

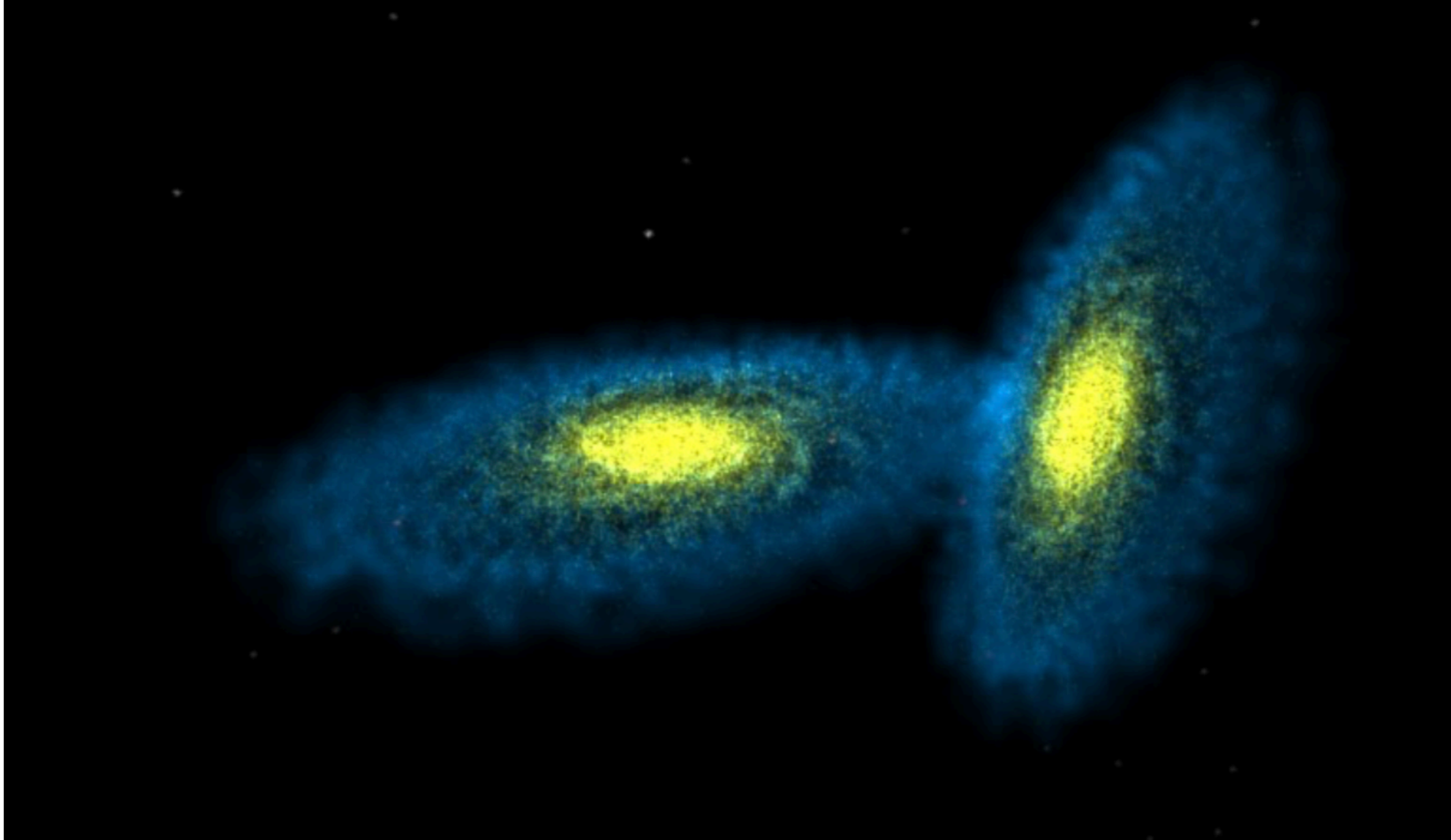
Asymptotic Symmetries and Charges in General Relativity

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New Directions in Theoretical Physics
Higgs Center for Theoretical Physics, Edinburgh
10 January 2018

Based in part on [gr-qc/1411.4599](#); [1510.03386](#); [1602.01847](#);
[1807.11499](#); [1901.00021](#)

Preamble : Colliding Galaxies



Credits



Hermann
Bondi



Kenneth
Metzner



Rainer
Sachs



Bob Wald



Abhay
Ashtekar



Andy
Strominger

Collaborators:

David Nichols

Kartik Prabhu

Abraham Harte

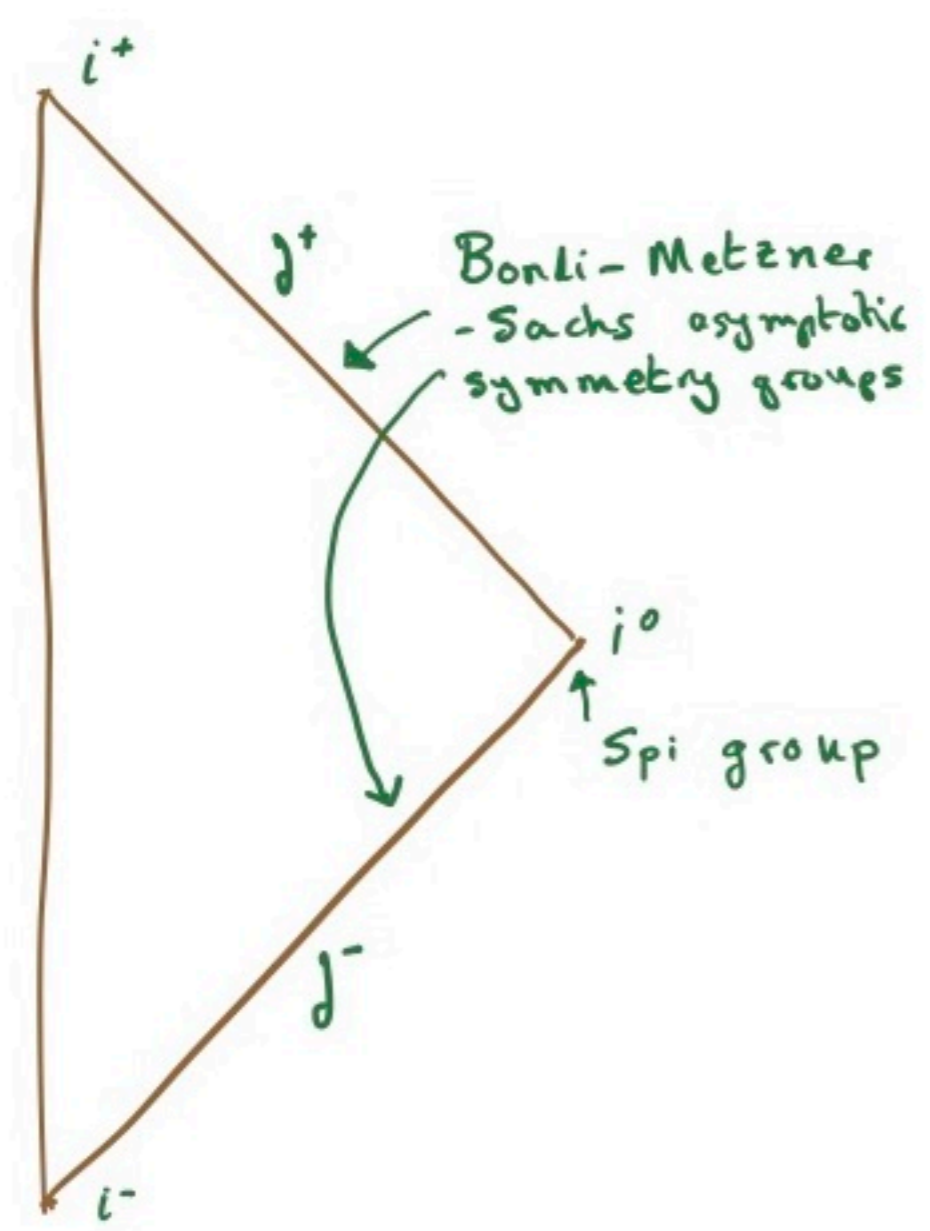
Alex Grant

Venkatesa Chandrasehakaran

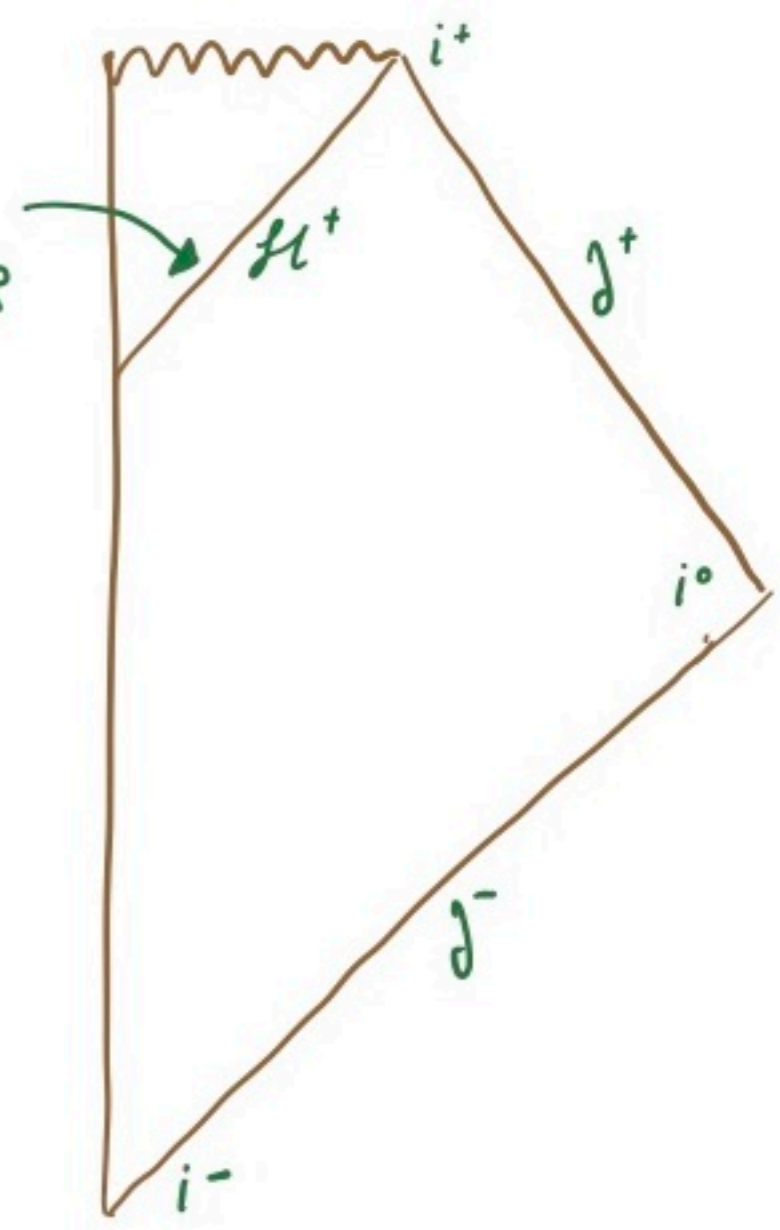
Ibrahim Shehzad

Context

★ General relativity in 3+1 dimensions, $\Lambda = 0$



New horizon symmetry group



Overview

GRAVITATIONAL
WAVE MEMORY



SOFT
THEOREMS

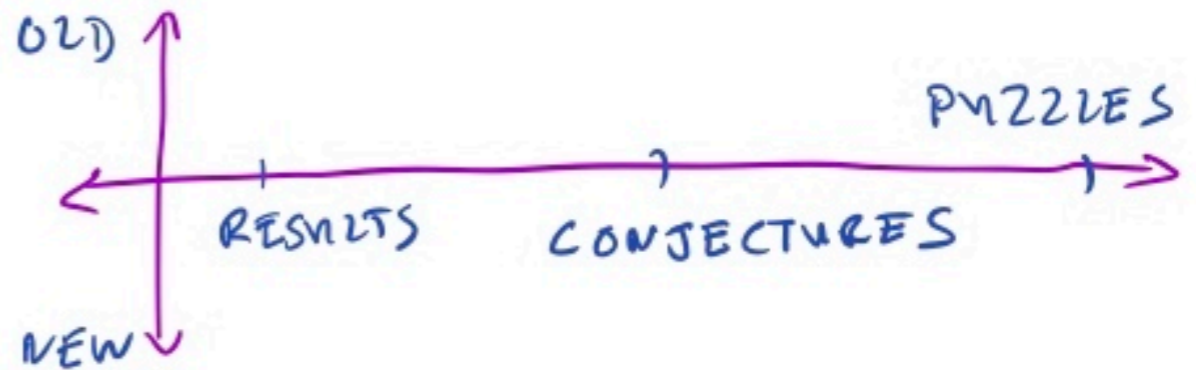
ASYMPTOTIC
SYMMETRIES

CLASSICAL

GRAVITY ISSUES

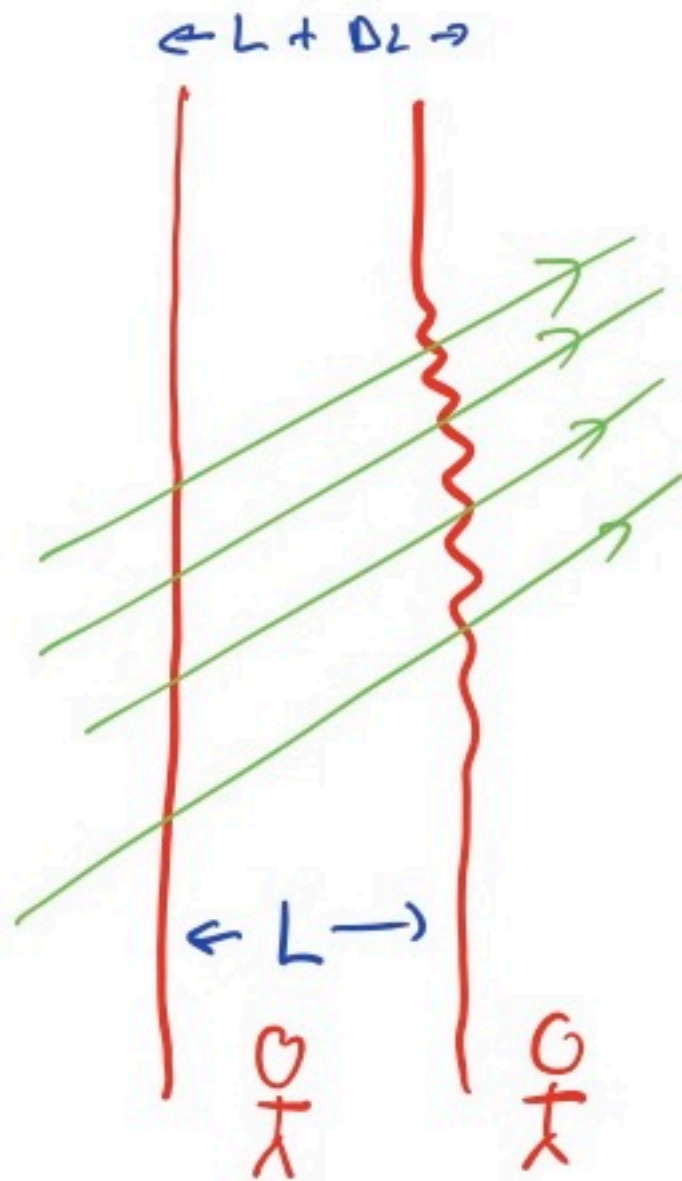
QUANTUM GRAVITY ISSUES

- HOLOGRAPHY
- INFORMATION LOSS PARADOX
- BLACK HOLE ENTROPY



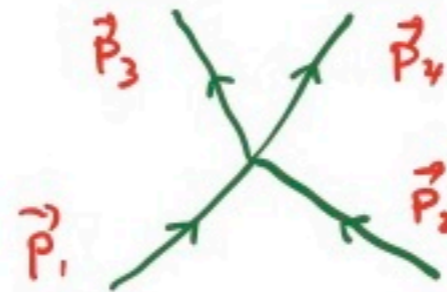
Gravitational Wave Memory : Review

- ★ The permanent relative displacement of a pair of freely falling test masses (Zel'dovich and Polnarev 1974)



- ★ Geodesic deviation: $\xi^i \rightarrow \xi^i + h^{ij} \xi_j$ with $h \sim \int dt \int dt'$ (Riemann)

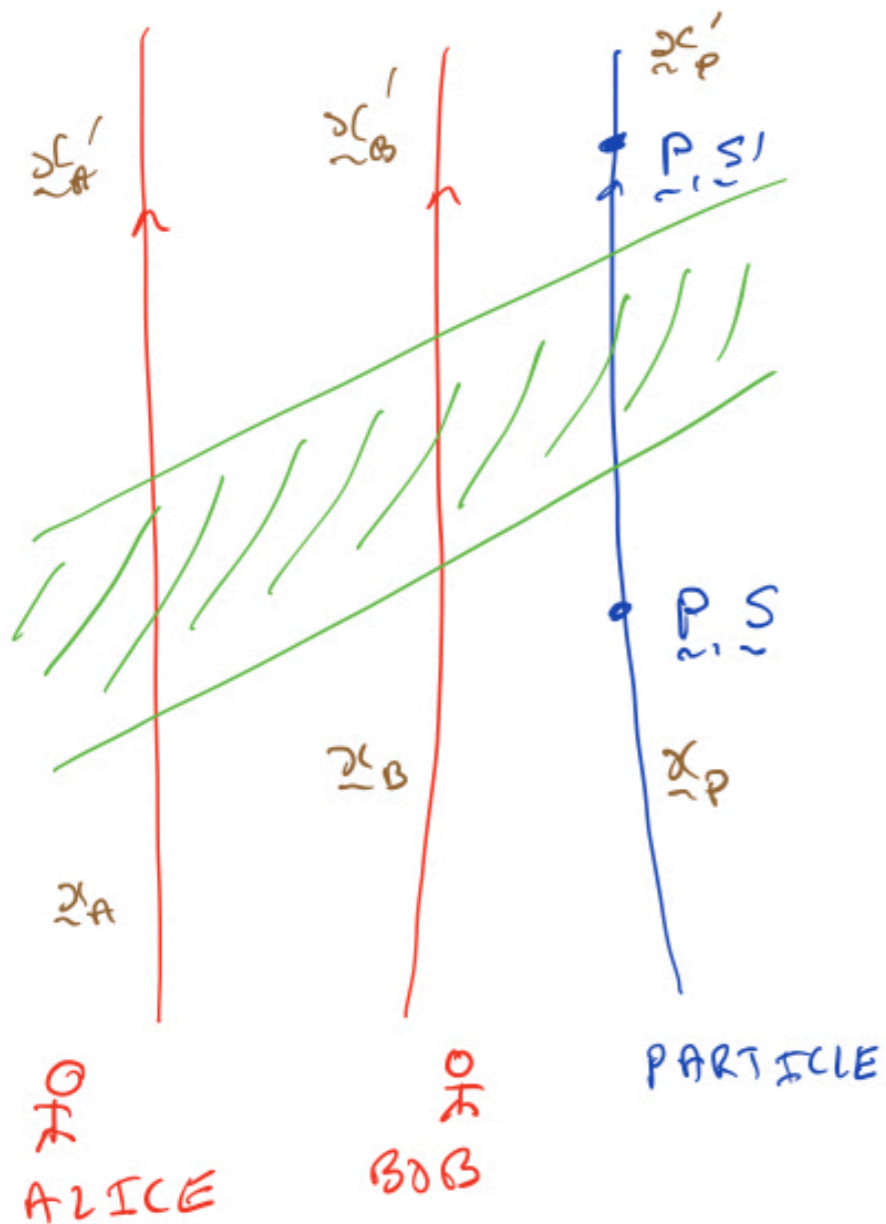
- ★ Intuition: $h \sim \frac{\ddot{Q}(t-r, \theta, \varphi)}{r} \rightarrow \frac{\ddot{Q}(\theta, \varphi)}{r}$
(non-radiative, non-stationary)



- ★ Detectable soon with LIGO/VIRGO/GEO

Memory Effect Hints at New Physics

★ Memory → Angular momentum becomes observer-dependent



$$\underline{J}_A = \underline{S} + (\underline{x}_P - \underline{x}_A) \times \underline{p}$$

$$\underline{J}'_A = \underline{S}' + (\underline{x}'_P - \underline{x}'_A) \times \underline{p}$$

$$\delta \underline{J}_A = \underline{J}'_A - \underline{J}_A + \delta \underline{x}_A \times \underline{p}$$

Displacement measurement

$$\delta \underline{J}_A - \delta \underline{J}_B = \left[(\underline{x}_A - \underline{x}_B) - (\underline{x}'_A - \underline{x}'_B) \right. \\ \left. - (\delta \underline{x}_A - \delta \underline{x}_B) \right] \times \underline{p}$$

accelerometer measurement

$$\delta \underline{J}_A - \delta \underline{J}_B = \frac{1}{2} h \cdot (\underline{x}_B - \underline{x}_A) \times \underline{p}$$

New Symmetry Group: Two Approaches

G Alice
Theorist

↓
Top
Down

General Relativity at \mathcal{I}^+

Special Relativity

Derive invariant structure

Geometrical structure on \mathcal{I}^+

Minkowski metric

Symmetry group

BMS
(or extensions)

Poincaré

Transformation law for observables

Identify property of observer, construct reference frame

Asymptotic Bondi frame

Velocity; Lorentz frame

Observable becomes observer-dependent

$(P^\nu, J^{\alpha\beta})$

Energy E of particle

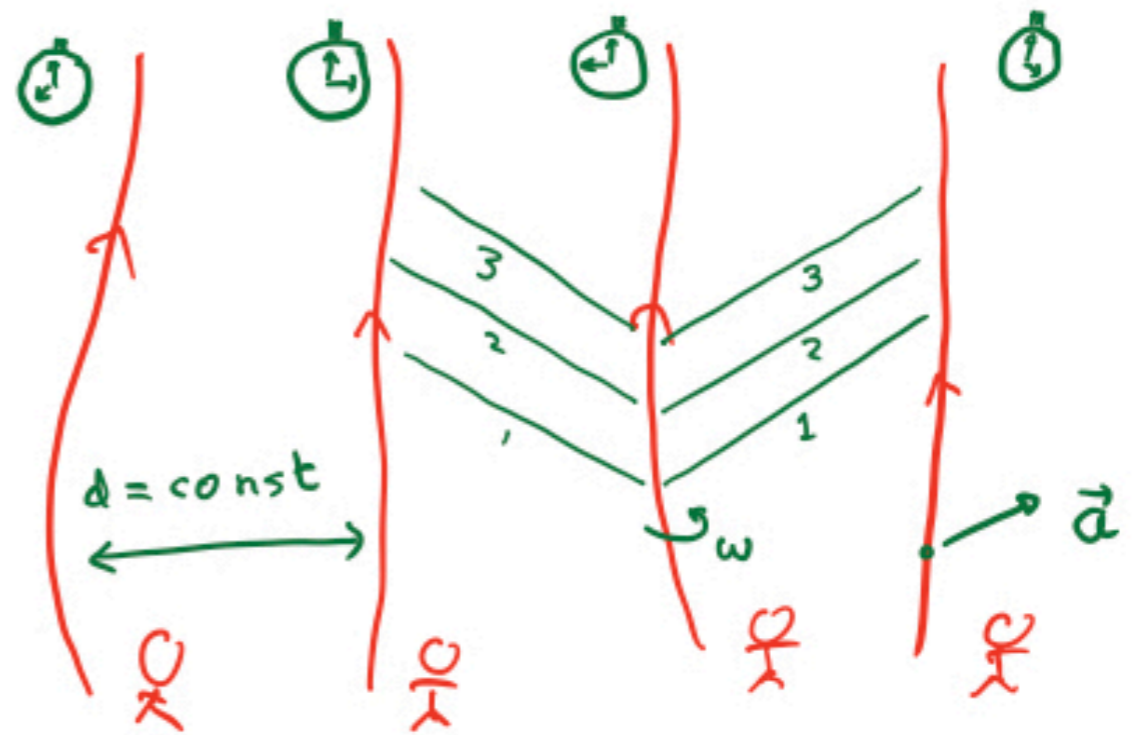
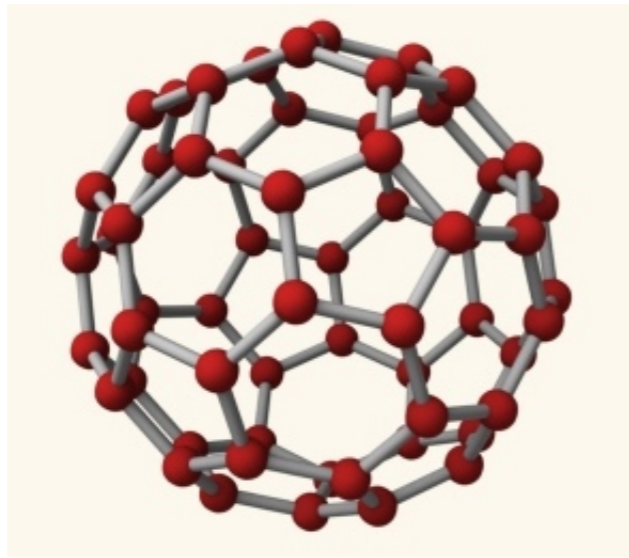
↑
Bottom
Up

G Bob
Experimentalist

Special Relativity
(or stationary GR)

Newtonian Physics

Construction of Asymptotic Bondi Frame



- ★ Spatial geometry time independent (Epp, Mann, McGeath 2008) and round (corrections $\propto 1/r^2$)
- ★ Construct (t, r, θ, φ) coordinates in vicinity of shell as in Special Relativity
- ★ Clock synchronization: $\Delta t_{\text{inconsistency}} \sim \sqrt{E_{\text{GW}}} \tau_{\text{GW}}$
- ★ Pick on arbitrary convention for zeros of clocks. A change in this convention $\Delta t(\theta, \varphi)$ is a **supertranslation**.

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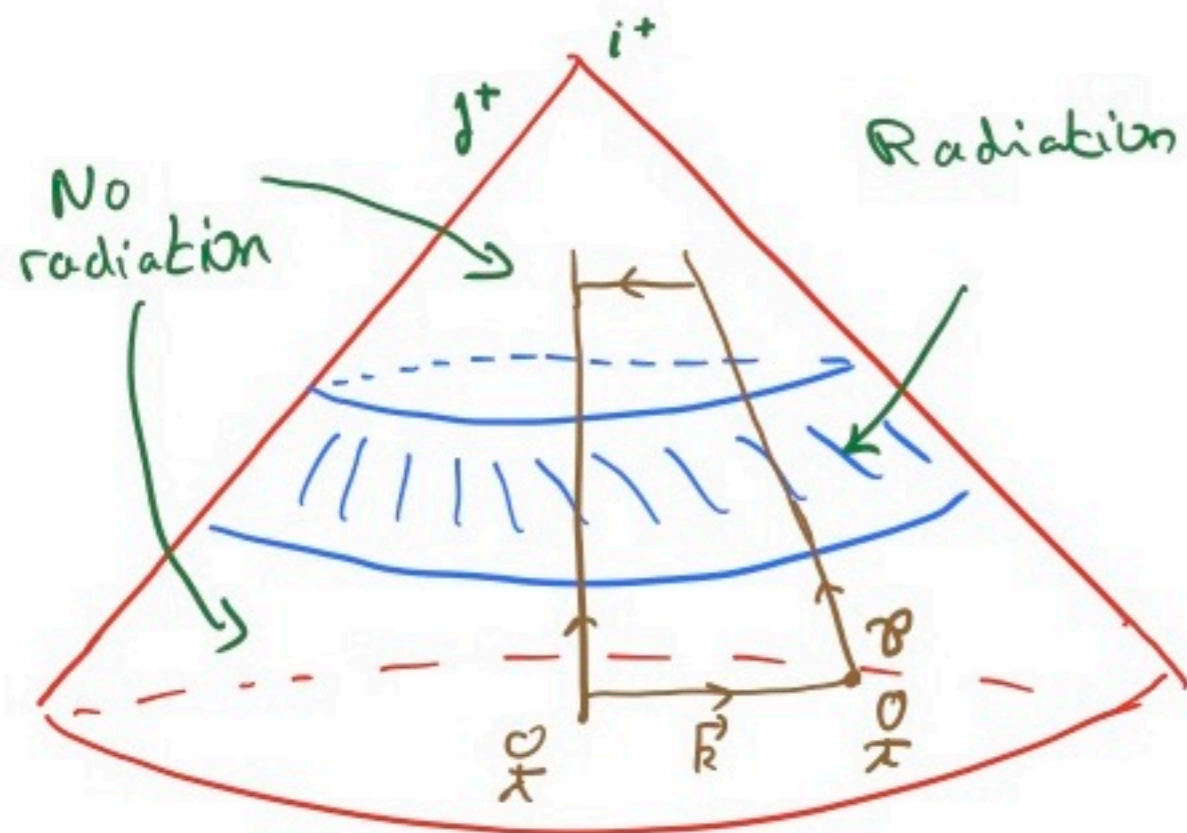
↑
Bottom
Up

G Bob
Experimentalist

Special Relativity
(or stationary GR)

Newtonian Physics

Observer Dependence of Angular Momentum Revisited



- ★ Alice measures at \mathcal{P} , near stationary region of \mathcal{I}^+
 $R_{abcd}, \nabla_a R_{bcde}, \nabla_a \nabla_b R_{cdef} \rightarrow P^a(\mathcal{P}), J^{ab}(\mathcal{P})$
- ★ Compares her measurement to Bob's via transport law
 $k^a \nabla_a P^b = \frac{1}{4} R^b_{acd} J^{cd} k^a, \quad k^a \nabla_a J^{bc} = 2P^{[b} k^{c]}$

- ★ Asymptotic consistency

$$P^a = \underbrace{O(1)}_{\text{consistent}} + \underbrace{O(\frac{1}{r})}_{\text{small errors}}$$

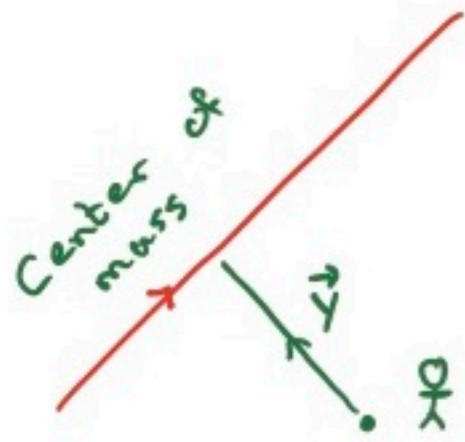
$$J^{ab} = \underbrace{O(r) + O(1)}_{\text{consistent}} + \underbrace{O(\frac{1}{r})}_{\text{small errors}}$$

- ★ Wilson-loop-like holonomy observable around closed loop

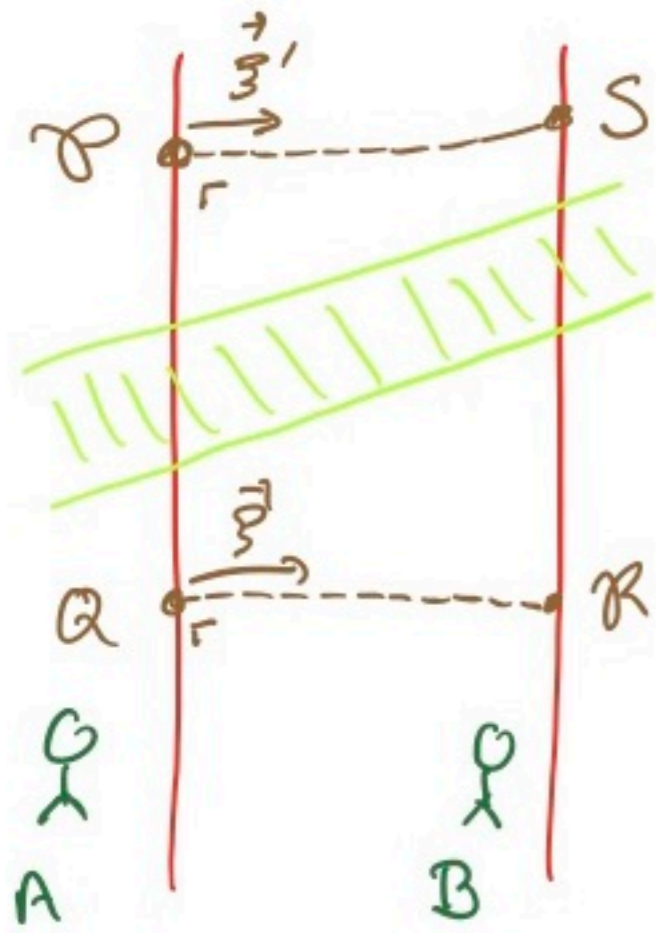
$$\begin{pmatrix} P^a \\ J^{ab} \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \Lambda^a_c & \Lambda^a_{cd} \\ \Xi^{ab}_c & \Xi^{ab}_{cd} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} P^c \\ J^{cd} \end{pmatrix}. \quad \text{Identity unless encloses radiation}$$

- ★ Must enlarge set of observables to (P^a, J^{ab}, \dots)

Relation to Gravitational wave Memories



- ★ Decompose J^{ab} as $J^{ab} = \frac{1}{M} \epsilon^{abcd} p_c S_d + 2 \gamma^{[a} p^{b]}$
- ★ Transport law with Riemann term dropped reduces to $k^a \nabla_a \gamma^b = -k^b$, $k^a \nabla_a p^b = 0$, $k^a \nabla_a S^b = 0$ whose solution is the Poincaré transformation $p^a \rightarrow \Lambda^a_b p^b$, $S^a \rightarrow \Lambda^a_b S^b$, $\gamma^a \rightarrow \Lambda^a_b \gamma^b + \Delta \gamma^a$



- ★ Poincaré transformation $(\Lambda^a_b, \Delta \gamma^a)$ encodes four types of memory
 - Displacement memory $\vec{x}' - \vec{x}$ at \mathcal{P} } $\propto \frac{1}{r}$ near \mathcal{I}^+
 - Proper time memory $\Delta \tau_A - \Delta \tau_B$ (Strominger and Zhiboedov 2014)
 - Velocity memory $\vec{u}_A(\mathcal{P}) - \vec{u}_B(S)$ (Grishchuk & Polnarev 1989)
 - Frame dragging memory, net relative rotation of gyroscopes

Four Flavours of Displacement Memory

★ General solution of geodesic deviation equation $\ddot{\xi}^i = R_{oioj} \xi^j$ is

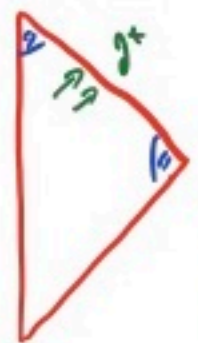
$$\xi^i(t) = \xi_0^i + v_0^i t + \Delta h_{ij} \xi_0^j + (\tilde{\Delta} h_{ij} - t \Delta h_{ij}) v_0^j$$

Leading Memory

$$\Delta h_{ij} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt \int_{-\infty}^t dt' R_{oioj}$$

★ Decompose into E modes and B modes (even/odd parity). Two measurement methods.

E mode:



$$\Delta h \sim \frac{1}{r} \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{Change in} \\ \text{Coulomb Field} \end{array} + \int_{\mathcal{I}^+} \begin{array}{l} \text{Energy} \\ \text{Flux} \end{array} \right]$$

Soft piece of charge Ordinary Memory Conserved Charge Null Memory Hard Piece of charge

B mode: No null term. Likely vanishes in vacuum. Non vanishing for general matter sources (Wald 2019)

Subleading Memory

$$\tilde{\Delta} h_{ij} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt \left[t \int_{-\infty}^t dt' R_{oioj} \right]$$

E mode: Discovered recently (Nichols 2017), "Center-of-mass memory". Sourced by flux of c.o.m. piece of angular momentum

B mode: "Spin Memory" (Pasterski, Strominger and Zhiboedov, 2015). Sourced by flux of intrinsic spin piece of angular momentum.

Top Down Approach to Symmetry Group

★ Metric near \mathcal{I}^+ in Bondi-Sachs coordinates $(u, r, \theta^1, \theta^2)$ is

$$ds^2 = -du^2 \left[1 - 2 \underbrace{\frac{m(u, \theta^A)}{r}}_{\text{Bondi mass aspect}} \right] + r^2 \left[h_{AB}(\theta^C) + \frac{1}{r} \underbrace{C_{AB}(u, \theta^C)}_{\text{Shear tensor}} \right]$$

$$+ \left[\mathcal{D}^B C_{AB} + \frac{4}{3r} \underbrace{N_B(u, \theta^A)}_{\text{Angular momentum aspect}} + \frac{c^2}{r} \right] du d\theta^A + \dots$$

★ BMS symmetries

Supertranslation

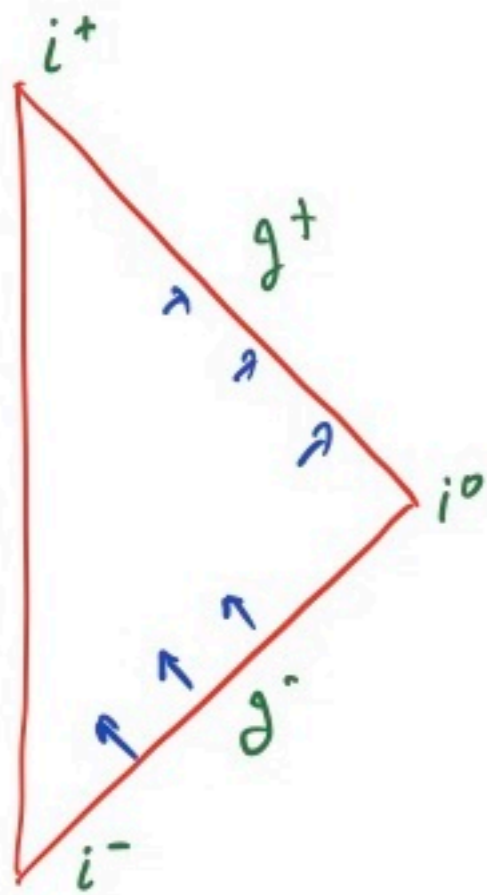
$$u \rightarrow u + \alpha(\theta^B) + \frac{1}{2} u \mathcal{D}_A \gamma^A + O\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)$$

$$\theta^A \rightarrow \theta^A + \underbrace{\gamma^A(\theta^B)}_{\text{Conformal Killing Vector - 6 parameters}} + O\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)$$

★ Extended BMS Algebra ???

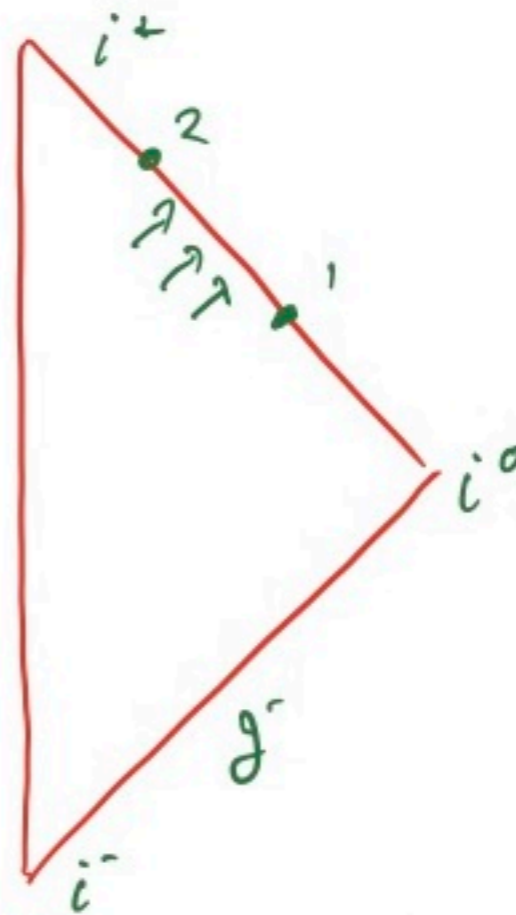
- Allow γ^A to be a singular conformal Killing vector, called superrotation (Baerisch & Troessaert 2010)
- Allow $\gamma^A(\theta^B)$ to be any smooth diffeomorphism of the two-sphere (Campaglia and Laddha 2014)

Two Types of Conservation Laws



★ Global conservation law which constrains scattering

$$\int_{\mathcal{I}^-} (\text{flux}) = \int_{\mathcal{I}^+} (\text{flux})$$



★ Localized conservation law

$$Q_2 - Q_1 = \int_{1 \rightarrow 2} (\text{flux})$$

Status of Charges and Conservation Laws

Supermomentum

m

Supertranslation

Energy cons. at every angle

Ashtekar 1981

Conjectured (special case Strominger 2015)

Change in charge is ordinary piece of leading order, E mode memory

Superspin

N_A (B mode)

Superrotation (B mode)

Spin cons. at every angle

Pasterski et. al. 2015

Conjectured (special case Pasterski et. al. 2015)

Change in charge is ordinary piece of spin memory

Super Center-of-mass (soft hair)

N_A (E mode)

Superrot. (B mode)

C.O.M. cons at every angle

Flanagan & Nichols 2016

Conjectured

Change in charge is ordinary piece of C.O.M. memory

Connection to Noether's theorem?

Conclusions

- ★ Our understanding of asymptotic charges and symmetries in general relativity has deepened over the past several years.
- ★ Even within the realm of classical physics, there are open issues and puzzles to be resolved.