

B-jet production at the LHC using PBTMD

2020 REF Workshop

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OUTLINE

- PBTMD method
 - DGLAP evolution solution
 - Transverse momentum dependence
 - PB-TMD, TMD shower & MCatNLO: $Z + b$ jets
- $Z + b$ jet production at LHC (4FL and 5FL) (8TeV CMS measurement)
[arXiv:1611.06507](https://arxiv.org/abs/1611.06507)
 - Z pT spectrum for $Z+b$ and $Z+bb$
 - Leading b-jet and subleading b-jet spectrum $Z+b$ and $Z+bb$
 - $\Delta\phi(Z, b)$: sensitivity to initial state kT
 - $\Delta\phi(b, b)$: sensitivity to TMD initial state shower

PB-TMD : DGLAP evolution solution

$$f(x, \mu^2) = f(x, \mu_0^2) \Delta_s(\mu^2) + \int \frac{dz}{z} \int \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \frac{\Delta_s(\mu^2)}{\Delta_s(\mu'^2)} P^{(R)}(z) f\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu'^2\right)$$

- Solve integral equation via iteration:

$$f_0(x, \mu^2) = f(x, \mu_0^2) \Delta_s(\mu^2)$$

Branching at μ'

from μ_0 to μ'
w/o branching

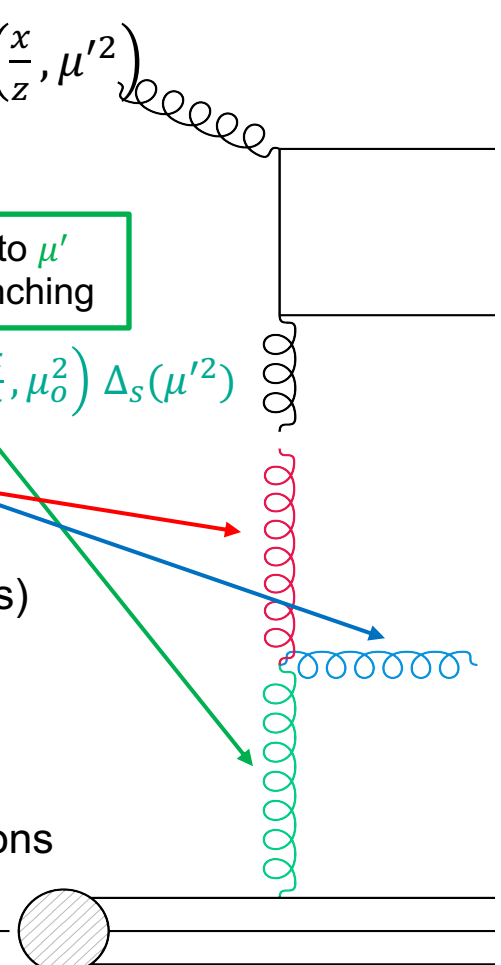
$$f_1(x, \mu^2) = f(x, \mu_0^2) \Delta_s(\mu^2) + \int_{\mu_0^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \frac{\Delta_s(\mu^2)}{\Delta_s(\mu'^2)} \int \frac{dz}{z} P^{(R)}(z) f\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu_0^2\right) \Delta_s(\mu'^2)$$

from μ' to μ
w/o branching

- $P^{(R)}(z)$ real emission probability (without virtual terms)
- z_M introduced to separate real from virtual and non-emission probability.
- reproduces DGLAP up to $\mathcal{O}(1 - z_M)$

- Make use of momentum sum rule to treat virtual corrections
 - Sudakov for non-resolvable and virtual corrections

$$\Delta_a(z_M, \mu^2, \mu_0^2) = \exp \left(- \sum_b \int_{\mu_0^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \int_0^{z_M} dz P_{ab}^{(R)}(\alpha_s, z) \right)$$



PB-TMD : Transverse Momentum Dependence

- PB-TMD obtained from NLO fit to inclusive HERA data
 - parameters of collinear initial distribution obtained
 - intrinsic Gauss distribution with:

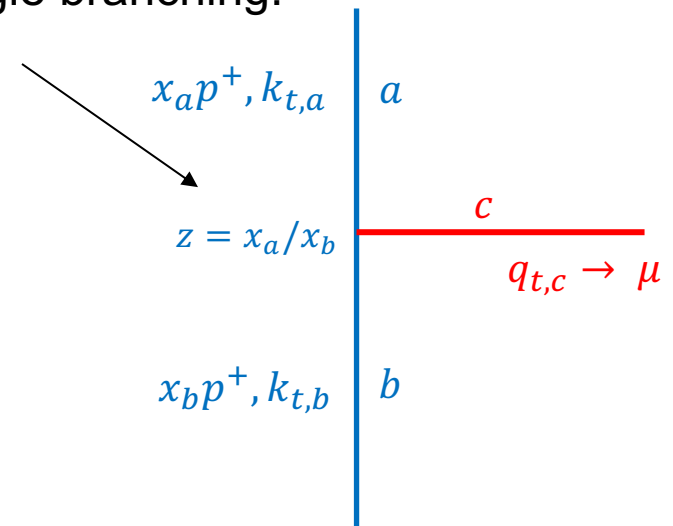
$$\mathcal{A}_{0,b}(x, k_T^2, \mu_0^2) = f_{0,b}(x, \mu_0^2) \exp(-|k_T^2|/2\sigma^2) / (2\pi\sigma^2)$$

constrained width $\sigma^2 = q_s^2/2$ of Gauss distribution (default $q_s = 0.5 \text{ GeV}$)

- Parton Branching evolution generates every single branching:
 - kinematics can be calculated at every step

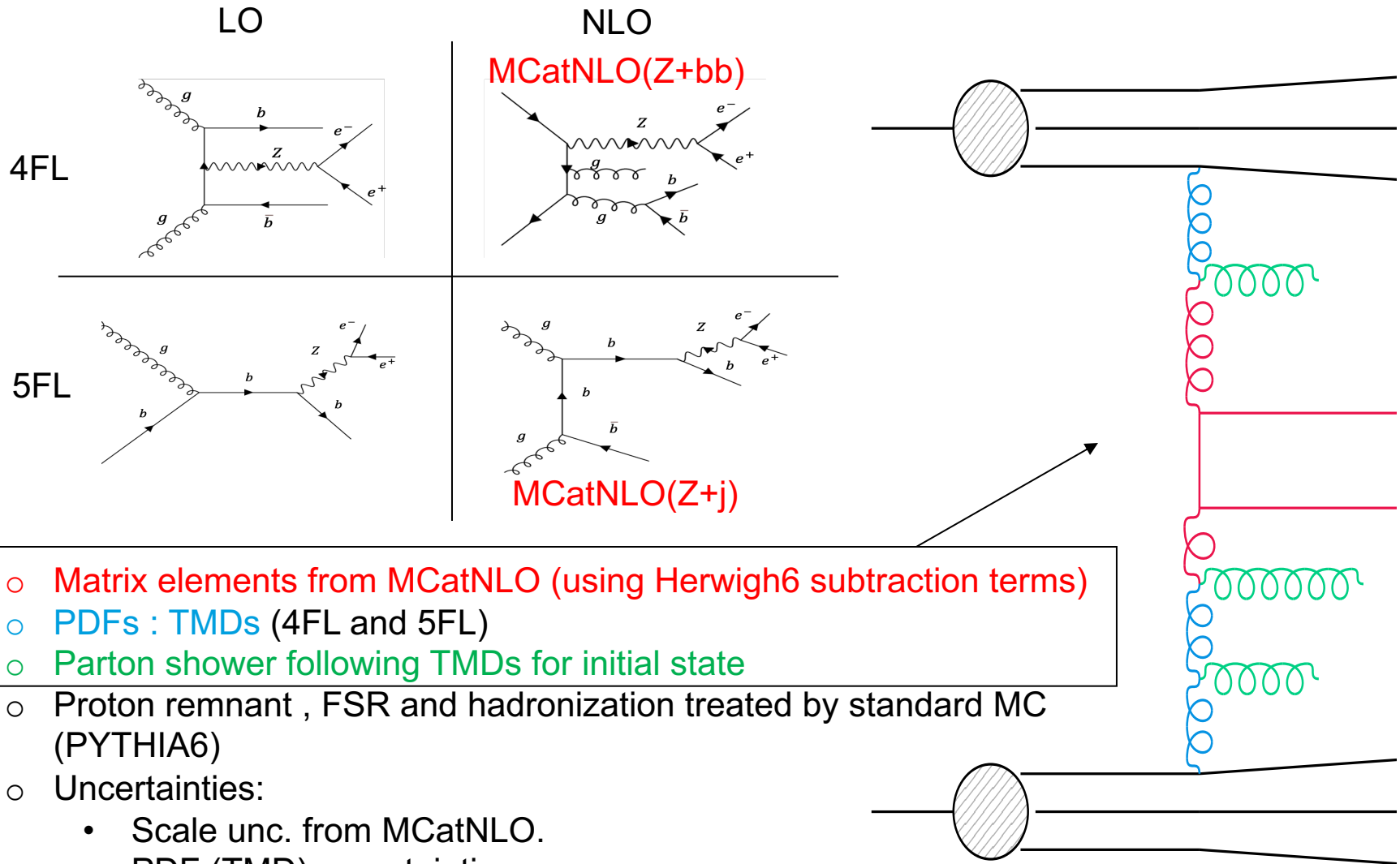
- Give physics interpretation of evolution scale:
 - angular ordering: $\mu = q_T/(1-z)$

- **No further free parameters !**



- [1] [10.1007/JHEP01\(2018\)070](https://arxiv.org/abs/1708.03279v1) , arXiv:1708.03279v1
- [2] [10.1016/j.physletb.2017.07.005](https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.01757) , arXiv:1704.01757
- [3] [10.1103/PhysRevD.99.074008](https://arxiv.org/abs/1804.11152) , arXiv:1804.11152

PB-TMD, TMD shower & MCatNLO: $Z + b$ jets



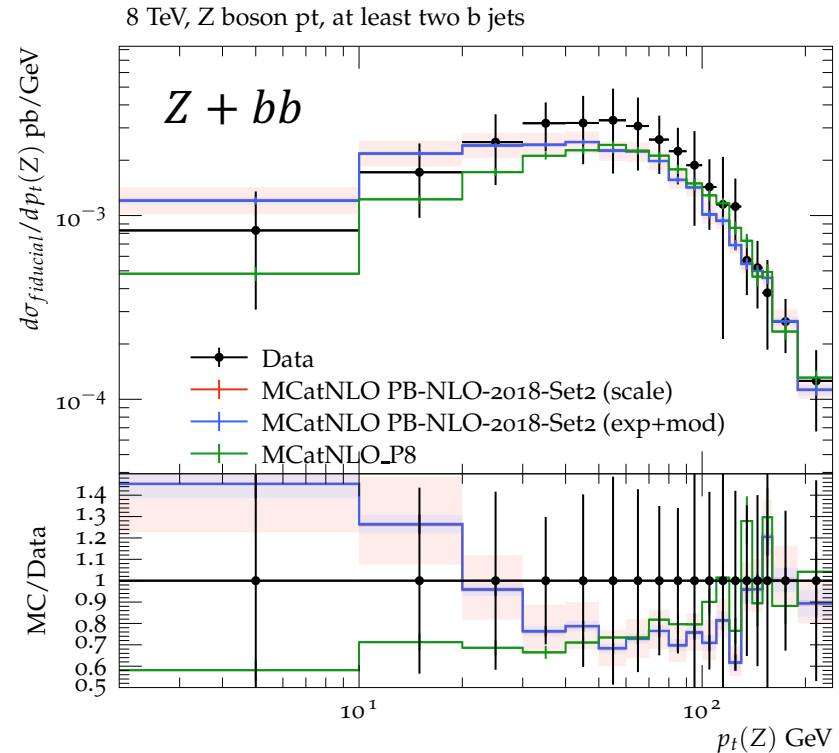
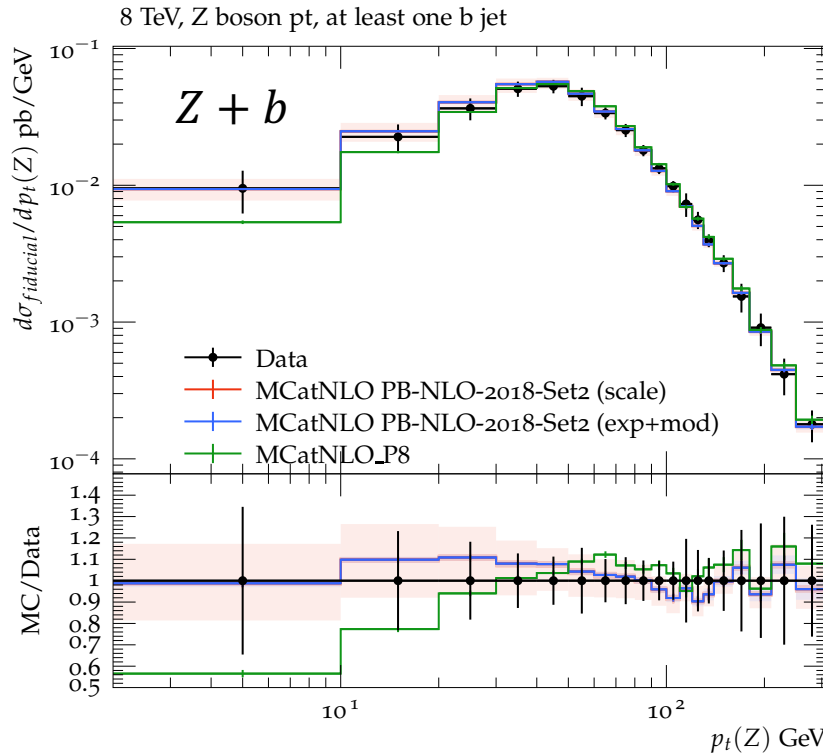
- Matrix elements from MCatNLO (using Herwigh6 subtraction terms)
- PDFs : TMDs (4FL and 5FL)
- Parton shower following TMDs for initial state
- Proton remnant , FSR and hadronization treated by standard MC (PYTHIA6)
- Uncertainties:
 - Scale unc. from MCatNLO.
 - PDF (TMD) uncertainties.

Z pT spectrum for Z+b and Z+bb (5FL)

❖ Phase space cuts:

- **Leptons** : $|\eta| < 2.4$, $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $71 \text{ GeV} < m_{ll} < 111 \text{ GeV}$
- **Jets** : anti- k_T , $R = 0.5$, $|\eta| < 2.4$, b-Hadron $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$

Data points in this presentation from
8TeV Z+bjet CMS measurement
[arXiv:1611.06507](https://arxiv.org/abs/1611.06507)

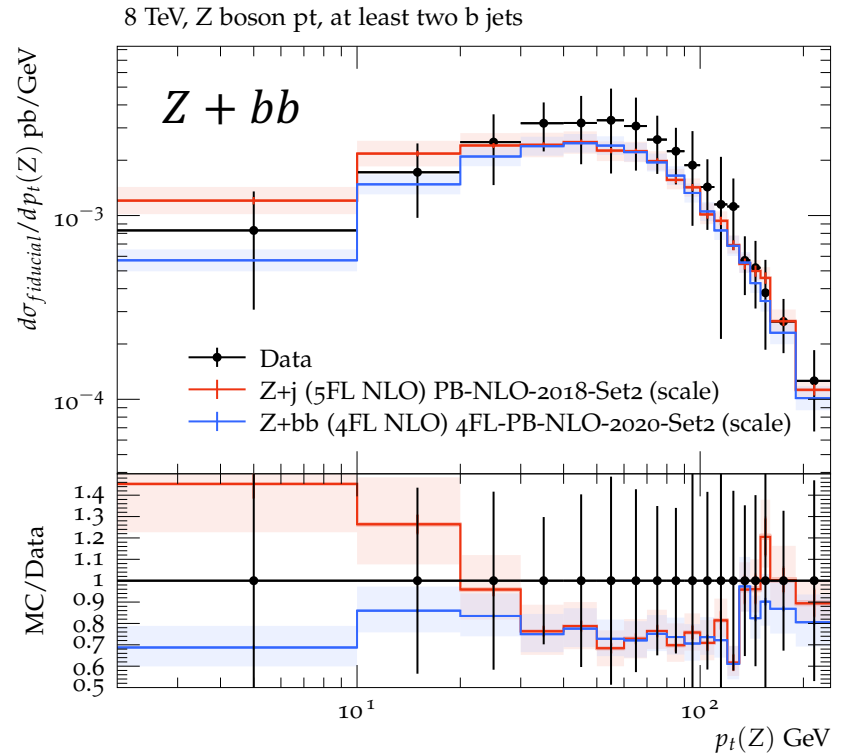
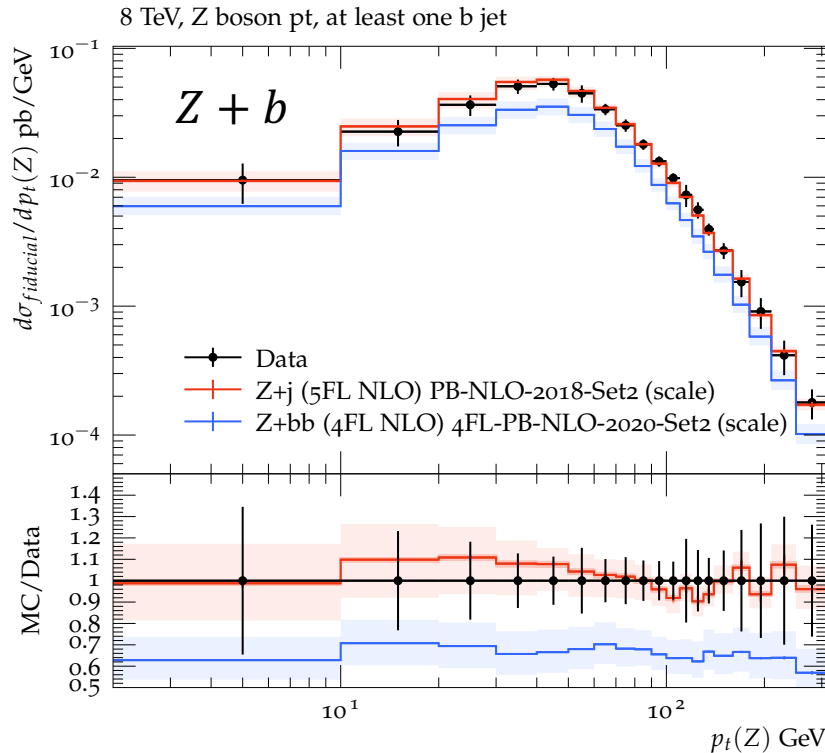


- PB-TMD shows better description (wrt. P8) at low p_T from PB-TMD in $Z + b$.
- Scale uncertainty dominates (red band).

Z pT spectrum for Z+b and Z+bb (5FL vs 4FL)

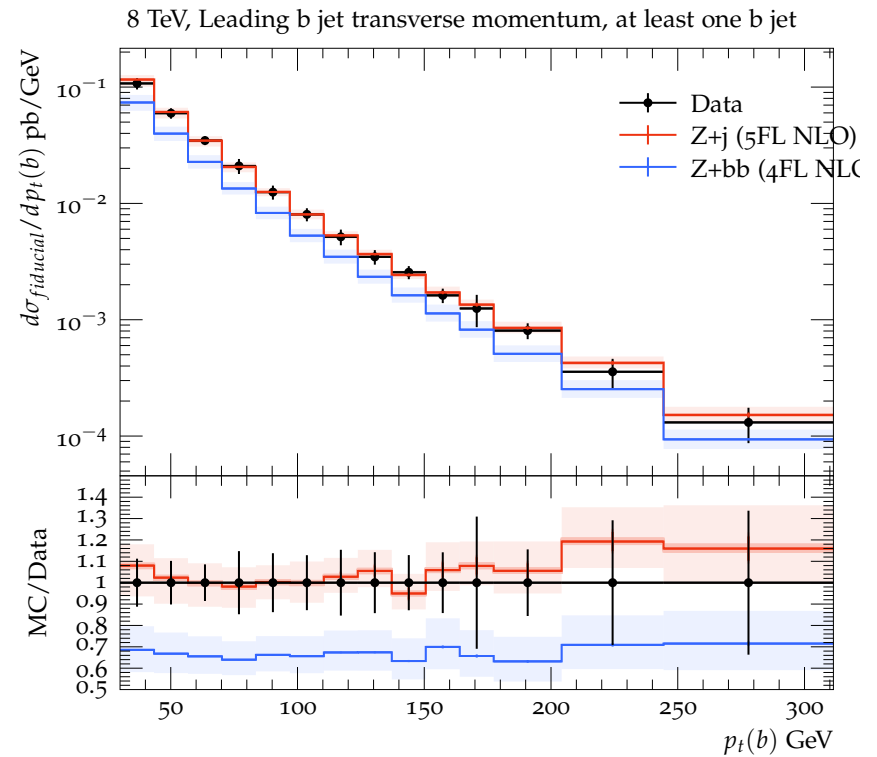
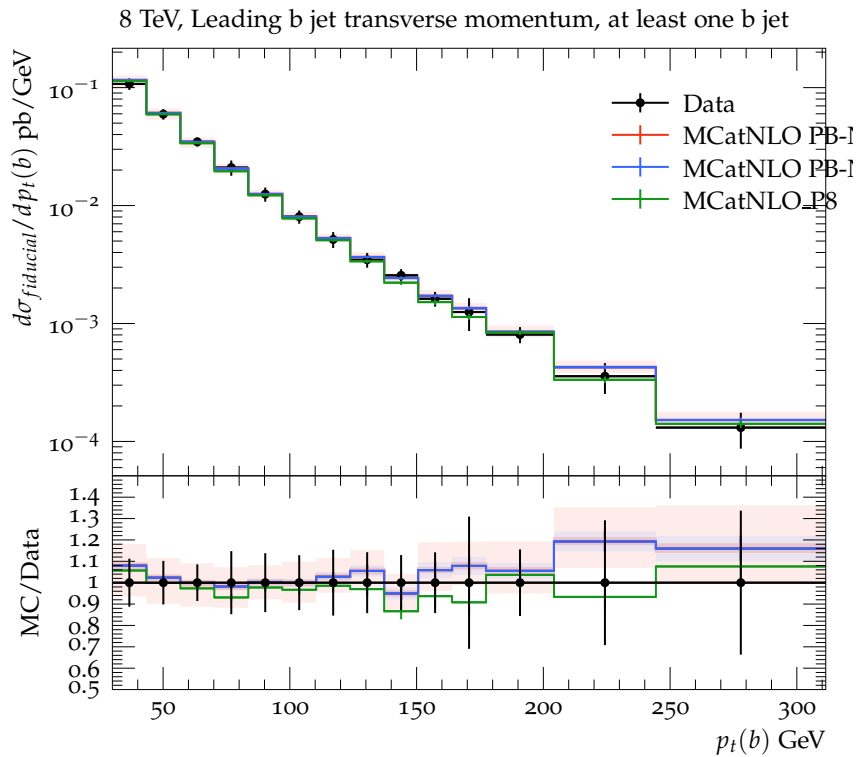
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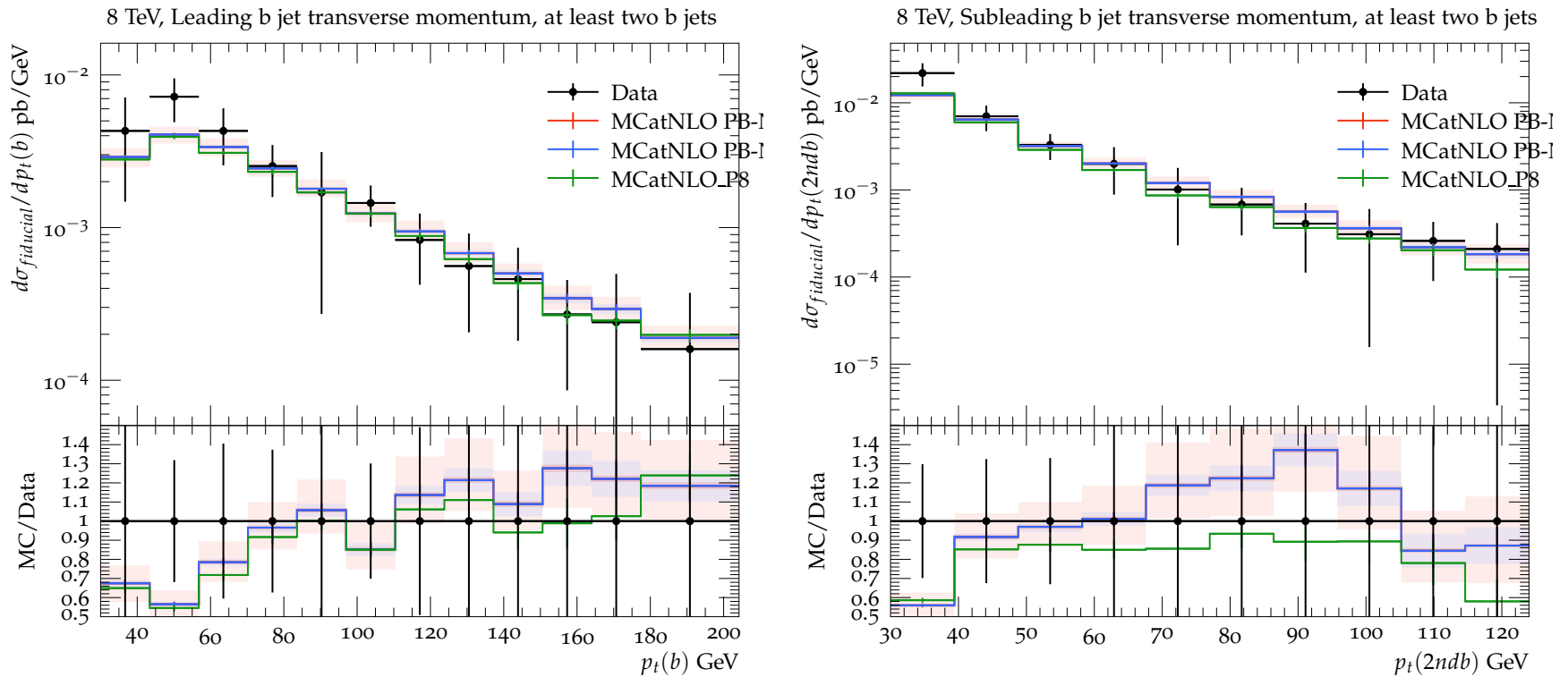
- 4FL shows a deficit in the description of $Z + b$ data.
- 4FL and 5FL schemes agree within uncertainties in the description of $Z + bb$ data.
- Scale uncertainty is shown (red and blue band).

Leading b-jet pT for Z+b (4FL vs 5FL)



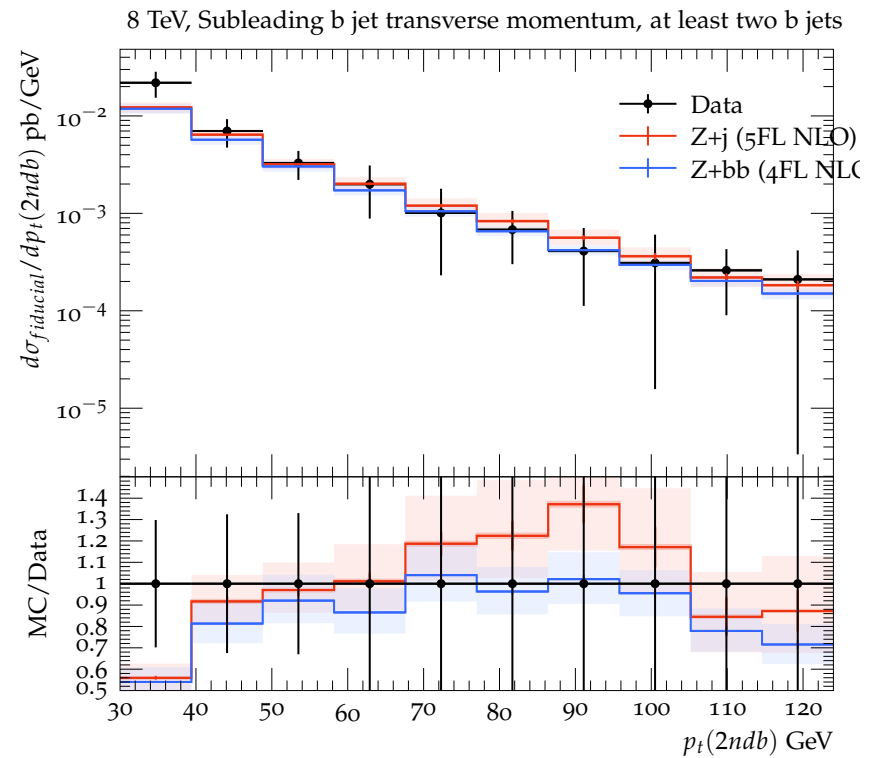
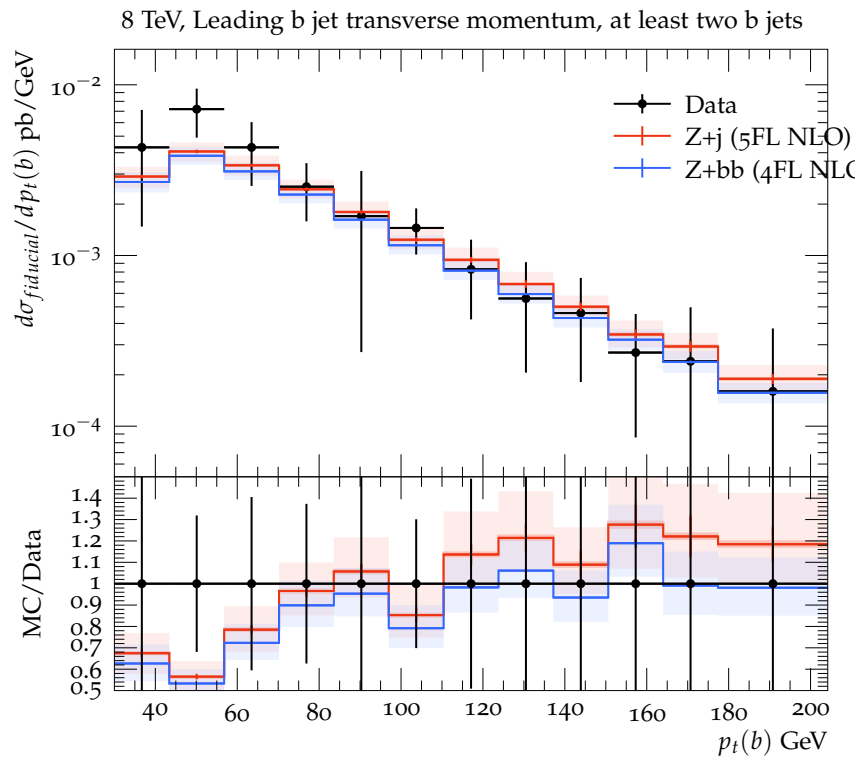
- Good description from **5FL PB-TMD** and **Pythia8** (left plot).
- **4FL PBTMD** calculation around 30% below data and prediction mainly due to missing contribution from TMD b-quark content.

Leading and subleading b-jet pT for Z+bb (5FL)



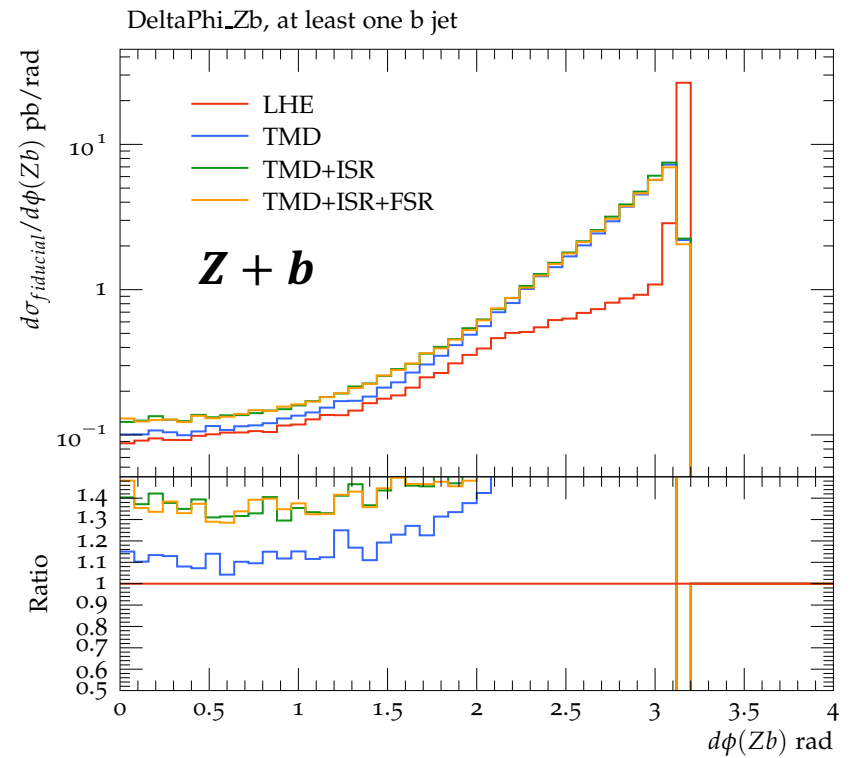
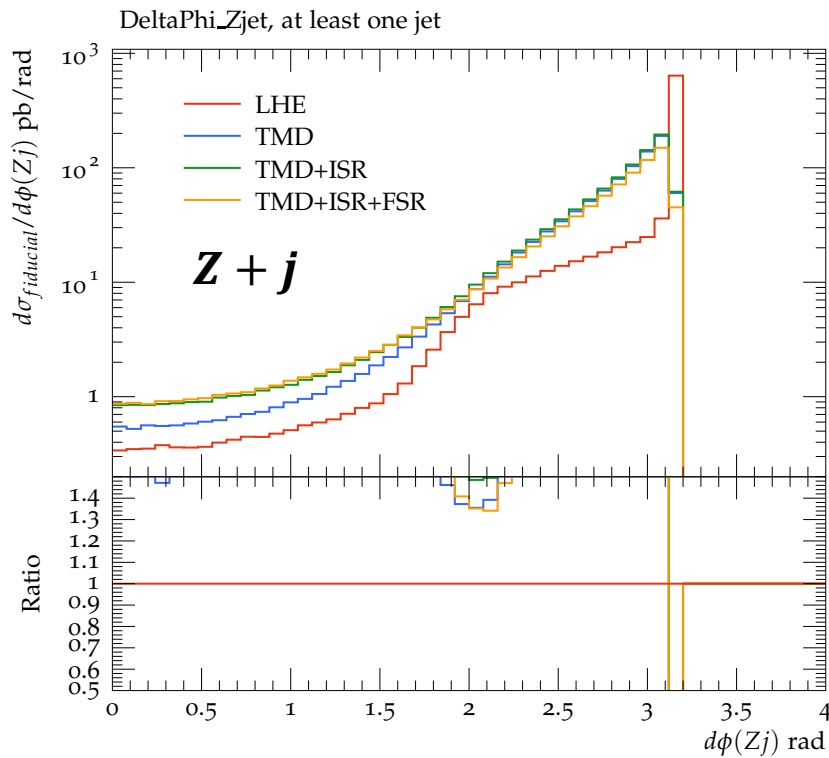
- Consistent descriptions from **PB-TMD** and **P8**.
- Scale uncertainty dominates (**red band**) over experimental uncertainty (**blue band**).

Leading and subleading b-jet pT Z+ bb (4FL vs 5FL)



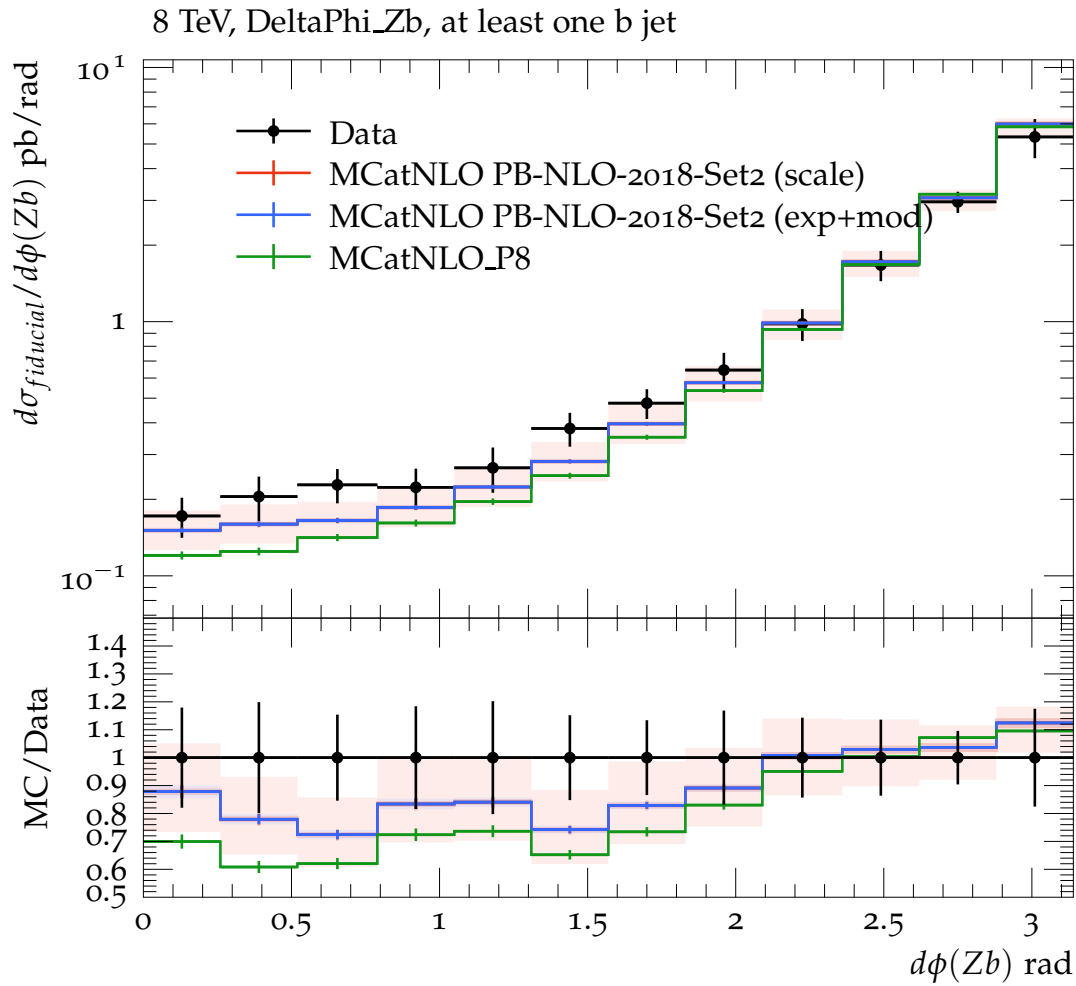
- Consistent descriptions from PB-TMDs 4FL and 5FL approaches.
- Scale uncertainty show as a band.

$Z + b \Delta\phi$: sensitivity to initial state kT



- **TMD** is clearly important at large $\Delta\phi$ specially in $Z + b$.
- **ISR** (TMD space shower) only small effect at small $\Delta\phi$ on top of **TMD**.
- **FSR** (Pythia6 time shower) almost no effect on top of **TMD** and **ISR**.

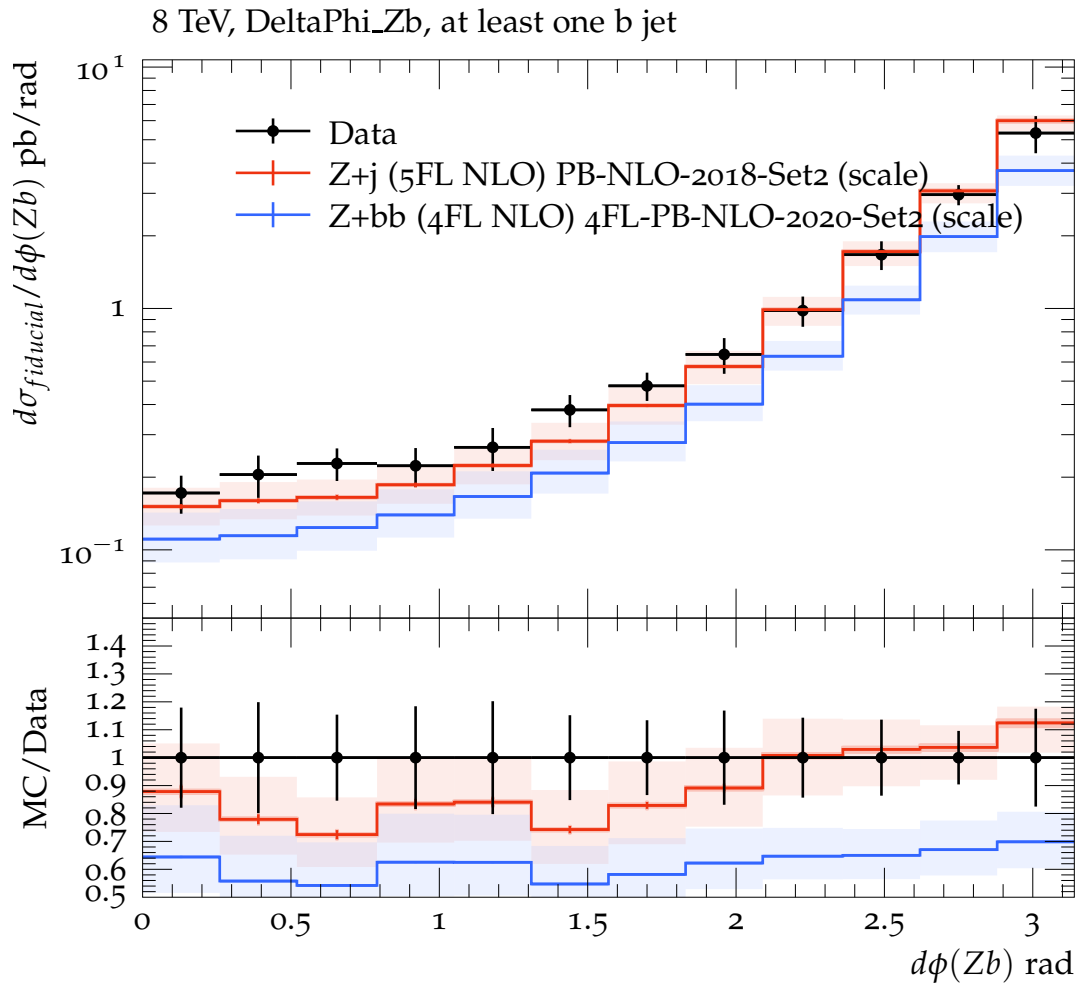
Z + b $\Delta\phi$: comparison to measurement



- Good description in the back-to-back region where TMD effects are relevant.
- Decorrelation comes essentially from the kT in the initial evolution.
- Initial and final showers are less important (see previous slides)
- Distribution essentially determined from PBTMD evolution.

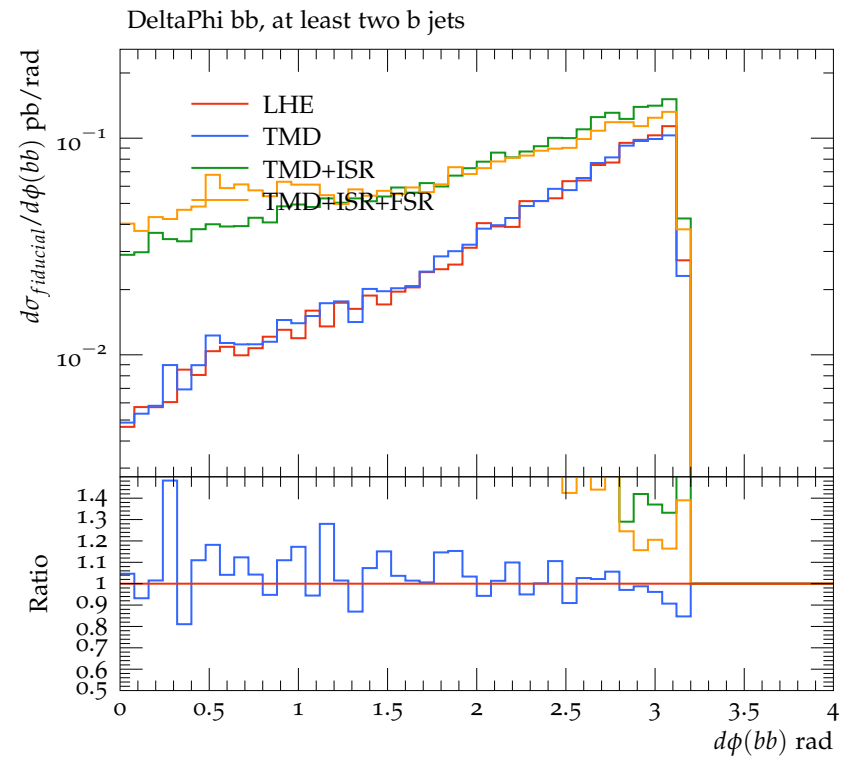
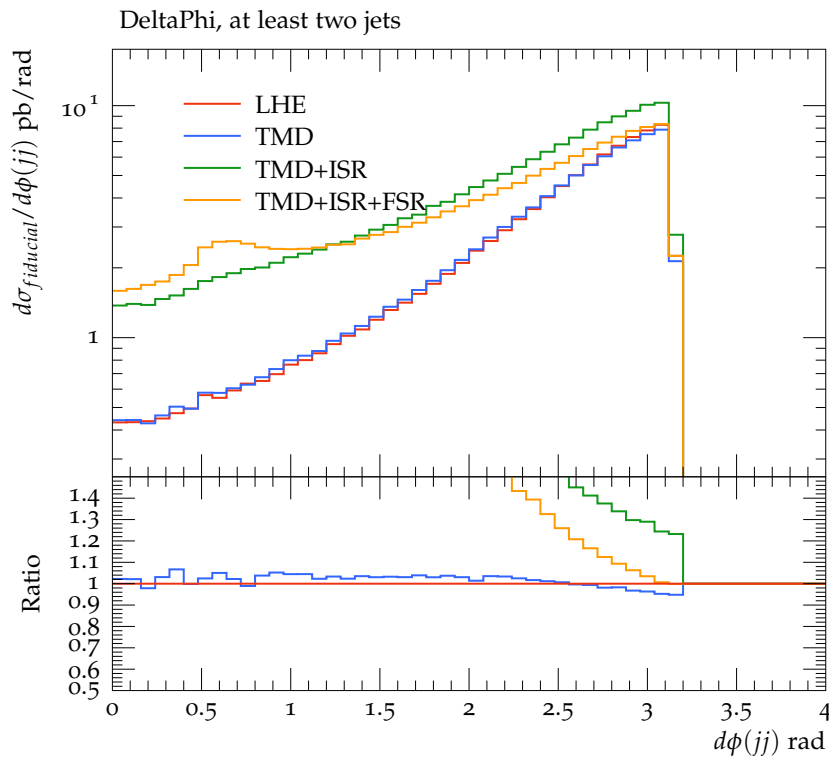
Z + b-jet correlation tests TMD

Z + b $\Delta\phi$: comparison to measurement



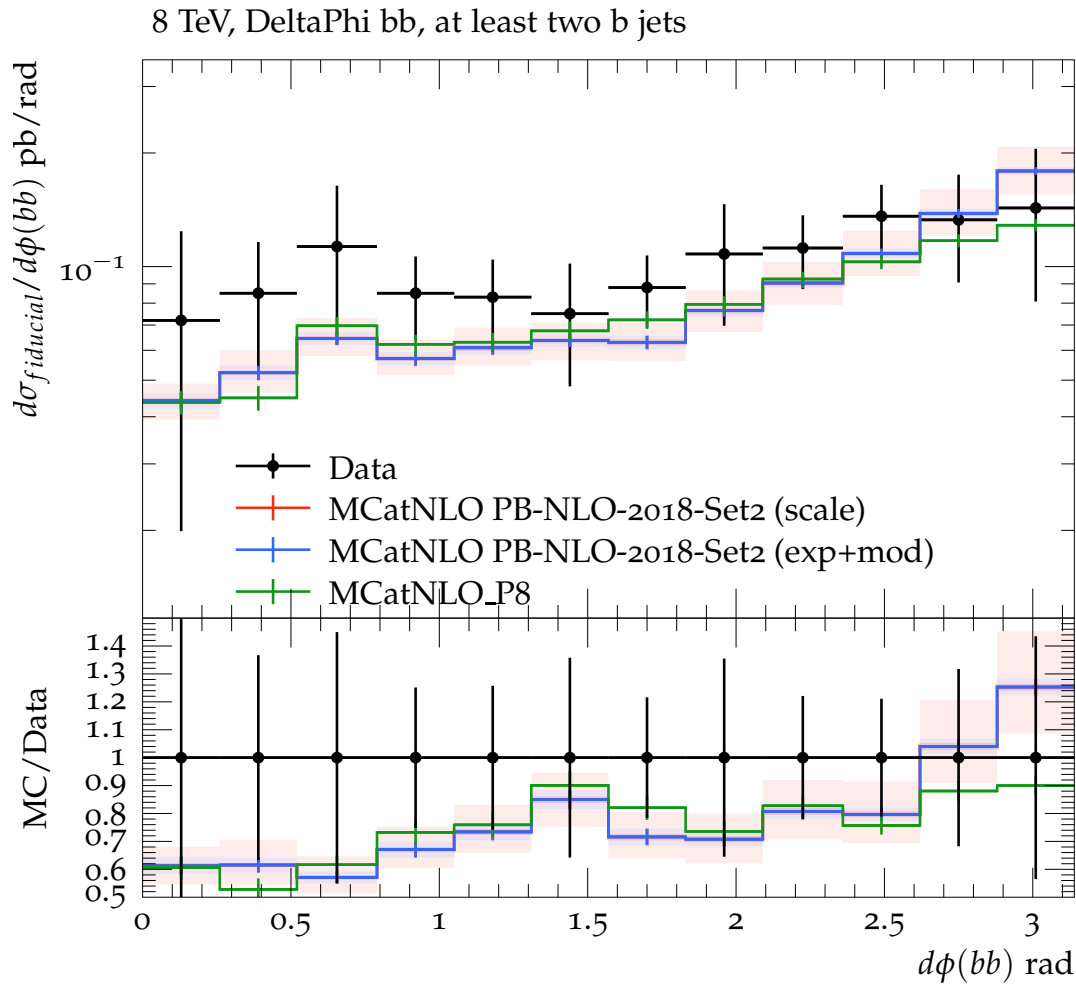
- Good description in the back-to-back region where TMD effects are relevant.
- Decorrelation comes essentially from the k_T in the initial evolution.
- From the difference between the predictions (5FL and 4FL) we can clearly see the contribution from the b-quark content of the proton.
- Scale uncertainty dominates.

Z + bb : sensitivity TMD initial state shower



- **TMD** has almost no effect.
- **ISR** (TMD initial state shower) has a large effect on top of **TMD**.
- **FSR** (Pythia6 time shower) significant at small $\Delta\phi$ on top of **TMD** and **ISR**.

Z + bb : Comparison to data (5FL)

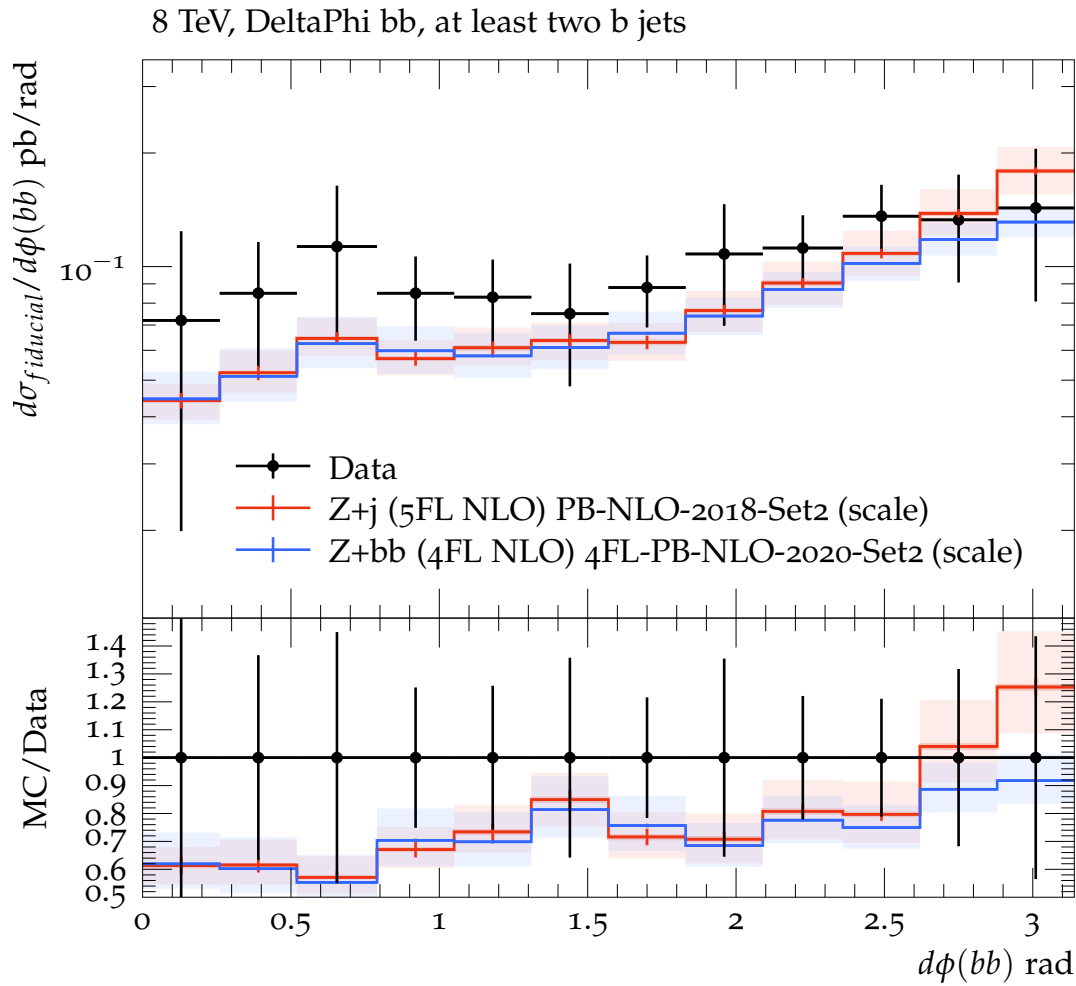


- Good description in the back-to-back region where TMD effects are relevant.
- Decorrelation comes essentially from the kT in the initial evolution.
- Space shower (ISR) is important
- Time shower (FSR) only at small $\Delta\phi(bb)$
- Scale uncertainty dominates.

Sensitive to b-quark TMD density and b-quark TMD shower

bb correlation tests space shower

Z + bb : Comparison to data (4FL vs 5FL)



- Good description in the back-to-back region where TMD effects are relevant.
- Decorrelation comes essentially from the kT in the initial evolution.
- Nice consistency between **5FL** and **4FL** schemes since this measurement is mainly sensitive to ISR.

Conclusions

- New application to Z + b jets with PBTMD 4FL and 5FL scheme.
- Distributions well described (scale uncertainty dominates over experimental uncertainties)
- Regions of sensitivity to TMD and space shower identified:
 - B-quark TMD density AND b-quark TMD shower.
- Z + b jets interesting analysis for studying initial state parton radiation in very detail: TMDs and TMD showers.

Thank you

BACKUP : DGLAP evolution solution

- Differential form of DGLAP equation:

$$\mu^2 \frac{\partial f(x, \mu^2)}{\partial \mu^2} = \int \frac{dz}{z} \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} P_+(z) f\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu'^2\right)$$

$$\Delta_s(\mu^2) = \exp\left(-\int^{z_M} dz \int_{\mu_0^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} P^{(R)}(z)\right)$$

- Then using f / Δ_s in the differential DGLAP we can get the integral form:

$$f(x, \mu^2) = f(x, \mu_0^2) \Delta_s(\mu^2) + \int \frac{dz}{z} \int \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \frac{\Delta_s(\mu^2)}{\Delta_s(\mu'^2)} P^{(R)}(z) f\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu'^2\right)$$

BACK UP: DGLAP evolution solution

$$f(x, \mu^2) = f(x, \mu_0^2) \Delta_S(\mu^2) + \int \frac{dz}{z} \int \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \frac{\Delta_S(\mu^2)}{\Delta_S(\mu'^2)} P^{(R)}(z) f\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu'^2\right)$$

- Solve integral equation via iteration:

$$f_0(x, \mu^2) = f(x, \mu_0^2) \Delta_S(\mu^2)$$

$$f_1(x, \mu^2) = f(x, \mu_0^2) \Delta_S(\mu^2) + \int_{\mu_0^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \frac{\Delta_S(\mu^2)}{\Delta_S(\mu'^2)} \int \frac{dz}{z} P^{(R)}(z) f\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu_0^2\right) \Delta_S(\mu'^2)$$

from μ' to μ
w/o branching

Branching at μ'

from μ_0 to μ'
w/o branching

