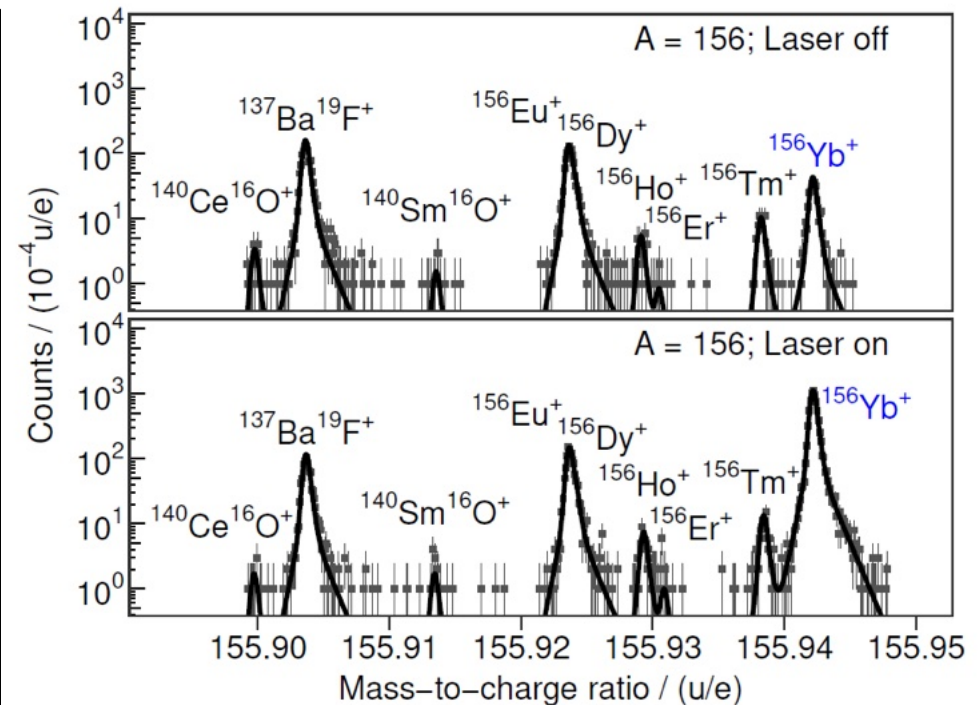
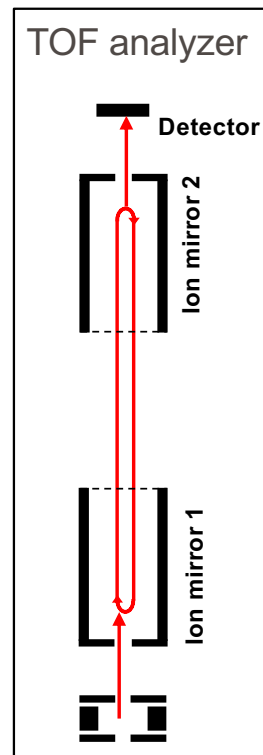


C. Jesch et al., *Hyperfine Interact.* 235 (2015) 97
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T. Dickel et al., *J. ASMS* 28 (2017) 1079
T. Dickel et al., *IJMS* 412 (2017) 1-7

T. Fowler-Davies, to be submitted

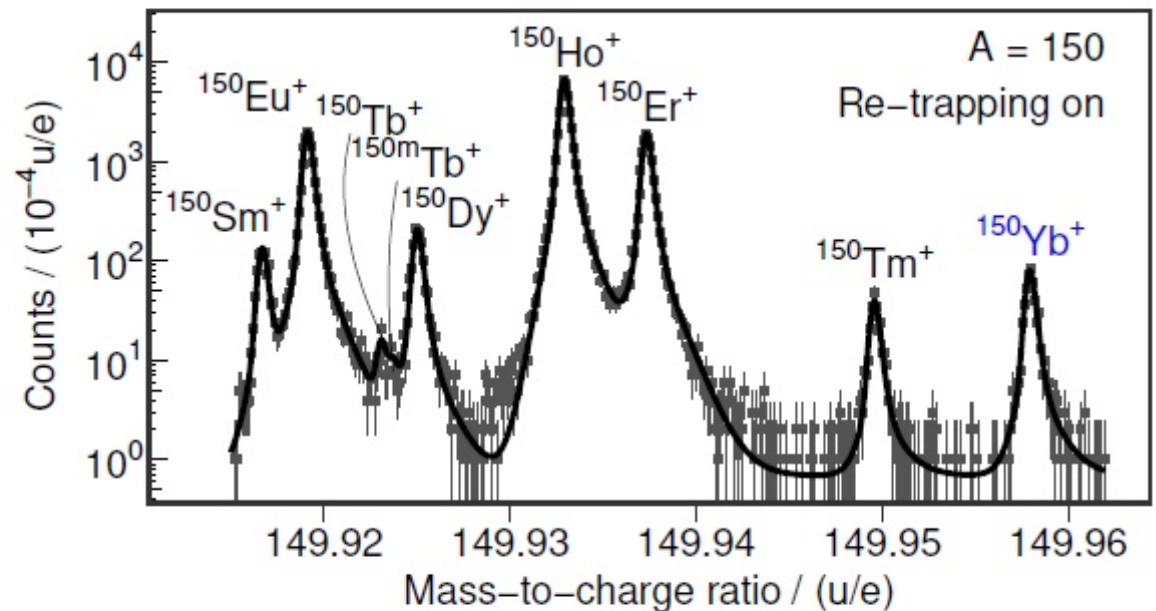
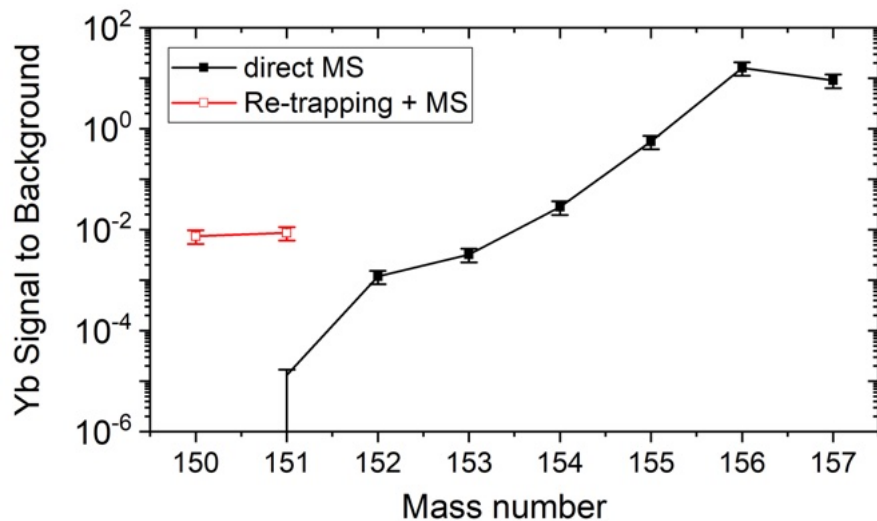
- **Mass measurement of neutron-deficient Yb and Tm isotopes across the N= 82 neutron shell**

- Great from a high-power Ta target (rotating 75 μ A p-beam on target)
- Surface + Laser for Yb



- **Mass measurement of neutron-deficient Yb and Tm isotopes across the N= 82 neutron shell**

- Great from a high-power Ta target (rotating 75 μ A p-beam on target)
- Surface + Laser for Yb
- Very contaminated beams
- Use mass selective re-trapping
 - Suppress contaminants by additional 10^4



- Key during 1st time mass measurements of $^{150,151}\text{Yb}$
- In routine operation since
 - Signal to background ratios on the order of 1 to 10^7
 - High sensitivity \rightarrow ISAC production yields < 100 / hour



• **Mass measurement of neutron-deficient Yb and Tm isotopes across the N= 82 neutron shell**

• Evolution of the N=82 shell closure

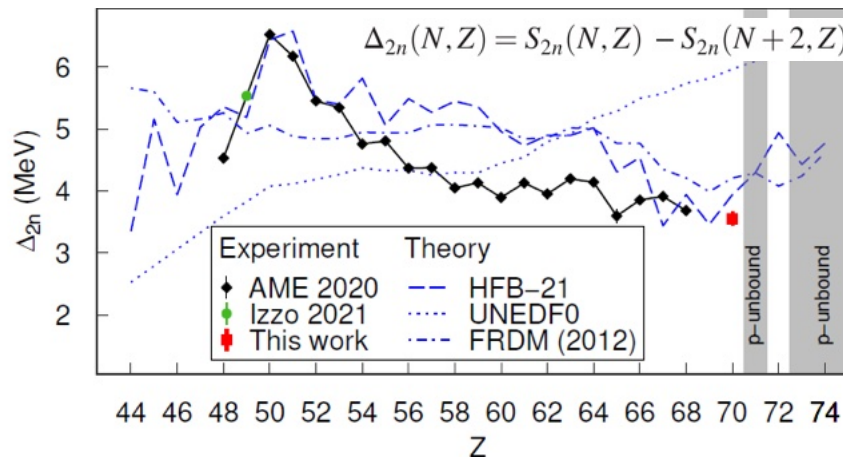
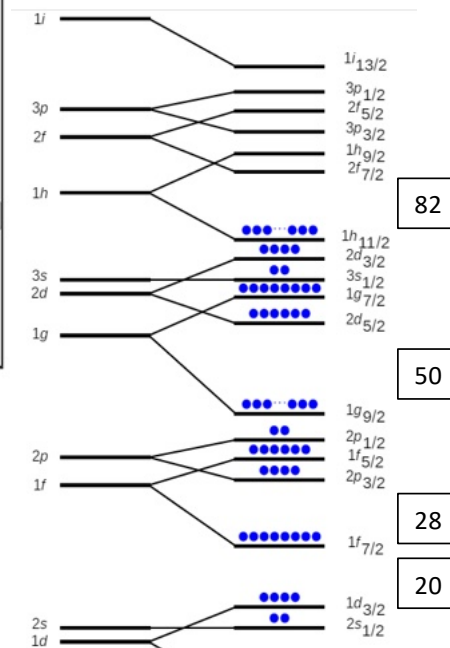
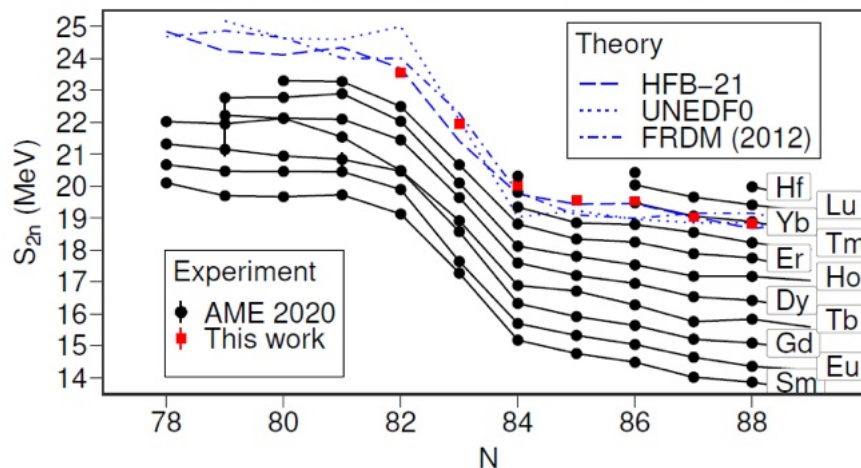
- Confirmed N=82 in Yb via S_{2n}
- Local agreement with mass models

– N=82 shell persists up to the proton drip line

– Look at shell gap

- Poor performance of mass models along N=82

$$S_{2n}(N, Z) = M_a(Z, N-2) + 2M_n - M_a(N, Z)$$



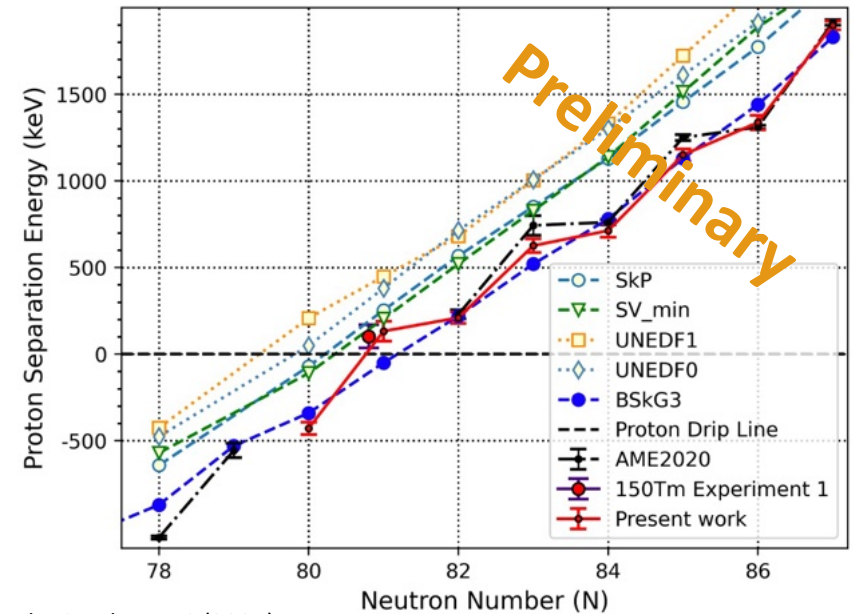


- **Mass measurement of neutron-deficient Yb and Tm isotopes across the N= 82 neutron shell**

- Tm isotopes overall well measured, but key isotopes beyond N=82 missing

		Ytterbium Z=70																				
		¹⁴⁸ Yb 4.2962 pu	¹⁴⁹ Yb 3.2262 pu	¹⁵⁰ Yb 3.2262 pu	¹⁵¹ Yb 3.2262 pu	¹⁵² Yb 1.8162 pu	¹⁵³ Yb 2.7162 pu	¹⁵⁴ Yb 18.55 pu	¹⁵⁵ Yb 11.82 pu	¹⁵⁶ Yb 9.99 pu	¹⁵⁷ Yb 11.71 pu	¹⁵⁸ Yb 8.56 pu	¹⁵⁹ Yb 16.87 pu	¹⁶⁰ Yb 5.9 pu	¹⁶¹ Yb 16.21 pu	¹⁶² Yb 16.22 pu	¹⁶³ Yb 16.22 pu	¹⁶⁴ Yb 16.22 pu				
Thulium Z=69		¹⁴⁴ Tm 4.2962 pu	¹⁴⁵ Tm 2.7162 pu	¹⁴⁶ Tm 2.7162 pu	¹⁴⁷ Tm 7.34 pu	¹⁴⁸ Tm 11 pu	¹⁴⁹ Tm 2.7162 pu	¹⁵⁰ Tm 2.7162 pu	¹⁵¹ Tm 20.8 pu	¹⁵² Tm 18 pu	¹⁵³ Tm 12.86 pu	¹⁵⁴ Tm 15.47 pu	¹⁵⁵ Tm 10.65 pu	¹⁵⁶ Tm 15.33 pu	¹⁵⁷ Tm 30 pu	¹⁵⁸ Tm 27.07 pu	¹⁵⁹ Tm 30 pu	¹⁶⁰ Tm 35.09 pu	¹⁶¹ Tm 30 pu	¹⁶² Tm 30 pu	¹⁶³ Tm 27.07 pu	¹⁶⁴ Tm 5.52 pu
Erbium Z=68		¹⁴² Er 5.3762 pu	¹⁴³ Er 4.2962 pu	¹⁴⁴ Er 2.7162 pu	¹⁴⁵ Er 2.7162 pu	¹⁴⁶ Er 7.2 pu	¹⁴⁷ Er 41 pu	¹⁴⁸ Er 11 pu	¹⁴⁹ Er 30 pu	¹⁵⁰ Er 18.46 pu	¹⁵¹ Er 17.58 pu	¹⁵² Er 9.48 pu	¹⁵³ Er 9.97 pu	¹⁵⁴ Er 5.33 pu	¹⁵⁵ Er 6.52 pu	¹⁵⁶ Er 26.44 pu	¹⁵⁷ Er 26.45 pu	¹⁵⁸ Er 27.07 pu	¹⁵⁹ Er 3.91 pu	¹⁶⁰ Er 26.03 pu	¹⁶¹ Er 9.42 pu	¹⁶² Er 9.81 pu

- New masses refine the location of the β -dripline at N=82



B. Koott submitted to PRC (2024)



Research program at GSI and TRIUMF

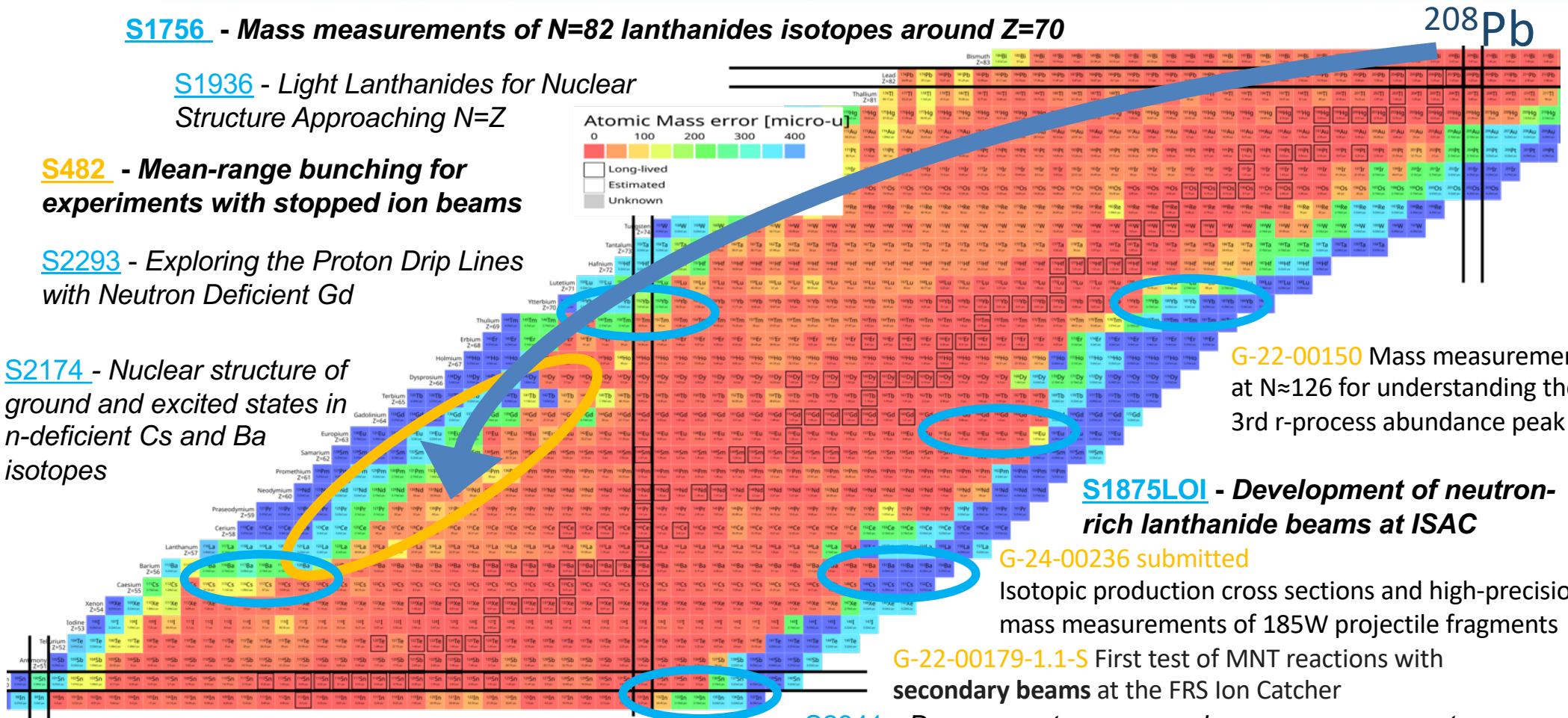
S1756 - Mass measurements of $N=82$ lanthanides isotopes around $Z=70$

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S482 - Mean-range bunching for experiments with stopped ion beams

S2293 - Exploring the Proton Drip Lines with Neutron Deficient Gd

S2174 - Nuclear structure of ground and excited states in n -deficient Cs and Ba isotopes



G-22-00150 Mass measurements at $N \approx 126$ for understanding the 3rd r -process abundance peak

S1875LOI - Development of neutron-rich lanthanide beams at ISAC

G-24-00236 submitted

Isotopic production cross sections and high-precision mass measurements of ^{185}W projectile fragments

G-22-00179-1.1-S First test of MNT reactions with secondary beams at the FRS Ion Catcher

S2341 - Decay spectroscopy and mass measurements of neutron-rich Sn and Sb isotopes

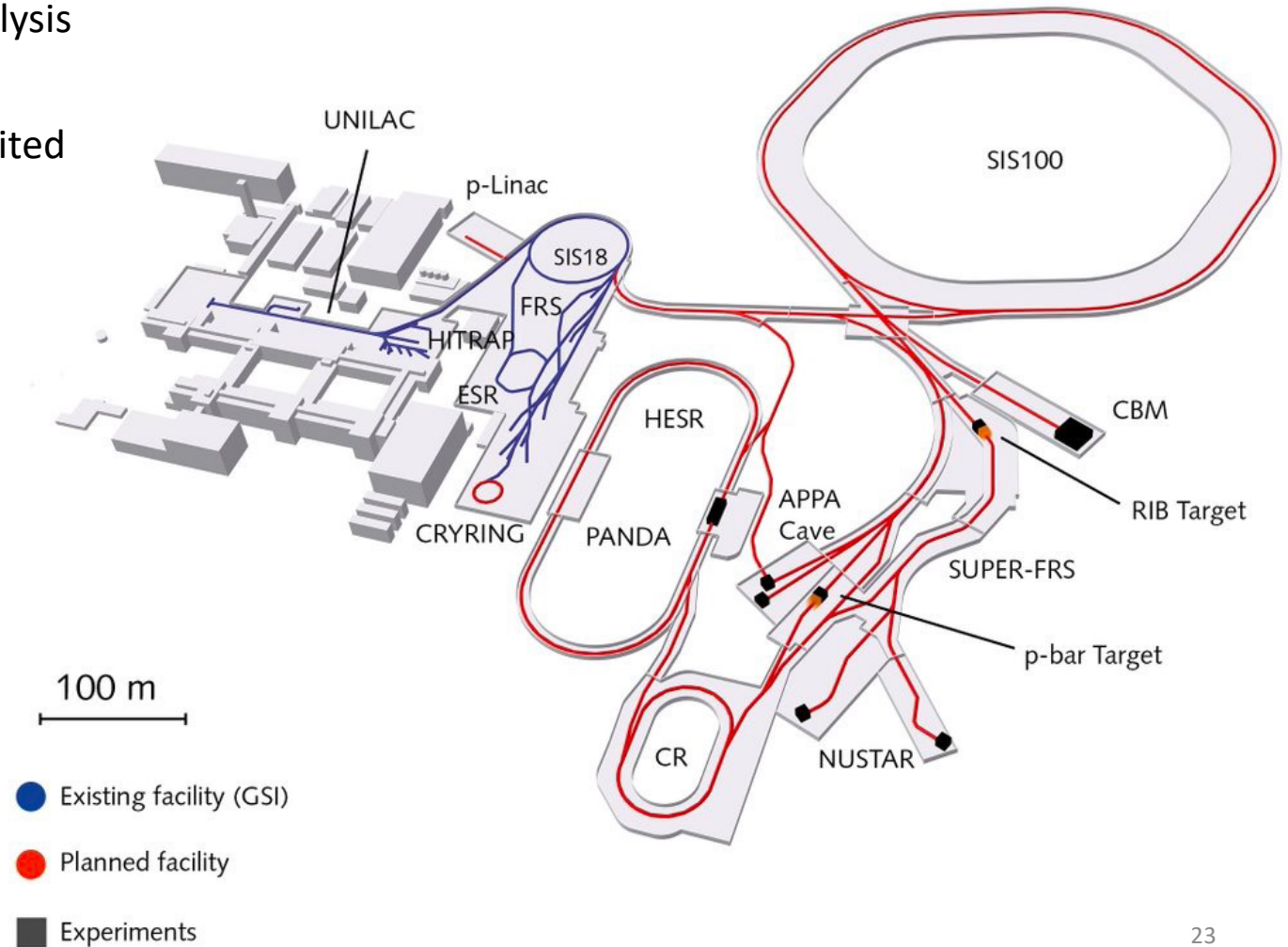
G-22-00117 In-cell MNT reactions at the FRS Ion Catcher – studies with **stable beams**

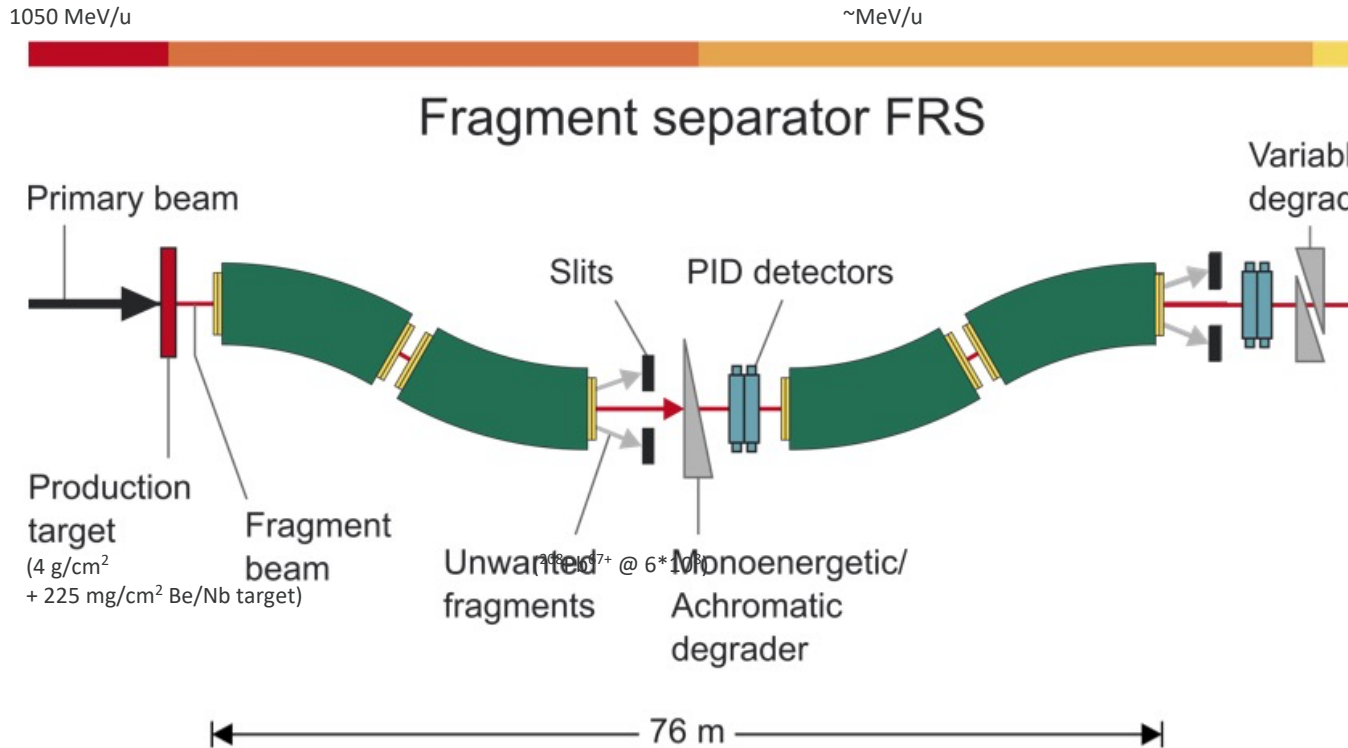
- Many mass measurements under analysis

- At TRIUMF typical experiment limited to one element at a time
- How to map large areas of the nuclear chart at once and pick up refractory elements?

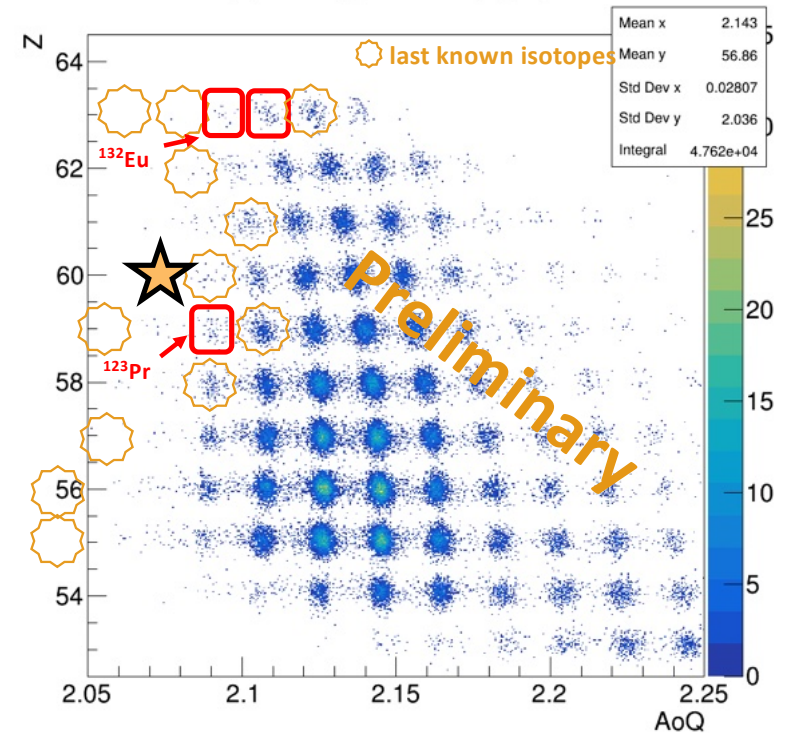
In Flight production

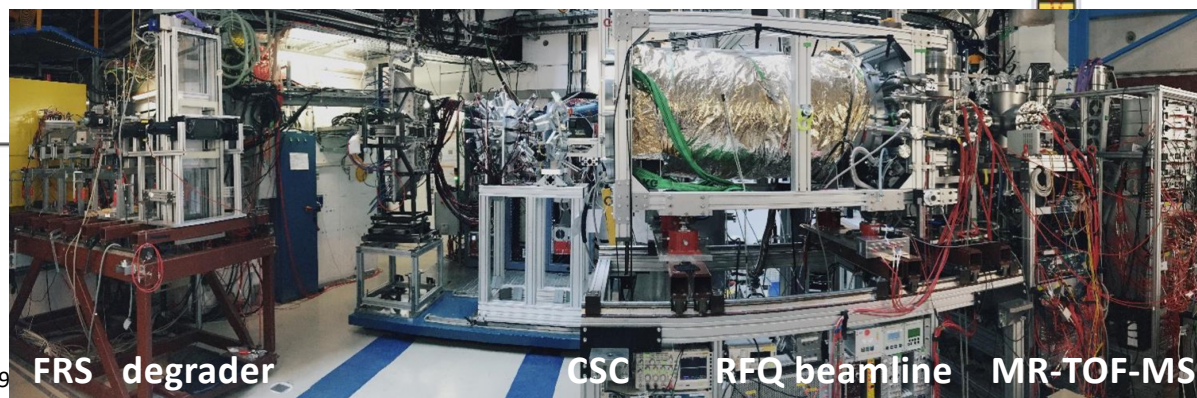
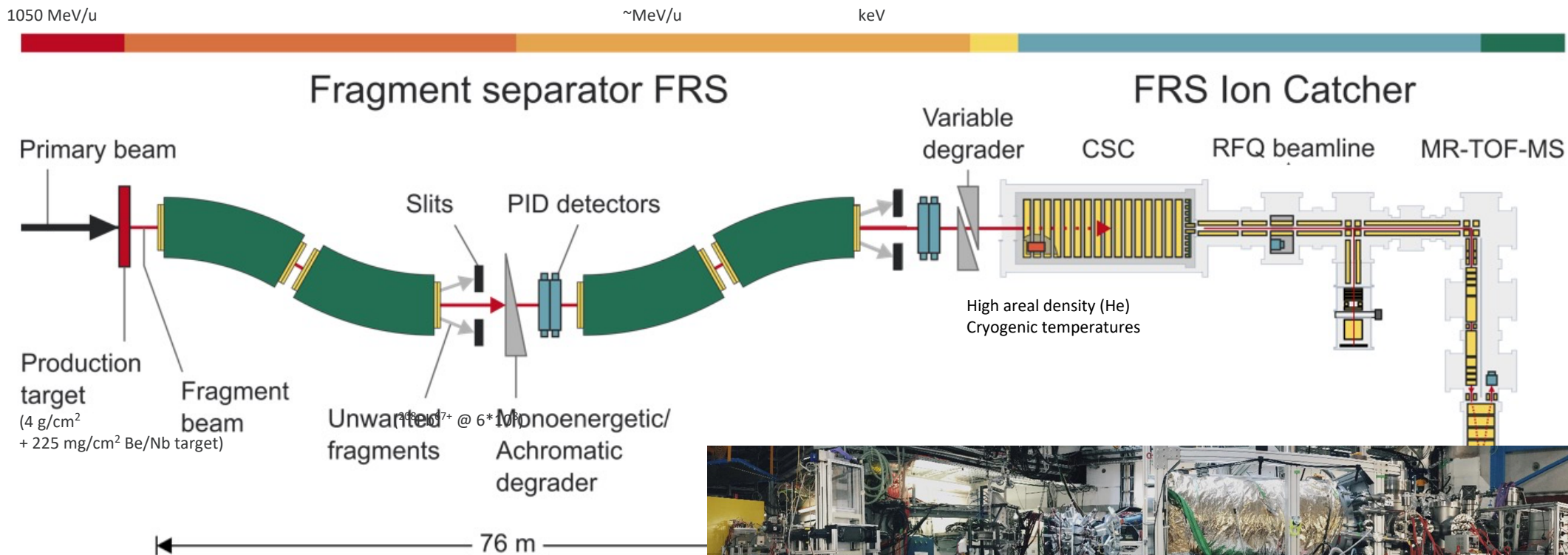
→ Experiments at GSI





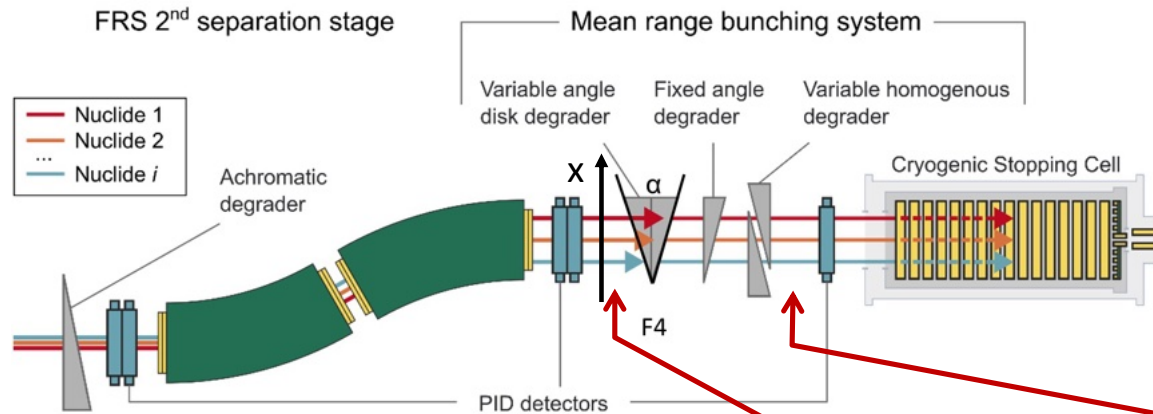
- In-Flight event-by-event identification
 - Search for new isotopes
 - Preliminary : 3 new isotope from 30 min data taking





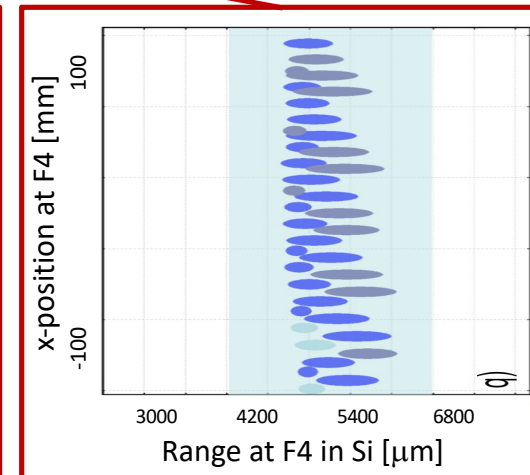
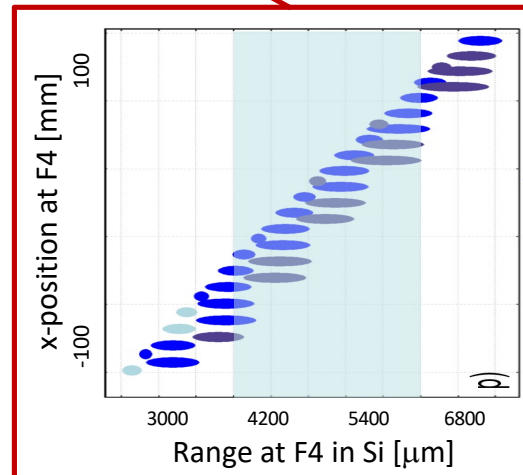
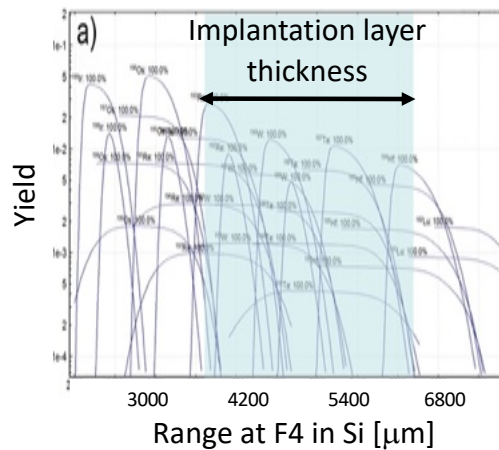
W.R. Plaß et al., NIM B 266 (2008) 4560
W.R. Plaß et al., NIM B 317 (2013) 457

W.R. Plaß et al., Int. J. Mass Spectrom. 39
I. Mardor et al., PRC 103 (2021) 034319



Challenge: How to efficiently implant a large number of different nuclides simultaneously in a gas-filled stopping cell or an implantation detector?

- Combination of an **achromatic ion optic** with a **variable wedge shaped degrader** at F4.
- **“Correct” range/position dependence.**

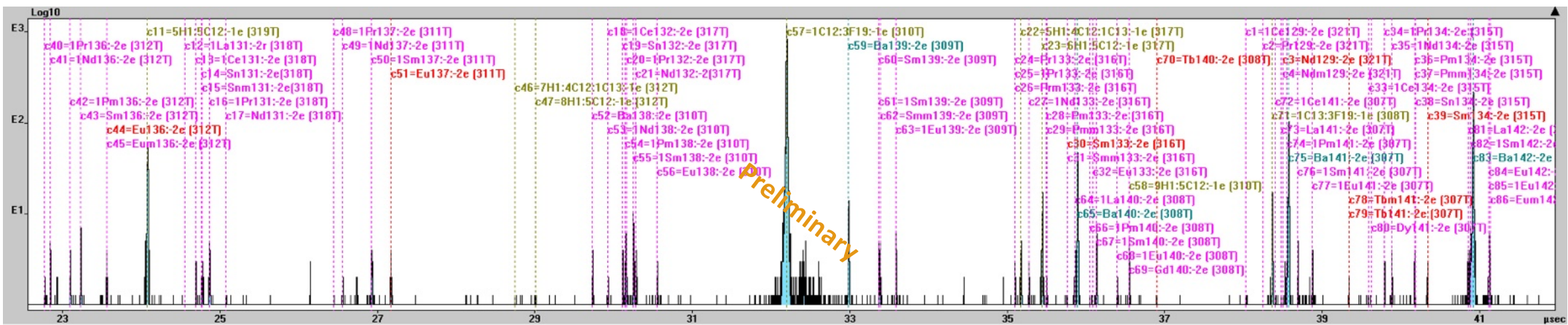




Development of Mean Range Bunching

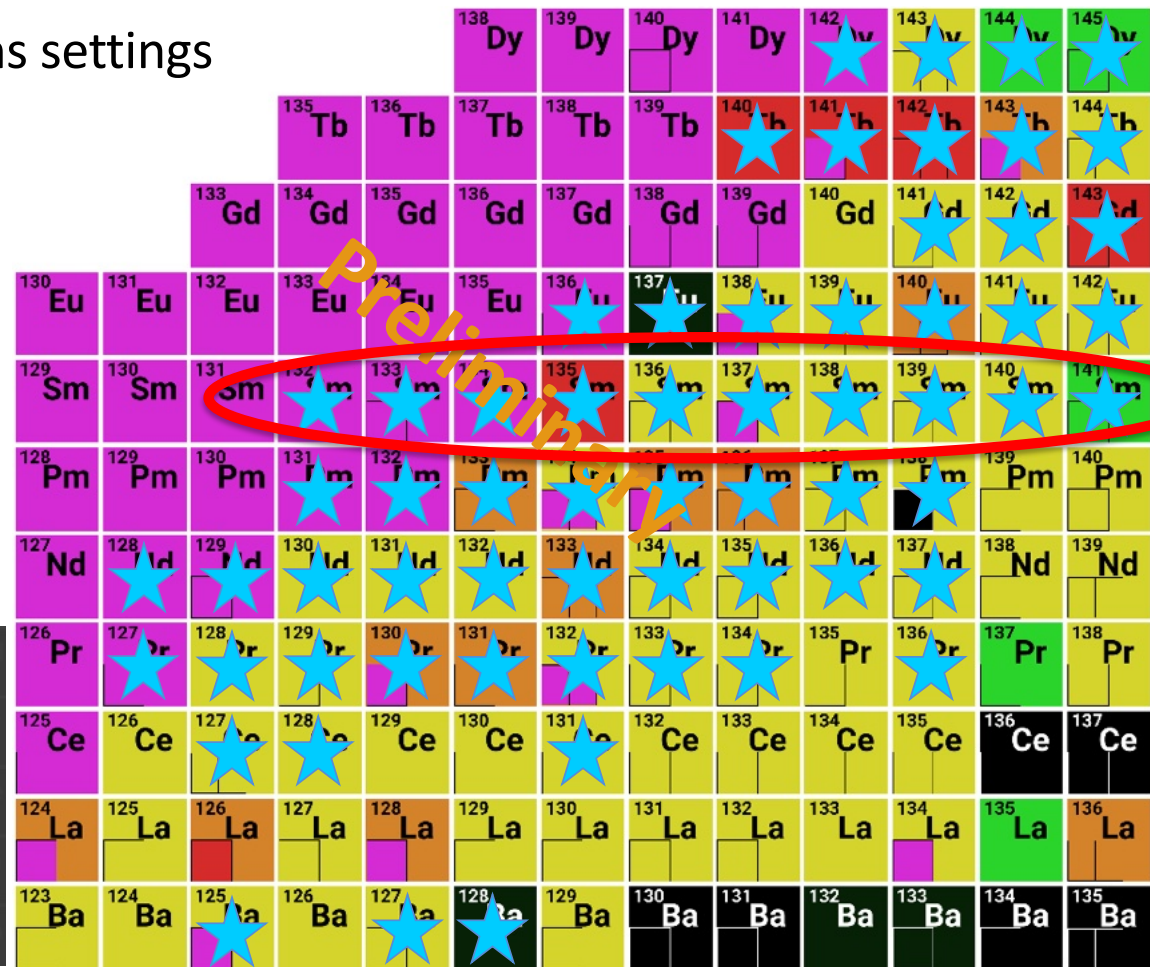
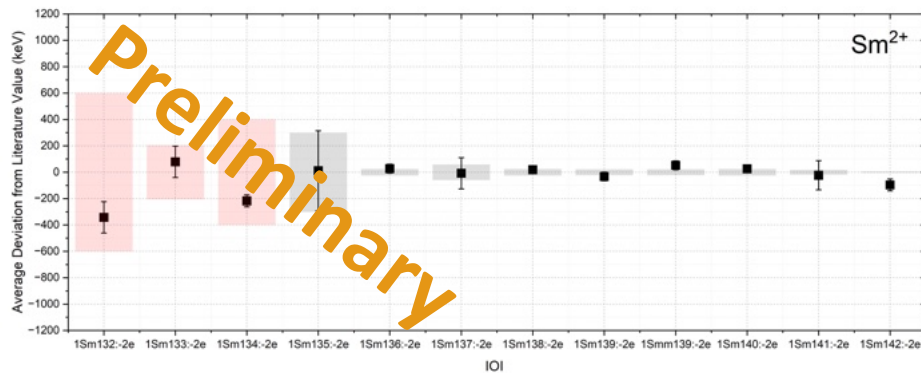
Masses of more than 35 different nuclides measured in one(!) FRS / MR-TOF-MS setting

→ efficient data taking due to mean range bunching and broad-band mass measurement capabilities of MR-TOF-MS





- To ensure unambiguous identification
→ measure at different No of Turns settings



Total more than 15 new masses measured!



Research program at GSI and TRIUMF

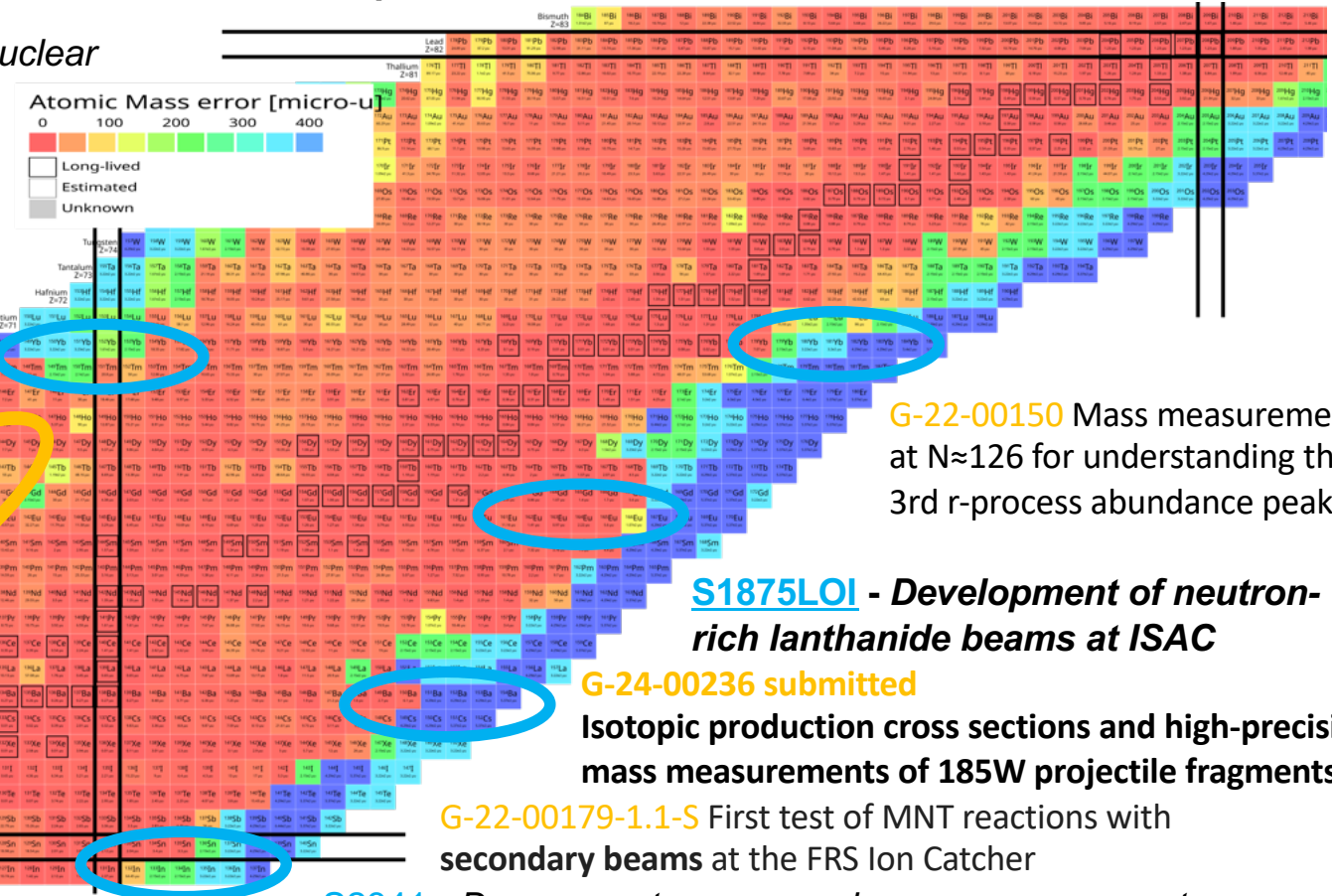
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- Mass measurements in neutron-rich lanthanides

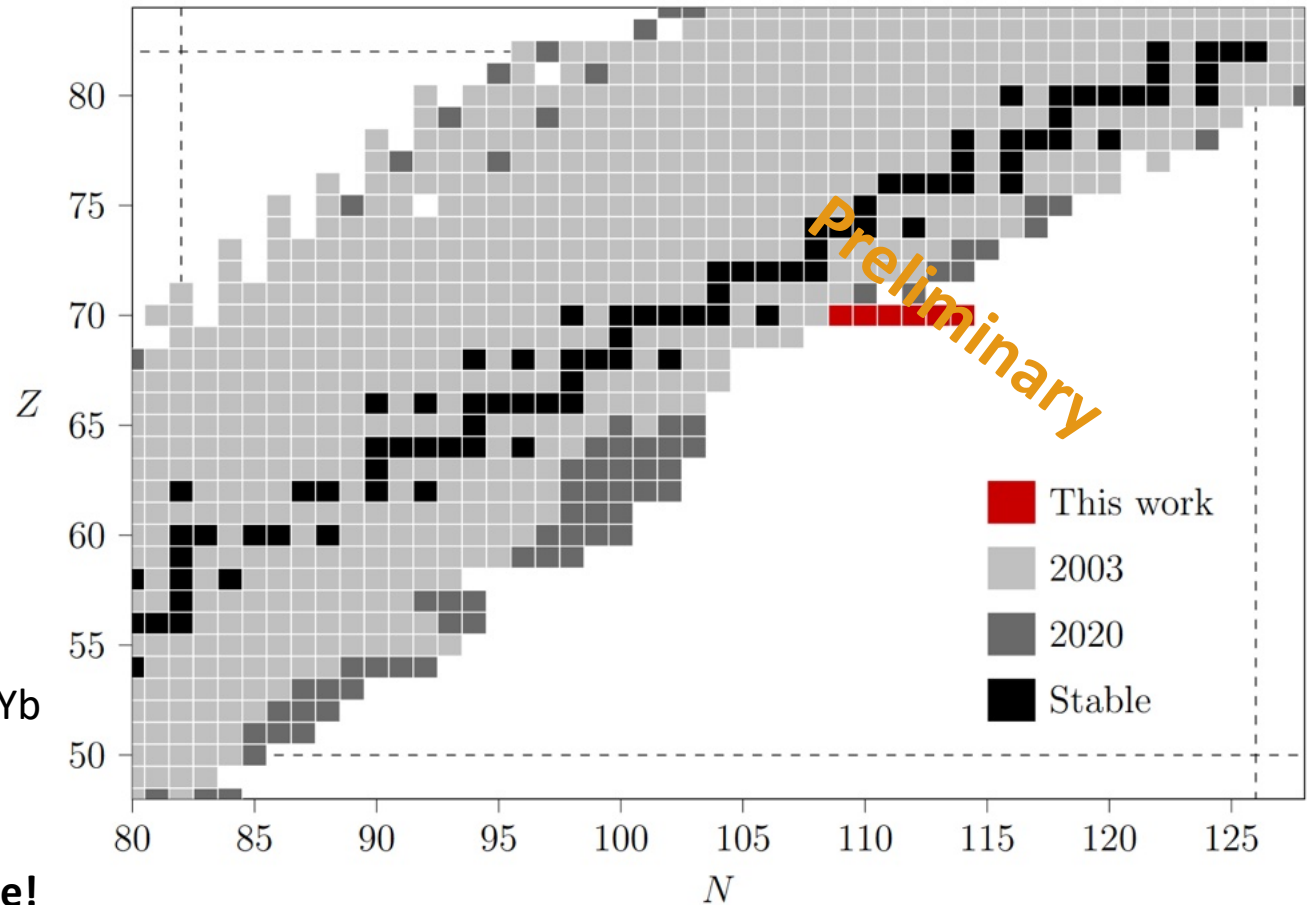
- Experimentally challenging

- Almost no new masses for the last 20 years
- Region of high interest for several upcoming MNT facilities

- Yb works well at TRIUMF
(Low boiling point potential)

- Mass measurements of n-rich $^{179-184}\text{Yb}$
(UoE Phd Project – Callum Brown)

- **Limited to one element at a time!**





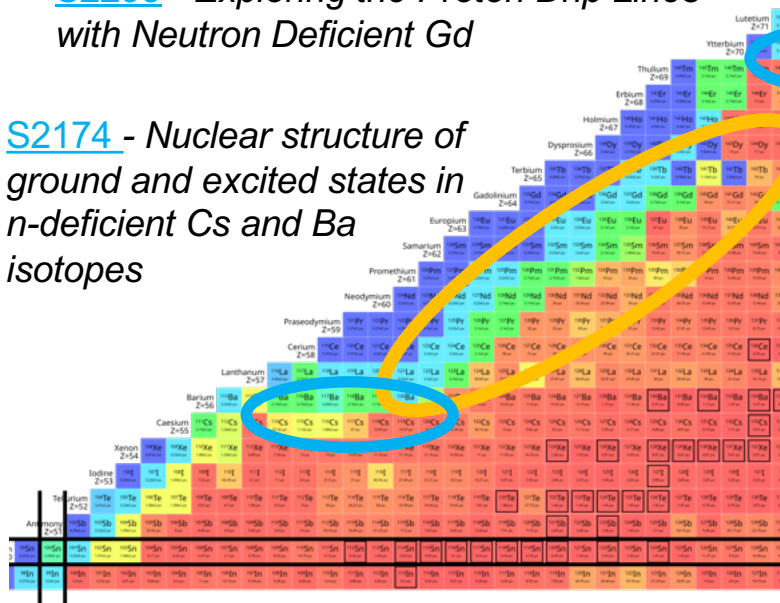
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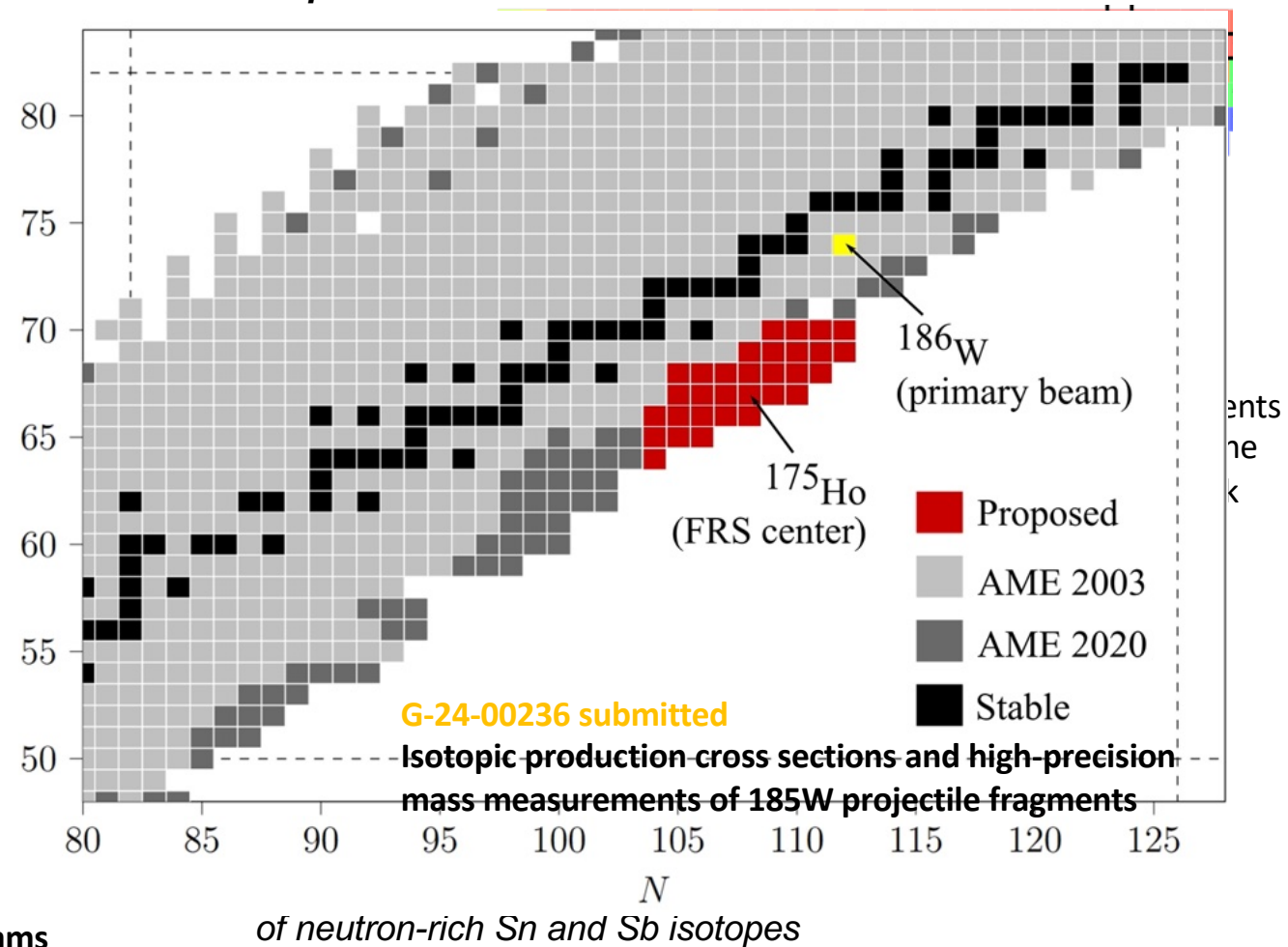
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Summary and Outlook

- Overall, many mass measurements under way / under analysis
 - Addressing nuclear structure of exotic nuclei
 - Nuclear astrophysics

ACCEPTED PAPER

Precision mass measurements of Sr using the multiple reflection time-of-flight mass spectrometer at TITAN

Z. Hockenbery et al.

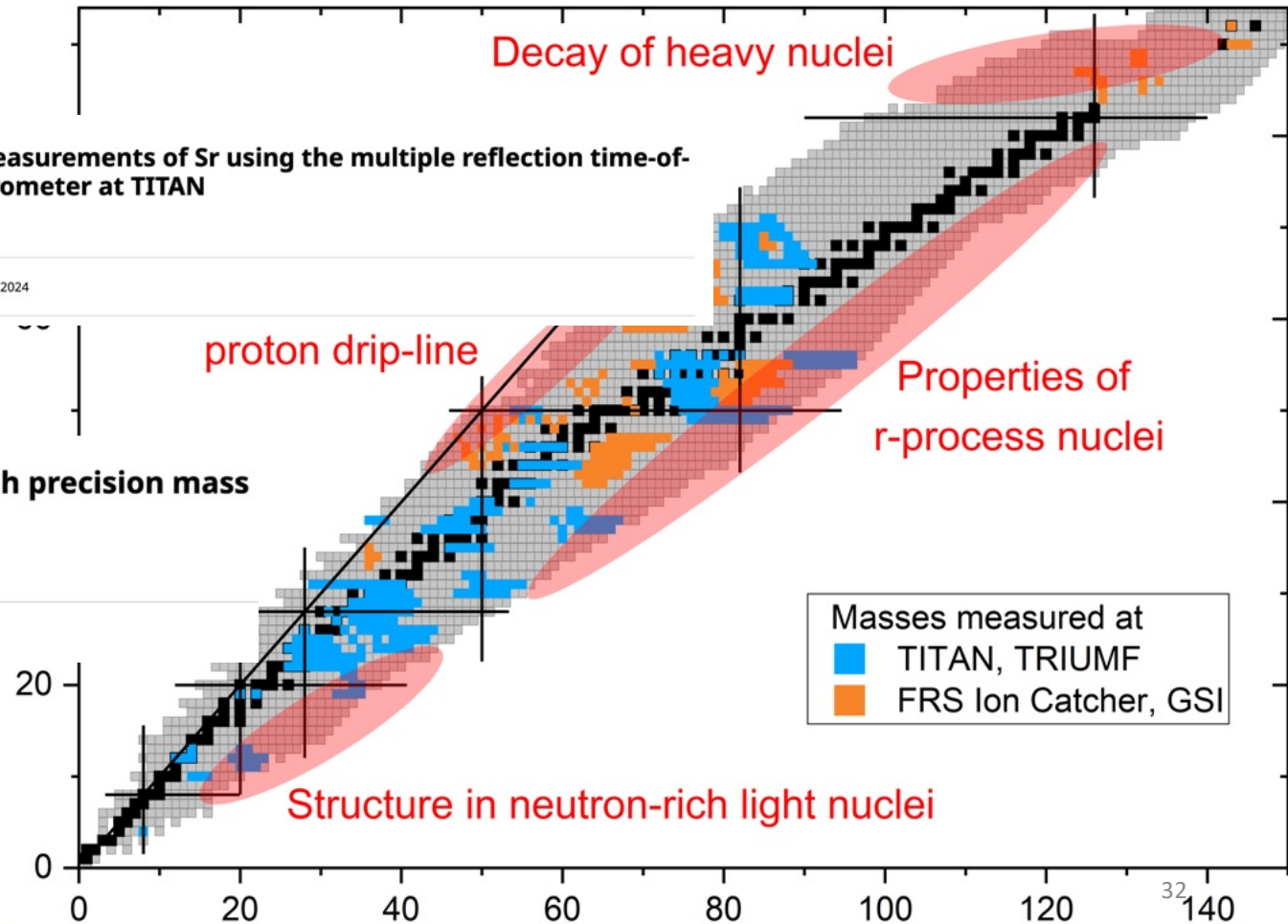
Phys. Rev. C - Accepted 13 December, 2024

ACCEPTED PAPER

Refined topology of the island of inversion with high precision mass measurements of Na and Mg

E. M. Lykiardopoulou et al.

Phys. Rev. Lett. - Accepted 8 January, 2025





Thank you for the attention!